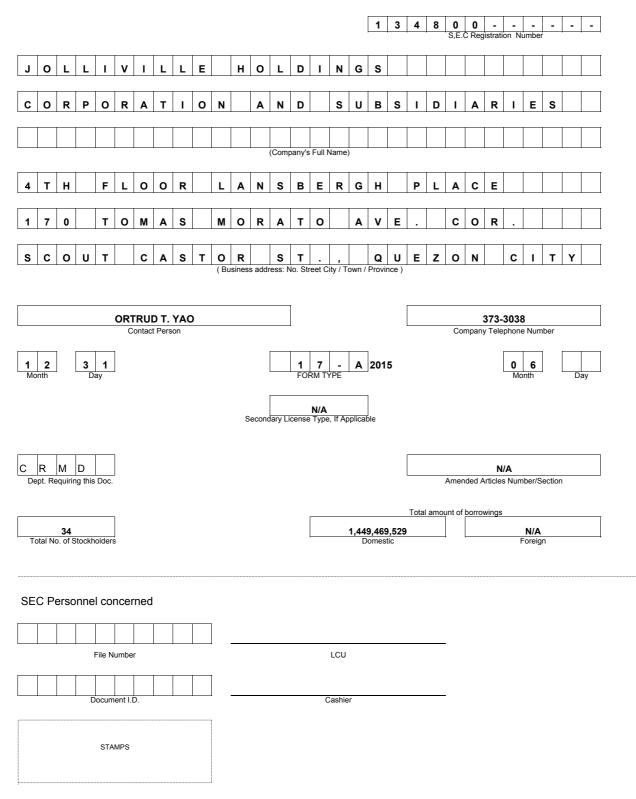
COVER SHEET



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-A

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

1.	For the calendar year ended December 31, 2015				
2.	SEC Identification Number 134800 3. B	R Tax Identification No. 000-590-608-000			
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter	OLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION			
5.	PHILIPPINES6.Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization6.	(SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:			
7.	4/F 20 Lansbergh Place 170 Tomas Morato Ave., corner Scout Castor St. Quezon City Address of principal office	1103 Postal Code			
8.	(632) 373-3038 Issuer's telephone number, including area code				
9.	Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.				
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 1	2 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 and 8 of the RSA			
	Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding			
	Common Stock, ₽1 par value	281,500,000 shares			
11.	Are any or all of these securities listed on a Stock	Exchange.			
	Yes [X] No []				
	If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE	the classes of securities listed therein: COMMON STOCK			
12.	Check whether the issuer:				

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17.1 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [**X**] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [] No [X]

13. Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates is: ₱356,648,572 as of December 31, 2015 and ₱481,957,530 as of March 31, 2016.

PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Business

(1) Business Development

Originally incorporated as a realty company in September 1986 by the Ting family, the Company underwent a transformation to that of a holding company on April 15, 1999 after securing Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approval for the change in its primary purpose. Subsequently, on May 4, 1999, the SEC approved the increase in capitalization of Jolliville Holdings Corporation ("JOH" or "the Company"). The authorized capital stock of the Company was increased from 30,000 shares with a par value of ₱100 per share to 1 billion shares with a new par value of ₱1 per share. To date, 281.5 million common shares are issued and fully paid.

After this transformation into a holding company, JOH acquired the entire capital stock of its affiliates namely, Jolliville Group Management, Inc. ("JGMI"), Jollideal Marketing Corporation ("JMC"), Ormina Realty and Development Corporation ("ORDC"), Jolliville Leisure and Resort Corporation ("JLRC"), Granville Ventures, Inc. ("GVI"), and Ormin Holdings Corporation ("OHC"). It acquired the foregoing companies through the assignment of shares of stock, which was paid for in cash to members of the Ting Family who held ownership in the former prior to JOH's acquisition.

JGMI was incorporated on March 9, 1994 and at present, has an authorized capital stock of 10 million divided into 100,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100 per share. On December 18, 2013, the Board of Directors of JGMI declared cash dividends amounting to ₱28.09 million. Likewise, on December 16, 2015, JGMI declared cash dividends in the amount of ₱20 million or 100,000 shares at ₱200 per share. To date, five million common shares of JGMI are issued and fully paid.

ORDC was incorporated on April 22, 1997 with an authorized capital stock of ₱200 million divided into 200 million common shares, with a par value of ₱1 per share. The Board of Directors of ORDC has declared cash dividends out of 2014 retained earnings amounting to ₱40 million on December 16, 2014. To date, 64,227,236 common shares of the corporation are subscribed and ₱87,977,236 has been received as payment on subscription inclusive of additional paid-in capital of ₱23,750,000.

JLRC was incorporated on March 20, 1995, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₽20 million divided into 200,000 common shares, with a par value of ₽100 per share. To date, 5 million common shares are issued and fully paid.

JMC was incorporated on April 10, 1999 with an authorized capital stock of ₱2 million divided into 20,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100 per share. To date, 10,000 common shares are issued and fully paid.

OHC was incorporated on March 1, 1994 with an authorized capital stock of ₱50 million divided into 500,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100 per share. Currently, 361,630 common shares are subscribed and ₱16,540,750 have been received as payment on subscription.

Granville Ventures, Inc. ("GVI") was incorporated on March 19, 2001 with an initial authorized capital stock of ₽1 million divided into 1 million common shares, with a par value of ₽1 per share. To date, 500 thousand common shares are subscribed and fully paid.

Servwell BPO International Inc. ("Servwell" or "SBI") was incorporated on May 19, 2009 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of JOH primarily to design, implement, and operate certain business processes; to assist companies in running their accounting units; to provide receivables and payables processing, billings and collections, treasury, escrow and other related services; to provide provident fund accounting; and to provide human-resource related processes. It has an authorized capital stock of ± 5 million divided into 5 million common shares with a par value of $\neq 1$ a share.

Servwell has declared cash dividends of ₱11.91 million, as approved by the members of the board on December 18, 2013. On December 2, 2015, SBI declared another cash dividend out of the retained earnings as of November 30, 2015. To date, all SBI shares have been fully subscribed to and paid for.

Calapan Waterworks Corporation ("CWWC" or "Calapan Water") was incorporated on May 23, 1991, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₱200 million divided into 200 million common shares, with a par value of ₱1 per share. As of December 31, 2015, 118,331,139 common shares of Calapan Water are subscribed and ₱289,742,310 have been received as payment for these subscriptions. The total payment received by Calapan Water consisted of additional paid in capital of its parent company (H2O) in the amount of ₱171,411,171.

On November 24, 2014, Calapan Water's Board of Directors approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱101,007,839 or ₱1 per common share, out of the unrestricted retained earnings as of October 2014. The dividends were distributed to stockholders of record as of November 24, 2014 on December 8, 2014. On January 31, 2015, H2O subscribed to 16,781,000 additional shares in Calapan Water.

Philippine H2O Ventures Corporation ("H2O") was incorporated on January 30, 2009 under its original name "Calapan Equity Ventures, Inc." primarily as an investment holding company. On December 23, 2009, the SEC approved the amendment of the Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws of H2O changing (i) its name from "Calapan Equity Ventures, Inc." to "Calapan Ventures, Inc." and (ii) its primary purpose from a holding company to one that is engaged in the business of trading, processing, assembling, manufacturing and/or fabricating and exporting and importing, and dealing in goods, materials, merchandise, commodities, minerals, metals and real and personal properties of every kind, class and description. It performed the function as a holding company as a secondary purpose.

Upon its incorporation on January 30, 2009, H2O had an authorized capital stock of \pm 200,000,000 divided into 200,000,000 common shares with a par value of One Peso (\pm 1.00) per share. As of December 31, 2014, the issued and outstanding capital stock of H2O consisted of 162,161,000 common shares.

On October 9, 2013, H2O stopped its trading business following years of losses in 2011 and 2012.

On July 16, 2014, H2O filed its application for Amended Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws with the SEC changing (i) its corporate name from "Calapan Ventures Inc." to "Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.", (ii) its primary purpose from "trading" to a "holding company", (iii) the date of its annual stockholders' meeting from the "last Friday of June" to "every 3rd Wednesday of June". The SEC has approved the changes and issued a certificate of filing of amended articles of incorporation and By-Laws on August 18, 2014.

A 50% stock dividend corresponding to 81,080,500 shares was declared and approved during the board of directors' meeting held on May 20, 2015 and was confirmed, ratified, and approved in the annual stockholders' meeting of the Company on June 17, 2015. Relative to the declaration of stock dividend, H2O filed an increase of authorized capital stock in the amount of ₱300 million and it was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 5, 2015. The Commission also authorized the issuance of 81,080,500 common shares with ₱1.00 par value or ₱81,080,500 through SEC Order dated October 20, 2015 to cover stock dividends declared by its Board of Directors. The record and payment dates were set by the Commission to November 4, 2015 and December 1, 2015, respectively. Simultaneous to H2O's application for an increase, the Company filed with the Philippine Stock Exchange an application for listing of the 81,080,504 shares, inclusive of four (4) fractional shares, and this was likewise approved on December 2015. Currently, H2O has ₱243,241,504 issued and outstanding common shares out of its 500,000,000 authorized capital stock.

To date, H2O directly owns 99.27% of Calapan Waterworks Corporation.

Ormin Power Inc. ("OPI") was incorporated on April 27, 2009 to provide power generation and electricity supply services to distribution utilities, including but not limited to, electric cooperatives; to install, build, own, lease, maintain or operate power generation facilities, using fossil fuel, natural gas, or renewable energy; and to engage in any and all acts which may be necessary, or convenient, in the furtherance of such power generation services. JOH effectively became owner of 60% of OPI's outstanding capital stock in November 2010. As of December 31, 2012, OPI's authorized capital stood at ₱120 million consisting of 120 million shares with a par value of ₱1 per share. Subscribed and paid-up capital amounted to ₱80 million.

On March 15, 2014, OPI's authorized capital stock increased to ₱466 million divided into 466 million common shares with a par value ₱1 per share. As of December 31, 2014, the subscribed and issued capital stock of OPI consisted of ₱248.5 million with paid-up capital in the amount of ₱184 million. On Dec 8, 2014 the BOD approved the declaration of stock dividends out of the unrestricted retained earnings amounted to ₱82 million.

OPI declared stock dividends in the amount of P45,972,500,000 on December 15, 2015 and issued the same to stockholders of record as new issuances. To date, 450 million shares or P450,000,000 are subscribed and paid-up capital is P346,310,000.

The Company, through Ormin Holdings Corporation, indirectly acquired the following corporations: (a) OTY Development Corp; (b) Melan Properties Corp.; (c) NGTO Resources Corp.; (d) KGT Ventures Inc.; and (e) Ibayo Island Resort Corp.

OTY Development Corp. ("ODC") was incorporated on March 7, 2008, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₱5 million divided into 50,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100.00 per share. As of December 31, 2015, 12,500 common shares of ODC are subscribed and ₱312,500 have been received as payment for these subscriptions.

Melan Properties Corp. ("MPC") was incorporated on March 3, 2008, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₱5 million divided into 50,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100.00 per share. As of December 31, 2015, 12,500 common shares of MPC are subscribed and fully paid.

NGTO Resources Corp. ("NRC") was incorporated on March 5, 2008, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₱5 million divided into 50,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100.00 per share. As of December 31, 2015, 12,500 common shares of NRC are subscribed and fully paid.

KGT Ventures Inc. ("KVI") was incorporated on March 11, 2008, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₱5 million divided into 50,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100.00 per share. As of December 31, 2015, 12,500 common shares of KVI are subscribed and fully paid.

Ibayo Island Resort Corp. ("IIRC") was incorporated on August 14, 2007, and at present, has an authorized capital stock of ₱5 million divided into 50,000 common shares, with a par value of ₱100.00 per share. As of December 31, 2015, 12,500 common shares of IIRC are subscribed and fully paid.

Metro Agoo Waterworks Inc. (MAWI) was incorporated on September 17, 2012 to engage in, carry on, conduct, operate, manage and maintain the general business of development and utilization of water resources which have for their objects the harnessment, production and supply of water for domestic, municipal, agricultural, industrial, commercial or recreational purposes to this end, to acquire, own, lease, construct, install, equip, operate, manage and maintain plants for the harnessment, production, conveyance and supply of water and other plants and other related system elements required thereto. The authorized capital stock of MAWI is ten million (10,000,000) shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP1.00) per share. Two million five hundred thousand (2,500,000) common shares are subscribed and the paid-in capital is ₱625,000. CWWC owns 85% of the outstanding capital stock of MAWI.

MAWI is an indirect subsidiary of the company through Calapan Water.

On March 24, 2014, the Board of Directors of JOH approved to purchase 100% of the total outstanding shares of pre-operating company Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures Inc. equivalent to 79,999,300 common shares at ₱1 a share. Subsequently, JOH sold all of its shareholdings in subsidiary Ormin Power Inc. to Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures Inc. These transactions did not affect the consolidated financial results of the Company.

Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures Inc. ("PHEVI"), formerly, Bia Ventures Inc., was incorporated on July 17, 2009, primarily to lease and purchase land, marine, aquatic and environmental resources of the Philippines to the extent permitted by law and to develop and conserve places with tourism value. The Securities and Exchange Commission has approved PHEVI's amended articles of incorporation on November 23, 2014, amending its primary purpose as to engage in, own develop, construct, rehabilitate, operate and maintain water and electric power plant systems and facilities, renewable and indigenous power generation plants and other types of power generation and/or converting stations; and to make the necessary undertaking for the distribution of such facilities to consumers; to act as holding company or joint venture partner or investor in the business of developing, operating, and/or owning power generation plants. It has an authorized capital stock of ₱300 million divided into 300 million shares with a par value of ₱1 a share. To date, the subscribed and paid-up capital of PHEVI is ₱80 million.

On November 13, 2014, CWWC and Tabuk Water subscribed shares in Nation Water which resulted in H2O owning 74.98% of Nation Water indirectly.

Nation Water is a preoperating company that was formally registered with the SEC on November 13, 2014 primarily to engage in, carry on, conduct, operate, manage and maintain the general business of development and utilization of water resources which have for their objects the harnessment, production, and supply of water for domestic, municipal, agricultural, industrial, commercial and recreational purposes to this end, to acquire, own, lease, construct, install, equip, operate, manage and maintain plants for the harnessment, production, conveyance and supply of water and other plants and other related system elements required thereto. It has an authorized capital stock of ₱10 million divided into 10 million common shares with a par value of ₱1 per share. Currently, 2.5 million common shares are subscribed and ₱625,000 has been received as payment on subscription.

On October 14, 2015, the Company through its subsidiary JLRC, indirectly owned 51% or 152,999,996 common shares of Buyayao Island Resort Corporation.

Buyayao Island Resort Corporation ("BIRC" or "Buyayao") was incorporated on October 14, 2015 primarily to acquire by purchase, negotiation or otherwise land and other real property, including buildings, construct resorts, hotels, or establishments for dining, leisure or recreation, by itself or

with other entities or persons, to establish all facilities and services such as but not limited to transportation necessary, incidental or desirable for the operation of such hotels, resorts or establishments, to operate and manage such resorts, hotels, and establishment and the facilities and services to do any other acts for the preservation, protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such property or venture, and to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership of every kind and description over such properties or ventures. BIRC has an authorized capital stock of ₱500 million divided into 500 million common shares, with a par value of ₱1 per share. To date, 300 million common shares of the corporation are subscribed and ₱150 million has been received as payment on subscription.

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are the subject of any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings.

(2) Business of Issuer

The Group (refers to Jolliville Holdings Corporation and its subsidiaries) has principal business interests in leasing, management services, property development, land banking, local waterworks system, business process outsourcing, and power generation.

JOH and ORDC leases and rents out certain assets including land, buildings & improvements, furnishings and fixtures, equipment, and machineries to a number of independent business entities involved in the operation and management of KTV entertainment/recreation centers in the Metro Manila area.

A group subsidiary, JGMI provides general management services and assistance to companies within and affiliated to the Group, notably ORDC and Calapan Water. Another consolidated subsidiary, SBI, on the other hand, provides business process outsourcing services to third parties engaged in the KTV entertainment and leisure/recreation business, and construction. The services are provided based on a pre-agreed monthly retainer that is reviewed annually.

The Group owns and holds title to a number of properties in Metro Manila, Calapan City and Puerto Galera in Oriental Mindoro. These property investments, which include parcels of urban land, provincial and beachfront properties, as well as condominium units, are held for future operations and/or development.

Through JLRC, the Company has ventured with other investors (Aviso Holdings, Inc., Sta. Lucia Realty and Dev't., Inc., Alson's Land Corp. and Blue River Holdings, Inc.) to invest in a businessman's hotel at the Eagle Ridge Golf and Country Club in General Trias, Cavite. Known as the Eagle Ridge Microtel, it is the first value-for-money businessman's hotel in the area designed to cater not only to the accommodation needs of transient businessmen and tourists, but also to golf players and enthusiasts of the golf course and facilities of Eagle Ridge. JLRC has a 37.6% stake in Eagle Ridge Hotel Corporation.

The Company, through Calapan Water, needs special government approvals as discussed in detail below.

Calapan Water owns, operates and manages the waterworks system of Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro by virtue of its legislative franchise under Republic Act No. 9185 which will expire on February 9, 2028 and a CPC issued by the National Water Resources Board ("NWRB") which will expire on January 17, 2018. It is one of the few privately owned water systems in the country today. It has no competitor nor known oppositor to its franchise within its franchise area.

As of December 31, 2015, the water supply system serves seventeen (17) urban barangays and seventeen (17) adjoining rural barangays. The total number of household connections is now at 11,788 from the previous year's 10,940. It currently serves 11,118 residential and 670 commercial clients.

Groundwater is the source of water supply in Calapan City. A total of six (6) wells are operational with combined capacity of 175.63 liters per second (lps).

Regular bacteriological and chemical/physical test results released by the Batangas Water District Laboratory indicate that all of CWWC's water sources conform to the Philippine National Standards for Drinking Water (PNSDW).

In May 26, 2010, the NWRB approved Calapan Water's petition for increase of water rates for the operation and maintenance of water supply system within Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro. The approved CPC is valid for five (5) years with authority to charge the following rates:

Residential			
Consumption Bracket 2 nd Stage Implementa			
	(succeeding two years)		
	Full implementation of		
	the modified rates		
0-10 cu.m.	P321.00 min. charge		
11-20 cu.m.	47.90 per cu.m.		
21-30 cu.m.	59.00 per cu.m.		
31-40 cu.m.	62.60 per cu.m.		
41-50 cu.m.	66.80 per cu.m.		
Over 50 cu.m.	72.30 per cu.m.		

Commercial		
Consumption Block	Approved Rates	
0-25 cu.m.	P1,605.00 min. charge	
26-1000 cu.m.	118.00 per cu.m.	
Over 1000 cu.m.	133.60 per cu.m.	

The above chart shows the residential and commercial rates approved by the NWRB that are currently being implemented in Calapan.

Calapan Water has completed the 75% of its 2nd Phase Expansion Program for Calapan City Water Supply System. The objective of the plan is to bolster water pressure, improve water quality, and to increase production so as to accommodate more subscribers. This will ensure 24-hour service to the serviced areas and enough water pressure after its completion. Further, it will expand the water supply system coverage that could service areas with no access to potable water.

On July 2, 2014, Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP) approved a One Hundred Eighteen Million Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Pesos (₱118,250,000) term Ioan to CWWC to finance the Phase 2 Expansion Program of the existing water distribution system. As of 31 December 2015, Ninety-Two Million Two Hundred Ninety-Eight Thousand Three Hundred Pesos (₱92,298,300) has been drawn.

Calapan Water formally took over the operation of the water system of the Municipality of Tabuk, the capital of Kalinga province in October 2006. Under the contract with the Local Government of Tabuk, Calapan Water will operate and maintain the water system in Tabuk City for a period of 15 years, .The system remains the property of the local government. The subscriber base stood at 3,636 as of December 31, 2015, 3,616 as of December 31, 2014, and 3,234 as of December 31, 2013. The system is capable of accommodating up to around 9,000 subscribers.

In a resolution passed by the legislative council of Tabuk City on February 2, 2010, this lease agreement was extended for another 10 years (from year 2021) or up to September 30, 2031.

Groundwater is the source of water supply in Tabuk City. Three (3) out of four (4) wells with a total capacity of 80 lps are operational. Aside from the existing three (3) wells, an elevated water

steel storage and a ground level concrete reservoir with a total capacity of 350 cu.m. and 640 cu.m., respectively, has been built to ensure consistent water supply.

As part of its campaign to reduce the non-revenue water, the company implemented the use of leak detection equipment last 2013. By using this device, the distribution system water losses will be minimized and water will be conserved.

The NRW for the years 2015, 2014, and 2013 averaged 28.50%, 32.03%, and 30.64%, respectively. The current rates for Tabuk City are as follows:

Consumption Bracket	Water Rates
Residential	
0 to 10 cu.m.	Php 210.00 minimum
11 to 20 cu.m.	23.15 per cu.m.
21 to 30 cu.m.	25.30 per cu.m.
Over 31cu.m.	27.45 per cu.m.
Commercial A	
0 to 10 cu.m.	Php 315.00 minimum
11 to 20 cu.m.	34.70 per cu.m.
21 to 30 cu.m.	37.95 per cu.m.
Over 31 cu.m.	41.15 per cu.m.
Commercial B	
0 to 10 cu.m.	Php 367.00 minimum
11 to 20 cu.m.	40.50 per cu.m.
21 to 30 cu.m.	44.25 per cu.m.
Over 31 cu.m.	48.00 per cu.m.

The standard rates are adjusted taking into consideration the movements in the consumer price index of the Cordillera Autonomous Region with respect to power, labor and other related costs.

On 10 December 2012, MAWI entered into Memorandum of Agreements (MOA) with the Municipality of Agoo and with the Municipality of Tubao, Province of La Union. The MOA with Agoo covers the joint and mutual cooperation of MAWI and Agoo LGU in the successful construction, installation, operation and maintenance of a water supply system for the supply and distribution of water in Agoo for domestic, industrial and/or commercial use for a period of twenty-five (25) years, renewable for another 25 years. On the other hand, the MOA with Tubao covers the sourcing of water by MAWI within the former's territorial jurisdiction to supply and distribute water to its constituents and the adjacent Municipality of Agoo, including the right of way to install, lay, construct and maintain water mains, pipes, conduits and all other necessary apparatus and appurtenances for a period of 25 years also, renewable for another 25 years.

The construction of well sites and laying of pipes in Agoo were accomplished last December 2015. MAWI has laid 53.4 kilometers of distribution pipelines and 6.7 kilometers of transmission pipelines. It has built two (2) pumping stations and two (2) boosters. It has two (2) deep well sources covered by Conditional Water Permit Nos. 10-16-13-038 and 12-11-3-008, with a total discharge of 60.536 lps. (or 5,230.31 cum) per day.

Residential/Institutional/Public Taps			
Consumption Block Approved Rate			
0-10 cu.m.	P475.00 min. charge		
11-20 cu.m.	61.70 per cu.m.		
21-30 cu.m.	85.20 per cu.m.		
31-40 cu.m.	108.90 per cu.m.		
41-50 cu.m.	132.90 per cu.m.		
Over 50 cu.m.	160.00 per cu.m.		

The National Water Resources Board (NWRB) in its Decision dated 21 October 2015, granted MAWI a Certificate of Public Convenience and approved the following water rates:

Commercial/Industrial			
Consumption Block Approved Rates			
0-25 cu.m.	P2,372.50 min. charge		
26-1000 cu.m.	151.90 per cu.m.		
Over 1000 cu.m.	234.00 per cu.m.		

On 19 November 2014, Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP) extended MAWI, a One Hundred Eighty Million Pesos (₱180,000,000) term loan to finance the construction of water distribution system in Agoo. As of 31 December 2015, One Hundred Seventy-Two Million Eighty-Eight Thousand Six Hundred Sixty-Seven Pesos (₱172,088,667) has been drawn from the term loan facility.

MAWI started its formal business operations last 2 February 2016.

OPI began its commercial operations last November 11, 2011. It operates a 9.6 MW diesel fired power plant in Calapan City to supply the Oriental Mindoro Electric Cooperative. It is also currently constructing a 10 MW mini hydro power facility in the Municipality of San Teodoro in Oriental Mindoro.

Except for the waterworks business where it has no direct competition, the Company carries out most of its business activities in a competitive environment and competes in terms of market reach, diversity, customer relations, and pricing, among others. Heightened competition could negatively affect the Company's operational results.

In the leasing business, it competes with a number of financial institutions and real estate companies, both domestic and international. While its competitors offer their leasing lines to the general public, none of them have concentrated and specialized on servicing the particular market niche of the Company, the KTV operators. The long-established relationship of the Company with its KTV clients in the renting out of facilities, furnishings and equipment puts it at some advantage vis-à-vis its competitors. This competitive advantage is further strengthened by the management services and consultancy contracts of the Company with its KTV clients.

The Company's primary competitors in the management services and business process outsourcing industries are Accenture, the management services and the business process outsourcing units of the other major independent accountancy firms, and international BPO companies. However, the Company considers as its competitive advantage, its long-time relationship with its clients as well as the fact that it has multi-faceted business relationship with them (it also rents out to the same clients furnishing, fixtures, furniture and equipment for their KTV operations). The management services and business process outsourcing lines are highly dependent on the continuing renewals of its contracts with its clients. The Company is confident though that, for as long as the KTV operations of its clients are viable and profitable, it will continue to service the specialized business process outsourcing needs of these clients.

Land banking and property development is a highly competitive industry. The major industry and sector leaders of this industry include the SM Group and Robinsons Land that are more focused on retail mall development, Ayala Land that is involved in residential, commercial, high rise, and industrial development, Sta. Lucia Realty which is into residential, commercial and leisure/resort development, Filinvest Land which is into central business district development, Megaworld and Empire East Land which are into both horizontal (subdivision & townhouses) and vertical (condominium) residential and commercial development.

In the leisure and resort development businesses, JOH, adopts a strategy of "product and market niching". It enters into strategic alliances with more seasoned partners as in the case of the Eagle Ridge Microtel hotel project.

The Group does not plan nor propose going into other types of businesses or offer any new service.

The Company is very much dependent on its being able to have continuing business with its existing clients and customers. The Company has had a long-time relationship with these clients and does not foresee losing any of them.

The Company considers the Oriental Mindoro Electric Cooperative (ORMECO) as a significant customer being the primary off-taker of the power produced by Ormin Power Inc. The Group does not spend material amounts for business development activities as most plans are developed internally.

The Company's subsidiaries involved in the service industries need no special government approvals. However, its waterworks business through Calapan Water and its power generation business through OPI require several special government approvals such as Environment Compliance Certificate from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) and water permits from the National Water Resources Board. Tariff rates are subject to regulation by the NWRB, while power rates are approved by the Department of Energy.

Calapan Water owns and operates exclusively the local waterworks system of Calapan City by virtue of its legislative franchise under Republic Act No. 9185 which expires on February 9, 2028 and a Certificate of Public Convenience issued by the National Water Resources Board ("NWRB") which expires on January 17, 2018. Calapan Water's application for the renewal of its CPC was approved on January 22, 2014.

The franchise shall be deemed by the fact itself revoked in the event Calapan Water fails to implement fully its medium-term development plan submitted to Congress in support of its application for the franchise. Said plan is discussed in depth in JOH's prospectus relating to its initial public offering of June 2002.

Item 2. Properties

The Company's real properties, owned directly and indirectly, through its consolidated subsidiaries, are summarized in the following table. These properties are covered with the titles (TCTs and CCTs) in the name of the Company itself or its subsidiaries.

Type/Location	Area (sq.m.)	Nature of Property
LAND IN METRO MANILA:		
Quezon Ave. Q.C.	757.65	Commercial (on lease out)
Quezon Ave. Q.C.	757.65	"
Martinez St., Diliman, Q.C.	473.30	Residential
J. Bocobo St., Malate, Manila	281.60	Commercial
Lot 7, Blk. WT-7, West Ave., Q.C.	1,250.00	Commercial (on lease out)
McArthur Highway, Caloocan City	1,400.00	u ,
PROVINCIAL LAND:		
Brgy Calero, Calapan City	574.00	Institutional/Commercial
<i>u u</i>	812.00	"
Pulong Gitna, Calapan City	60,496.00	Nature reserve island/agric.
Pulong Malaki, Calapan City	6,666.00	"
u u	6,874.00	"
u u	6,874.00	"
u u	33,865.00	"
u u	7,481.00	"
u u	39,273.00	"
Puerto Galera, Oriental Mindoro	16,393.00	Agri./Commercial
u u	7,122.00	и
u u	66,096.00	u
u u	6,185.00	Commercial
u u	47,911.00	Agri./Commercial
u u	176,511.00	Agricultural (exempt)
Brgy Tawiran, Calapan City	301.00	Well site
и и	500.00	u
Brgy Sta Maria, "	377.00	u
Brgy Pachoca, "	210.00	u
Brgy Lalud, "	200.00	Well site/residential
Brgy Pachoca "	182.00	Well site
Brgy Ilaya "	205.00	u
u u	286.00	u
Brgy Sta. Isabel "	2,090.00	Commercial
и и	1,237.00	<i>u</i>
и и	200.00	Residential
и и	200.00	"
и и	353.00	u
и и	1,148.00	u
Pola, Oriental Mindoro	40,000.00	"
" "	60,000.00	"
Macalva Sur, Agoo La Union	3,229.00	Agricultural
Barangay Garcia, Tubao La Union	3,214.00	Residential
"	143.50	u
Poblacion, Municipality of Roxas,	e · • • •	
Oriental Mindoro	216.00	Commercial
Barrio Bulusan (Bondoc) Calapan		
City, Oriental Mindoro	5,802.00*	Agricultural
	5,803.00*	"
Biga, Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro	8,079.00*	"
Poblacion/Barrio Silonay, Calapan		u
City, Oriental Mindoro	30,001.00*	"

Barangay Garcia, Tubao, La Union	200.00*	Well site
BUILDING:		
Heartbeat Bldg, Quezon Ave.	3,200.00	Commercial structure
Loveboat Bldg., McArthur Highway,	,	
Caloocan City	1,831.26	Commercial structure
Prince Plaza, West Ave.	2,406.00	"
CONDOMINIUM UNITS:		
Goldland Tower, Greenhills		
3-BR, Unit A-16/F	160.45	Residential Condo
Parking Slot, B3-2	12.50	Owner's parking slot
Chateau de Baie, Roxas, Pñque		
2-BR, Unit 1702	157.02	Residential Condo
Parking Slot No.10	12.50	Owner's parking slot
3-BR, Unit 705	185.87	Residential Condo
Parking Slot No. 13	12.50	Owner's parking slot
Maple Tower, Binondo, Mla		
3-BR, Unit 801	96.00	Residential Condo
Parking Slot No. 12	12.50	Owner's parking slot
Nobel Plaza, Valero St., Makati		
2-BR, Unit 1202	110.00	Residential Condo
Lansbergh Place, T. Morato, Q.C.		
4 th Floor Commercial Space	922.04	Commercial (office use)
15 Parking Slots	187.50	Parking slots
EGI Rufino Plaza, Pasay City		
11 th Floor Commercial Space	1,653.49	Commercial

*new acquisition during the year

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

1. JGMI and Show Syndicate Corp. vs. Felicito a.k.a. Chito D. Garcia, doing business under the name and style Foxchit Software Solution; Civil Case No. 01101977

On 02 October 2001, Jolliville Group Management Inc. ("JGMI") and Show Syndicate Corp. ("SSC") filed a complaint for breach of contract and damages resulting from the delay in the completion of the software POS Project and violation of the Exclusivity Clause against defendant. This stemmed from plaintiffs' engagement of defendant for the development of software to aid in its operations. The complaint specifically prayed that defendant be made to pay One Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP100,000.00) as reimbursement for the service fees paid initially; Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP500,000.00) as business losses; Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP500,000.00) representing the service fees paid to the new programmer to complete the installation and customization of the software; Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP500,000.00) as moral damages; Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP500,000.00) attorney's fees plus Two Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (PhP2,500.00) for every court appearance; and costs of suit.

In his defense, defendant claims that it was JGMI that breached the contract and claims damages in the amount of ₱10,240,800.00, the supposed price for the installation on the six other sites and branches, as actual damages, in addition to the moral damages, exemplary damages and attorney's fees.

The main issue in the case is whether or not defendant committed breach of contract. On January 7, 2011, the Court issued its Decision finding that defendant breached the contract by failing to fix reported problems in the system and for violating the exclusivity clause in the contract. The Court then required defendant to refund plaintiffs the sum of One Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP100,000.00) representing service fees initially paid by plaintiff and to reimburse plaintiffs the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP500,000.00) representing service fees paid to the new programmer hired to complete the computerization. The counterclaim and all other claims were dismissed. As of this writing, the Decision has not yet attained finality and may be subject to appeal.

Foxchit filed Notice of Appeal on June 3, 2011 and the Regional Trial Court issued an order on June 22, 2011 giving due course to appeal and ordered the transmittal of the records to the Court of Appeals.

The case is now with the Court of Appeals. On June 5, 2012, Foxchit filed its Appellant's Brief. On August 9, 2012, JGMI, et.al. filed their Appellees' Brief. To date, JGMI is still waiting for the final decision of the Supreme Court regarding this case.

2. Jolliville Holdings Corporation vs. Philippine British Assurance Co., Inc.; Civil Case No. 04-1051, Regional Trial Court, National Capital Judicial Region, Branch 143, Makati City

On 10 September 2004, Jolliville Holdings Corporation ("Corporation") filed a *Complaint [With Application For The Issuance Of A Writ of Preliminary Attachment]* dated 08 September 2004 (the "Complaint") with the Regional Trial Court ("RTC") of Makati City seeking to recover insurance claims against defendant Philippine British Assurance Co., Inc. ("PBAC") amounting to at least Thirty Four Million Eight Hundred Sixty Thousand Seven Hundred Forty One and 41/100 Pesos (P34,860,741.41), exclusive of interest. In addition, the Corporation prayed for the payment of Two Million Pesos (P2,000,000.00) by way of exemplary damages and One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00) as attorney's fees and litigation expenses.

The Corporation is claiming fraud based on defendant's act of soliciting premium payments but failing to honor its obligation under the insurance policies. Defendant raised the defense that the Corporation was late in paying the insurance premium, hence, no insurance contract was in force when the damage occurred.

On 20 April 2005, the Corporation received a copy of the *Order* dated 06 April 2005 denying the Corporation's application for the issuance of a *Writ of Preliminary Attachment*.

When the case proceeded to pre-trial and mediation, the parties failed to arrive at a compromise agreement. Trial thereafter commenced and as of 10 February 2012, the Corporation has presented five (5) witnesses, namely: (1) Mr. Roger T. Ong; (2) Mr. Robert D. Sia; (3) Mr. Vinson Sherman A. Ko; (4) Atty. Malou F. Santiago; and (5) Mr. Alejandro Tan-Gatue.

The Corporation has concluded the presentation of its evidence and filed its Formal Offer of Evidence on 04 October 2012. In an Order dated 03 January 2013, the RTC of Makati City resolved to admit the evidence offered by the corporation. The initial presentation of evidence for defendant PBAC has been re-scheduled on 07 June 2013.

On 28 February 2014 and on 28 March 2014, a witness of PBAC was cross examined. Thereafter, PBAC's counsel requested to conduct a re-direct examination of their witness. On 07 November 2014, redirect examination of PBAC witness were done and JOH counsel cross examined the same. A schedule for presentation of a testimony from another witness for PBAC was scheduled for 13 March 2015.

The trial court issued a *Constancia* on March 13, 2015 resetting the continuation of defendant PBAC's evidence to May 29, 2015. During the hearing, the counsel for defendant PBAC presented a second witness. The Corporation interposed its objections to the specific question in the *Judicial*

Affidavit of the witness and conducted the cross-examination of the defendant's witness thereafter.

The counsel of defendant PBAC manifested that they intend to present their third witness (the adjuster), whose testimony they intent to take through a deposition due to his special condition brought about by old age. The Presiding Judge allowed defendant PBAC one setting for the testimony of the third witness and set the presentation of such witness on August 28, 2015. The continuation of defendant PBAC's evidence was set on September 18, 2015 through a *Notice* dated July 2, 2015 issued by the trial court and cancelling the hearing previously set on August 28, 2015.

At the hearing held on September 18, 2015 and November 10, 2015 thereafter, the counsel of defendant PBAC appeared but moved in open court for the resetting of the case considering that defendant PBAC's third witness is unavailable and bedridden. The Corporation objected to the resetting of the case in view of the considerable time made available to defendant PBAC from the last hearing date, or on May 29, 2015. The Presiding Judge directed the counsel to bring her witness at the next hearing with warning that failure to do so will be considered a waiver on their part to present additional evidence and they will be required to rest their case.

On November 13, 2015, given the *Manifestation* filed by defendant PBAC and over the Corporation's objection to the repeated resetting of the case, the Presiding Judge gave the counsel of defendant PBAC a period of five (5) days therefrom within which to secure the conformity of the witness' physician as to the time of the deposition-taking on December 12, 2015. The counsel was likewise directed to communicate with the Corporation such time for the deposition-taking, failing which, the trial court will consider the defense to have waived their right to present further evidence and will be required to rest their case and moreover, the case will be deemed submitted for decision.

On March 4, 2016, the Corporation received a copy of defendant PBAC's *Manifestation* with Submission of the Judicial Affidavit of the new witness stating that, in view of the third witness' advanced age and physical condition, defendant PBAC will instead present one of the field investigators/junior adjusters as its next witness.

During the hearing held on March 10, 2016, the Presiding Judge disallowed the presentation of the above witness and considered defendant PBAC to have waived its right to present evidence. Thus, the Presiding Judge ordered defendant PBAC to file its Formal Offer of Evidence within fifteen (15) days therefrom and the Corporation the same period to file its Comment thereon.

The Corporation received a copy of the *Motion for Reconsideration* of even date filed by defendant PBAC praying for the reconsideration of the trial court's ruling during the hearing on March 10, 2016.

The Presiding Judge informed the parties at the case conference held on March 29, 2016 that he will allow the presentation of the counsel PBAC's new witness provided that such testimony will be completed without postponements on April 19, 2016 and that defendant PBAC shall file its Formal Offer of Evidence immediately after the said presentation on April 19, 2016. The Presiding Judge likewise ordered the Corporation to file the Corporation's Comment thereon within a non-extendible period of ten (10) days from April 19, 2016, or until April 29, 2016. Thereafter, the case shall be deemed submitted for resolution.

3. Jolliville Holdings Corporation vs. Jollibee Foods Corporation; IPC No. 14-2013-00076, Office of the Director General, Intellectual Property Office, Makati City

The Company received a copy of the Bureau of Legal Affairs' ("BLA") of the Philippine Intellectual Property Office ("IPO") Decision No. 2014-226 dated September 16, 2014 ("Decision") sustaining the opposition of Jollibee Foods Corporation and denying the registration of the Jolliville Holdings Corporation's name and logo application with the IPO Office. The decision was made in

connection to a case filed by Jollibee Foods Corporation vs. Jolliville Holdings Corporation ("the Company") against the Mark "JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION & LOGO."

The Company maintains its position that it has the lawful right to use its name and logo and has filed an appeal with the IPO Office. The Memorandum of Appeal filed by the Company within the reglementary period has been referred back by IPO to the mediation proceeding that was scheduled last February 20, 2015. However, IPO has scheduled another mediation to give ample time to find ways to coordinate with the higher ups of the Appellee for the possible settlement of the subject case. Accordingly and with conformity of both Counsels, the mediator scheduled the mediation conferences to March 19, 2015, April 20, 2015, and May 20, 2015, respectively.

Mediation proceedings were terminated during the fourth mediation conference on May 20, 2015 with the agreement of both parties after all efforts to secure an amicable settlement of the case proved unsuccessful.

The Corporation received the ODG's Order dated October 23, 2015 on October 27, 2015 granting both parties fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof within which to file their respective memoranda. Accordingly, the Corporation filed a *Memorandum* on November 11, 2015, while received a copy of Jollibee's *Memorandum* dated November 11, 2015.

With the submission of respective *Memoranda* by both parties, the instant case is now deemed submitted for resolution by the ODG.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

NOT APPLICABLE

Item 5. Business Risk

Business risk is defined as threats to the organization's capability to achieve its objectives and execute its business strategies successfully. The organization's value creation objectives define the context for management's determination of risk management goals and objectives which, in turn, drive and focus the process of managing business risk.

The major risks facing the Group's businesses are briefly described below. Since the Group caters to a niche market (KTV operators) for its leasing and management services businesses, our risk sourcing is ultimately tied-in to the risks facing our clients.

Economic Circumstances

Economic circumstances are the characteristics and condition of the general business within which commerce is conducted. Due to the difficult business climate and reduced business activity, companies have become prudent spenders and are continuously trying to identify expenditures it could reduce or completely do without. One of the areas most affected are its budgets for leisure and recreation.

Human Caused Disasters

Human caused disasters pertain to major events that cause significant damage, destruction, and/or human causalties arising from human caused events such as acts of terrorism. Peace and order remains a concern and densely populated establishments such as malls, entertainment centers, cinemas and the like are the most likely targets. As a result, people tend to avoid these places.

Government Activities

Government activities are the functions undertaken to operate a political unit, including adopting and enforcing laws and regulations, supplying goods and services, and contracting for goods and services from private businesses. Calapan Water is moderately regulated and the actions of government agencies such as the NWRB hold with respect to rate increases and the operation of new water sources.

Human Behavior

Human behavior is defined as a broad range of positive and negative human activity that may affect a business' ability to reach its goals. The habits of consumers with regard to water usage may adversely affect the Group's businesses.

Through an integrated business risk management process, senior management determines how much risk they are willing to accept when balancing risks and rewards, and allocating resources. They communicate to operating managers, risk managers and process/activity owners the level of acceptable risk.

Our business risk management is a continuous process of:

- Establishing risk management objectives, tolerances and limits for all of the Group's significant risks
- Assessing risks within the context of established tolerances
- **Developing** cost-effective risk management strategies and processes consistent with the overall goals and objectives
- Implementing risk management processes
- Monitoring and reporting upon the performance of risk management processes
- Improving risk management processes continuously
- Ensuring adequate communication and information for decision making

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 6. Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

(1) Market Information

JOH only has unclassified common shares that is traded at the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE").

The high and low sales prices of the Company's securities for each quarter are indicated in the table below:

Quarter	High	Low
1 st quarter 2016	3.62	3.48
4 th quarter 2015	3.94	3.81
3 rd quarter 2015	3.69	3.83
2 nd quarter 2015	4.77	4.35
1 st quarter 2015	4.40	4.39

Last transaction date was on April 8, 2016 and the closing price was at ₽4.96 per share.

The market capitalization of JOH as of March 31, 2016 based on the closing price on March 31, 2016 of ₱5.00 per share is ₱1,407,500,000.

As of December 31, 2015, JOH's market capitalization stood at ₱1,041,550,000 based on the closing price of ₱3.70 on December 1, 2015.

(2) Holders

The following table sets forth the Company's top twenty shareholders and their corresponding number of shares held as of December 31, 2015:

Shareholder	Shares Held	Percentage
Elgeete Holdings, Inc.	125,783,791	44.68
IGC Securities Inc.	56,409,639	20.04
Myron Ventures Corp.	18,000,000	6.39
Lucky Securities, Inc.	14,170,000	5.03
Dopero Corporation	13,000,000	4.62
Febra Resources Corporation	12,503,925	4.44
A-Net Resources Corporation	12,503,925	4.44
Kenly Resources Corporation	12,503,925	4.44
Oltru Holdings Corporation	12,503,925	4.44
Belson Securities Inc.	8,285,000	2.94
See, Rodolfo Lim	5,994,000	2.13
Unicapital Securities, Inc	5,622,500	2.00
Philstocks Financial Inc.	3,291,999	1.17

(Forward)

(Carryforward)

Shareholder	Shares Held	Percentage
Genmaco Corp.	2,709,500	0.96
Papa Securities Corporation	2,508,000	0.89
Tower Securities, Inc.	1,392,000	0.49
Ting, Catalina O.	1,076,000	0.38
Phyvita Enterprises Corp.	1,047,200	0.37
Yao, Ortrud T.	1,000,001	0.36
Ting, Jolly L.	959,999	0.34

(3) Dividends

Dividends of the group were discussed in Item 1 of this report.

(4) Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities, including recent issuance of Securities constituting an exempt transaction

NONE.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis

The information herein should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in this Report.

Results of Operations

2015 compared with 2014

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 resulted in a 104.08% increase in net income after tax from ₱129,755,828 in 2014 to ₱264,805,645 in 2015.

Power sales from the electricity generation activity of OPI decreased by 30.10% from ₱501,909,524 in 2014 to ₱350,841,395 in 2015due to lower energy off-take from ORMECO. As of December 31, 2015, contracted energy was at 43,365,420 kilowatt hours (kWh) as against 47,581,968 kilowatt hours (kWh) in 2014.

Water service revenues grewby ₱8,106,871 or by 4.30% from ₱188,329,549 in 2014 to ₱196,436,420 by end 2015. The increase is attributable to the increase in total number of subscribers in Calapan and Tabuk Cities. Total subscriber base stood at 15,424 by the end of 2015 compared to 14,557 subscribers by the end of 2014.

Rental revenues stayed relatively unchanged from 2014 as leases were maintained this year.

Technical services grew by ₱2,464,320 or 6.57% from ₱37,493,544 to ₱39,957,864 as a result of higher rates charged to clients this year.

Equity share in net earnings of an associate pertains to JLRC's share in earnings of Eagle Ridge Hotel Corporation. This account amounted to ₽678,219 in 2015 and decreased by 8.13% compared to ₽738,209 in 2014.

Other revenue pertains to sale of plumbing materials which increased by 36.50% or ₱6,644.

Cost of sales and services decreased by 24.68% or P125,486,105 for the year 2015 as compared to 2014. This is mainly due to the net effect of decrease in OPI's fuel consumption in relation to lower power output and additional outside services incurred by OPI.

Operating expenses increased by 10.25% or ₱11,263,171 this year. Much of the increase could be attributed to the higher repairs and maintenance expenses, higher personnel costs, and higher transportation, travel and communication expenses.

Net other income increased by 1,707.29% or ₱163,190,477this year. Bulk of the increase came from gain on investment property as property assets were appraised during the year. Increase in fair value of investment property amounted to ₱176,725,230 and ₱14,243,119 in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Finance charges decreased due to lower principal balances from earlier term loans, further improving other income by ₱496,710.

Noncontrolling interest represents noncontrolling stockholders' share in the net income or loss of Philippine H2O Ventures, Corp., Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures, Inc., Nation Water Corp., Metro Agoo Waterworks Incorporated and Buyayao Island Resort Corp. The fluctuation in this account is tied-in to the operating results and to the Company's overall ownership in these subsidiaries.

2014 compared with 2013

Power sales from power generation activities of OPI increased by 9.62% from ₱457,863,336 to ₱501,909,524 in 2015 as against 2014. Additional generator sets were acquired in 2014which resulted to higher power generation. As of December 31, 2014, OPI's energy generation was 47,581,968 kilowatt hours (kWh) as against 43,297,716 kilowatt hours (kWh) in 2013.

The 25.48% growth in water service revenues is attributed to the implementation of a 20% rate increase for Calapan and additional subscribers from existing and new service areas. Revenues grew by ₱38,236,500 from ₱150,093,049 to ₱188,329,549. Total number of subscribers also increased from an average of 13,276 in 2013 to 14,174 in 2014.

In the case of technical services, Servwell gained new customers during the period. Rates were just finalized in the 3rd quarter 2014, resulting to 45.65% higher technical service revenues, from ₱25,742,601 in 2013 to ₱37,493,544 in 2014.

Rental decreased by 8.77% or ₱5,753,675 as a client failed to renew and leases were retained at existing rates.

The Company's trading activity ceased to operate last October 9, 2013 which resulted to no sales of goods in 2014.

Equity share in net earnings of an associate pertaining to JLRC's share in Eagle Ridge Corporation amounted to ₱738,209 as of December 31, 2014 and increased by 151.12% compared to ₱293,970 in 2013.

Cost of sales and services increased by 2.41% or ₱11,959,499 for the year 2014 as compared to 2013. The increase is primarily due to higher fuel cost incurred, higher personnel costs and higher depreciation from capital investments made. These three accounts increased by 4.34%, 8.86% and 7.75% in 2014, respectively.

Operating expenses increased by 12.80% or ₱12,464,141 this year. Much of the increase could be attributed to higher personnel cost, capital gains tax paid for the property sold during the year, additional rental incurred during the year, repairs and maintenance of certain vehicles from acquisition of property and equipment, donations made, additional security services and travel and communication of employees for meetings and seminars.

Net other charges decreased by 192.63% or ₱19,877,884 in 2014. Finance charges decreased due to settlement of current principal obligations. The increase or decrease in the interest income earned is dependent upon the duration of the higher-yielding placements and not necessarily on the balance as of the end of the period. The rates offered by banks on deposit products have remained unchanged. Gain on investment property valuation from its adjustment to fair value amounted to ₱14,243,119 and ₱36,087,300 in 2014 and 2013.

Noncontrolling interest represents minority stockholders' share in the net income or loss of Philippine H2O Ventures, Corp. and Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures, Inc., Nation Water Corp., Metro Agoo Waterworks Incorporated. The fluctuation in this account is tied-in to the operating results and to the Company's overall ownership in the mentioned subsidiaries.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 resulted in a net income after tax of ₱129,755,828 compared to ₱ 111,894,116 in 2013.

Financial Position

Total assets increased by 54.56% or ₱1,433,693,760 from ₱2,627,692,146 as of December 31, 2014 to ₱4,061,385,906 as of December 31, 2015.

The biggest contributor to the increase came from property, plant and equipment account with carrying value of ₱2,279,772,692 as of December 31, 2015. It increased by 84.22% or ₱1,042,256,854 due to the additional capital expenditures for the construction of OPI's 10MW Hydro Electric Power Plant, CWC's Phase 1 Expansion Program and MAWI's construction of the new water distribution system in Agoo, La Union.

Cash and cash equivalents account increased by 18.31% or ₱57,734,479 from ₱315,310,916 as of December 31, 2014 to ₱373,045,395 as of December 31, 2015. The increase in this account is related to loan availed before year end for the various expansion and construction projects within the Group.

Receivables account decreased by 15.03% or ₱35,575,813 from ₱236,758,736 as of December 31, 2014 to ₱201,182,923 as of December 31, 2015. This is due to prompt collections from several customers and application of advances to contractors to progress billings received.

Inventories amounting to ₱16,262,210 pertain mostly to OPI's fuel and oil. There was an increase of 1.46% from last year's end-2014 balance of ₱16,027,707.

Due from related parties increased by 35.21% from ₱55,811,669 as of December 31, 2014 to ₱75,461,935 as of December 31, 2015. The increase in the related party transactions is dependent upon the liquidity and financial status of the concerned parties at any given point in time. None of the parties involved is in financial distress and there is no reason to believe that any accounts may be impaired in the immediate or near future. Also, these accounts have no definite call dates and do not bear interest. The purpose of these advances is for operating and investing activities.

Other current assets decreased by 8.27% from P67,371,213 as of December 31, 2014 to P61,797,498 as of December 31, 2015. The decrease pertains mainly to the application of input value added tax as payment against output value added tax during the period.

The available-for-sale investment amounting to ₱2,955,745 pertains to a single payment managed trust fund deposit in an insurance company made in the last quarter of 2009. This fund invests in fixed income securities, money market instruments, and shares listed in the PSE. Although the amount can be withdrawn anytime, management intends to hold it long-term for a specific purpose. The decrease of ₱49,665 or 1.65% represents unrealized loss on this investment credited to equity portion of the consolidated statements of financial position for the same amount.

Investment in associate account increased by 127.64% or ₱26,841,219 from ₱21,028,347 to ₱47,869,566 as of December 31, 2015. This represents OHC's subscription of shares in Mega Renewable Power Development, Inc. during the year.

In 2015, some of the Group's investment properties located in Oriental Mindoro was appraised. Also, ORDC, Buyayao Island Resort Corporation, OTY Development Corp. NGTO Resources Corp. and KGT Ventures, Inc. acquired various parcels of land during the year. These resulted to a 51.06% increase in investment property or ₱313,932,004 from ₱614,850,001 in 2014 to ₱928,782,005 in 2015.

The deferred tax effects of NOLCO and accrued retirement benefit obligation for the year caused the deferred tax asset account to increase by 32.28% from ₱10,715,814 in 2014 to ₱14,175,220 in 2015.

Additional development costs in relation to OPI's construction of the 10MW Hydro Electric Power Plant also caused the noncurrent assets to increase by 21.88% or ₽10,784,222.

As the Group had a strong cash position, obligations to creditors and related parties were settled. However, accounts payable and accrued expenses significantly increased by 100.06% from ₱313,747,683 as of December 31, 2014 to ₱627,672,713 as of December 31, 2015. Much of this could be attributed to OPI's, CWC's and MAWI's outstanding obligations to contractors.

Loans payable increased by 72.48% to ₽1,449,469,529 as of December 31, 2015. The increase of ₽609,100,185 mainly represents additional releases from the loan facilities with DBP intended for OPI's Inabasan power plant and MAWI's and CWC's water systems.

Due to related parties increased by 212.37% or ₱133,214,713 from ₱62,726,812 as of December 31, 2014 to ₱195,941,525 as of December 31, 2015 as additional advances were made from affiliates.

Income tax payable has increased by 4.1% or ₱696,706as the related current income tax expense also increased.

For the year 2015, the Group's actuarial valuation reports resulted to an increase in retirement obligation by 41.65% or ₱11,492,602 which represents additional retirement expense and actuarial loss.

The miniscule increase in the deferred tax liability account by ₱269,428 represents the net tax effects of fair value adjustments in investment properties and property, plant and equipment and interest capitalized in previous years.

Deposit for future stock subscription remained unchanged as of December 31, 2015.

The customers' deposits account, which pertains to water meter maintenance, decreased by 9.75% from ₱24,726,795 as of end-2014 to ₱22,316,852 at end-2015.

Noncontrolling interest represents the share of its noncontrolling shareholders in the net assets of Philippine H2O Ventures, Corp., Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures, Inc., Nation Water Corp., Buyayao Island Resort Corp. and Metro Agoo Waterworks Incorporated. The change in this account is tied-in to the discussion on the related item shown in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income discussed earlier.

Financial Risk

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Please refer to Notes 25 and 26 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the description, classification and measurements applied for financial instruments and the financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group.

Key Performance Indicators

			DECEMBER	
		-	2015	2014
PROFITABILITY				
		NI+{(interest exp x (1-tax rate)}	282,208,836	147,749,435
<i>Return on Total Assets</i> It measures efficiency of the	ROA=	Ave. Total Assets	3,344,539,026	2,318,645,996
Company in using its assets to generate net income.		=	0.0844	0.0637
	ROE=	Annual Net Income	264,805,645	129,755,828
Return on Equity It is a measure of profitability of stockholders' investments. It		Ave. Stockholders' Equity	1,404,172,975	1,155,742,431
shows net income as percentage of shareholder equity.			0.1886	0.1123
		-		
		Water Revenue	196,436,420	188,329,549
<i>Water Revenue per Subscriber</i> Measures how well service and	WRS=	Ave. No. of Water Subscribers	15,043	14,174
facilities improvements have influence consumer's usage		=	13,058	13,287
FINANCIAL LEVERAGE				
	Debt Ratio=	Total Liabilities	2,473,510,412	1,407,221,691
<i>Debt Ratio</i> It is a solvency ratio and it measures the portion of the assets of a business which are		Total Assets	4,061,385,906	2,627,692,146
financed through debt.		=	0.6090	0.5355
(Forward)				

(Forward)

(Carryforward)

			DECEMBER	
			2015	2014
	Debt to	Total Liabilities	2,408,087,928	1,353,561,237
Debt to Equity Ratio It measures the degree to which the assets of the business are financed by the debts and the	Equity=	Shareholder's Equity	1,587,875,494	1,220,470,455
shareholders' equity of a business.			1.5165	1.1090
MARKET VALUATION				
		Market value/share	3.70	3.80
<i>Price to Book Ratio</i> Relates the Company's stock to its	PB ratio=	Book value/share	4.21	3.37
book value per share			0.8796	1.1276

The reason for the increase in the Group's profitability is discussed in the results of operations. From the point of view of its water business, which the Group considers to be its major growth driver, water revenues has shown steady improvement, more so beginning 2010 as increased water rates took effect, and is expected to improve even further in the succeeding years as the Company already has in line the addition of new wells and expansion of its coverage area to new markets such as Agoo, La Union.

Following the positive developments in the local stock market, activity in the Company's stock has picked up recently and the prices have gone up to reflect trends in the market.

Liquidity and Solvency

The Company's cash balance increased from end-2014 of ₱315,310,916 to ₱373,045,395 as of December 31, 2015. During the year, the Company's able to minimize its interest expense which contributed to its higher cash balance at the end of 2015.

Meanwhile, liability to equity ratios increased to 1.52:1.00 from 1.11:1.00 as of end-2014. Ratio was maintained at this low level.

Item 8. Financial Statements

Please refer to the attached consolidated financial statements audited by Constantino Guadalquiver & Co. (CGCo).

Item 9. Information on Independent Accountant and Other Related Matters

CGCo, independent certified public accountants, audited the Company's consolidated financial statements without qualification as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, included in this report.

Edwin F. Ramos is the current audit partner for the Company and its subsidiaries. Pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 8, Series of 2003, the Company will either change its External Auditor or rotate the engagement partner every five (5) years.

There have been no disagreements between the Company and CGCo over the length of their relationship with regard to any matter involving accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures, and auditing scope and procedures.

CGCo has neither shareholdings in the Company nor any right, whether legally enforceable or not, to nominate persons or to subscribe for the securities in the Company. CGCo will not receive any direct or indirect interest in the Company or in any securities thereof (including options, warrants, or rights thereto). The foregoing is in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines set by the Board of Accountancy and approved by the Professional Regulation Commission.

In connection with the audit of the Company's financial statements, the Audit Committee had, among other activities, (a) evaluated significant issues reported by the external auditor in relation to the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of policies, controls, processes and activities of the Company; (b) ensured that no other work is provided by the external auditor that would impair its independence and conflict with its function as independent accountants; and (c) ensured the compliance of the Company with acceptable auditing and accounting standards and regulations.

The aggregate fees paid to CGCo for services rendered are ₱1,095,500 in 2015, ₱1,074,500 in 2014 and ₱916,000 in 2013. The services are those normally provided by the external auditor in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements. There had been no consulting or tax engagements with CGCo.

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

Listed below are the Directors and Senior Officers of the Company as of December 31, 2015 with their qualifications and credentials:

Name	Positions Held	Company/Organization	
JOLLY L. TING	Present:		
70, Filipino Bachelor of Science in	o Chairman (since March	Ormin Power, Inc.	
Business Administration, University of the East	 21, 2011) Chairman (since January 	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	
University of the Last	 2009) Founder, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer (since April 3, 1999) 	Jolliville Holdings Corporation	
	 Chairman (since April 26, 2002) 	Jolliville Group Management, Inc.	
	 Chairman (since April 26, 	Ormina Dealth and	
	2002) • Chairman (since May 19, 2009)	Ormina Realty and Development Corp. Servwell BPO International Inc.	
	 Chairman (since July 19, 1992) 	Jolliville Leisure and Resort	
	• Chairman (since April 7,	Corporation	
	1990) • Chairman (since 1997)	Jollideal Marketing Corporation	
	• Member (since 1978)	Calapan Waterworks Corporation	
	Previous:		
	 President (January 2009 	Mirage Resources & Holdings Corp. (manages the renowned	
	to April 2010) • President (1991-1992)	Gloria Maris Sharksfin Restaurant and Dimsum	
	• Director, Treasurer (1994-	chains) Calapan Ventures, Inc.	
	1997) • Chairman (since April 26, 2002)	Rotary Club, University District, Manila	
		Rotary Club, University District, Manila	
		Uptrend Concepts Management Corp.	

NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA 42, Filipino Fine Arts Advertising Studies, College of the Holy Spirit Advanced Courses, Columbia College, Vancouver Community College, Kwantlen University	 Present: President (since April 2010) President (since September 15, 2004) Director (since April 19, 1999) President, Director (since October 26, 2000) Vice President (since April 5, 2008) Director (since November 6, 2000) Director (since August 17, 1999) Director, Secretary, Treasurer (since January 6, 2005) 	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp. Jolliville Holdings Corporation - do - Jolliville Group Management, Inc. Jollideal Marketing Corporation - do - Ormin Holdings Corporation Vitanutrition Incorporated
	 Previous: Secretary and Director (January 2009 to April 2010) Vice President (July 2001 to September 2004) Secretary/Treasurer (April 1999 to July 2001) Assistant Secretary (March-April 1999) Treasurer (November 6, 2000 to April 4, 2008) Treasurer (since August 2010) Chairman (since January 2013) 	Calapan Ventures, Inc. Jolliville Holdings Corporation - do - - do - Jollideal Marketing Corporation Ormin Power, Inc. Rural Bank of Roxas (Or.Min.), Inc.

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ORTRUD T. YAO 38, Filipino Honors, Bachelor of Commerce, Major in Finance, University of British Columbia	Present: O Director, Treasurer and Chief Finance Officer (since January 2009) Secretary (since April 2010) Secretary/Treasurer, Chief Finance Officer (since July 20, 2001) Chief Compliance Officer (since June 17, 2002) President, Director (since September 28, 2005) President, Director (since August 15, 2005) Secretary, Director (since January 12, 2004) President, Director (since March 30, 1999) Vice President, Director (since March 26, 1999) Treasurer, Director (since March 19, 2001) President, Director (since January 6, 2005) Vice-President for Finance & Secretary (since August 2010) President (since October	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp. - do – Jolliville Holdings Corporation - do - Calapan Waterworks Corporation Ormin Holdings Corporation Kenly Resources, Inc. Oltru Holdings Corp. A-Net Resources Corp. Granville Ventures, Inc. Vitanutrition Incorporated Ormin Power, Inc. Rural Bank of Roxas (Or. Min.), Inc.
MELODY T. LANCASTER 43, Filipino Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering Ateneo de Manila University Computer Systems Technology British Columbia Institute of Technology Certified Project Management Professional Project Management Institute	 2012) Present: Vice-President (since July 2, 2014) Vice President (since June 25, 2014) Secretary (since June 18, 2014) Vice-President (since February 7, 2014) Director (since March 29, 2010) Director (since 2009) Vice-President (since March 30, 2007) Director (since March 26, 1999) Management Consultant (since 2004) Director (since March 2002) President Treasurer (since 1986 	 Philippine H2O Ventures Corp. Jolliville Hodlings Corporation Menakeo Construction, Inc. Melan Properties Corp. Kenly Resources Inc. Febra Resources Corp. Elgeete Holdings Inc. A-Net Resources Corp. RBS Citizens Bank of Rhode Island Oltru holdings Corp. Fortress Industries Ltd. (Canada) Jolliville Realty and Development Inc. (former name of Jolliville Holdings Corporation)

RODOLFO L. SEE 74, Filipino Bachelor of Science in Business Administration, Far Eastern University	 Present: Director (since January 2009) Director (since August 18, 2004) Chairman, President (since 1980) Chairman, President (since 1974) Owner (since 1982) 	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp. Jolliville Holdings Corporation Gold Prize Food Manufacturing Corp. Gold Medal Food Manufacturing Corp. International Food Snack Corp. (exporter of locally produced dried fruit products)
DEXTER E. QUINTANA 64, Filipino Masters in Business Administration, Graduate School of Business, University of the Philippines	 Present: President (since 1984) President (since 1987) Managing Director (since 2008) Previous: Independent Director (From July 20, 2001 to June 24, 2014) 	First Property Ventures, Inc. (realty development and commercial property leasing firm) Quintas Management Insurance Brokers, Inc. (life and non-life underwriting firm) Strategic Partners Alliance Inc. (management consultancy & financial intermediation firm) Jolliville Holdings corporation

SERGIO ORTIZ-LUIS JR. 72, Filipino Bachelor of Science in Business Administration Master of Business Administration (Candidate) De La Salle University PhD Humanities hc Central Luzon State University PhD Business Technology hc Eulogio "Amang" Rodriguez Institute of Science and Technology	 Present: President (since 1991) Honorary Chairman/Treasurer (since 2013) Honorary Chairman/Governor (since 1991) Member, Council of Advisers (since 2013) Founding Director (since 2001) Vice Chairman (since 2005) Vice Chairman (since 2008) Director (since 2008) Director (since 1997) Director (since 2012) Director (since 2012) Director (since 2012) Director (since 2012) 	Philippine Exporters Confederation Inc. Philippine Chamber of Commerce & Industry Employers' Confederation of the Philippines Philippine Trade Foundation, Inc. (Team Phil.) International Chamber of Commerce of the Phil. Philippine Small & Medium Enterprises Devt. Alliance Global, Inc. Waterfront Philippines, Inc. Manila Exposition Complex, Inc. (World Trade Ctr.) Lasaltech Adademy Philippine Estate Corporation BA Securities Rural Bank of Baguio
PhD Business Technology hc	Advisers (since 2013)	
Eulogio "Amang" Rodriguez	 Founding Director (since 	International Chamber of
Institute of Science and		Commerce of the Phil.
Technology		
	,	-
	-	-
	. ,	
	 Director (since 1997) 	
	Director (since 2000)	
		-
	· · · · ·	
	 Honorary Chairman (since 	Integrated Concepts &
	2008)	Solutions, Inc.
	• Board of Advisers (since	
	2009)	Southville International School
	 Founding Director (since 	and Colleges
	1995)	GSI (Formerly Philippine Article
	 Vice Chairman (since 	Numbering Council)
	2012)	Export Development Council
	 Commissioner/Auditor (sin as 1002) 	(EDC)
	(since 1992)	Datrol 117 (Foundation for
	 Independent Director (since June 25, 2014) 	Patrol 117 (Foundation for Crime Prevention)
		Jolliville Holdings Corporation
	 Independent Director (since 	Joinvine Holdings Corporation

The Company's success and growth depends in no small measure to the continued service of its Founder, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jolly Lim Ting. His vision and strategic plans have allowed the Company and the Group to grow to where it is now. While Mr. Ting continues to provide the strategic direction to the Group, he has put to work in the business his children as well as some professional managers to add depth to his management team. Mr. Ting is the closest there is to a significant employee in the Group. There are no other such persons.

Ms. Ortrud T. Yao, Ms. Nanette T. Ongcarranceja, and Ms. Melody T. Lancaster are siblings and they are all children of Mr. Jolly L. Ting.

None of the members of the Board is involved in any legal proceeding, pending or otherwise, for the past 5 years and up to the date of this report.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Others
A	Jolly L. Ting, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer				
В	Nanette T. Ongcarranceja, President/Chief Operating Officer				
С	Ortrud T. Yao, Treasurer/Asst. Corp. S Finance Officer	Sec./Chief			
D	Melody T. Lancaster, Vice President				
	TOTAL	2016*	8,049,083	623,960	52,920
		2015	7,665,793	594,248	50,400
		2014	7,300,755	565,950	48,000
		2013	6,953,100	490,000	-
Е	All other officers and directors as	2016*	6,486,181	2,402,142	168,000
	a group unnamed	2015	6,177,315	2,287,754	160,000
		2014	6,568,912	521,903	-
		2013	6,256,107	497,050	-

Annual Compensation

*estimated amounts

There are no existing arrangements/agreements in which said directors and officers are to be compensated during the last and ensuing year. Neither are there any employment contracts and termination of employment and change-in-control arrangements.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

Title of Class	Name and Address of Record and relationship with Issuer	Beneficial Owner and relationship with record owner	Citizenship	Number of Shares	Percent of Record Owner
Common	Elgeete Holdings, Inc. (4/F 20 Lansbergh Place, 170 Tomas Morato Ave., cor. Sct. Castor St., Quezon City)	Ting Family	Filipino	125,783,791	44.68
Common	IGC Securities Inc. (Suite 1006, Tower I & Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City)		Filipino	56,409,639	20.04
Common	Myron Ventures, Corp.		Filipino	18,000,000	6.39
Common	Lucky Securities, Inc. (1402-B West Tower, PSE Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City		Filipino	14,170,000	5.03

The following table presents the record/beneficial owners who in person or as group own more than five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company.

Elgeete Holdings, Inc. is a private holding company, substantially owned and controlled by members of the Ting Family. Mr. Jolly L. Ting, the single largest stockholder among the Ting Family in this company, exercises the voting power over the shares.

IGC Securities Inc. and Lucky Securities, Inc. are participants in the Philippine Central Depository, Inc., a private company organized to implement an automated book entry system of handling securities transactions in the Philippines. None of their clients own more than five percent of the Company's total outstanding common shares of stock.

Myron Ventures Corp. is a domestic corporation duly registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and authorized its Chairman, Mr. Ray Anthony T. Ong, to vote for its shares during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Item 13. Security Ownership of Management

The shares owned of record or beneficially by the directors and each of the named executive officers previously named are as follows:

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent of Class
Common	Jolly L. Ting	959,999 (direct)	Filipino	0.34
Common	Jolly L. Ting	21,280,175 (indirect)	Filipino	7.56
Common	Rodolfo L. See	5,994,000 (direct)	Filipino	2.13
Common	Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	500,001 (direct)	Filipino	0.18
Common	Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	9,366,278 (indirect)	Filipino	3.33
Common	Melody T. Lancaster	1 (direct)	Filipino	0.00
Common	Melody T. Lancaster	9,181,491 (indirect)	Filipino	3.26
Common	Ortrud T. Yao	1,000,001 (direct)	Filipino	0.36
Common	Ortrud T. Yao	9,181,491 (indirect)	Filipino	3.26
Common	Dexter E. Quintana	854,001 (direct)	Filipino	0.30
Common	Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis Jr.	1,000 (direct)	Filipino	-

Directors and officers as a group hold a total of 58,318,438 shares equivalent to 20.72% of Jolliville Holdings Corporation's issued and outstanding capital stock.

Item 14. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Company, in the regular course of trade or business, enters into transactions with affiliates/related companies principally consisting of management fees, leasing agreements and cash advances. Generally, management and leasing arrangements are renewed on an annual basis and are based on terms similar to those offered to non-related parties.

There are no other transactions undertaken or to be undertaken by the Company in which any Director or Executive Officer, nominee for election as Director, or any member of their immediate family was or will be involved or had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

Please refer to Note 17 of the attached 2015 consolidated financial statements.

PART IV – CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Item 15. Please refer to the attached Annual Corporate Governance Report.

PART V - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

Item 16. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

(a) Exhibits

The only exhibit applicable is the "Subsidiaries of the Registrant". The required information has already been discussed in Part I, Item I of this Report.

(b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C

Date	Excerpts
January 12, 2015	Updates in the ACGR in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular 1, Series of 2014
May 13, 2015	Purchase of Tabuk Water Corp. from Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.
May 28, 2015	Notice of the Company's annual stockholders' meeting
June 24, 2015	Results of Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 24 June 2015 and election of Directors to serve under the Audit and Risk, Nomination, Executive, and Compensation and Remuneration Committees
July 7, 2015	Certification of Independent Directors
August 3, 2015	Certificate of completion to Corporate Governance Seminar in Compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20, Series of 2013 – Anna Francesca C. Respicio
December 1, 2015	Certificate of completion to Corporate Governance Seminar in Compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20, Series of 2013 – Jolly L. Ting, Nanette T. Ongcarranceja, Melody T. Lancaster, Ortrud T. Yao, Dexter E. Quintana, and Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis Jr.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in Quezon City on $\frac{12}{1200}$ APP $\frac{202016}{12000}$.

By: Jolly L. Ting Chairman

Nanette T. Ongcarranceia

Nanette T. Ongcarranceja President Jun

Ortrud T. Yao Chief Finance Officer

pomenten

Princess O. Montecir Principal Accounting Officer

1 2 ABr 2016

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this exhibiting to me their Residence Certificates, as follows:

NAMES Jolly L. Ting Nanette T. Ongcarranceja Ortrud T. Yao Princess O. Montecir RES. CERT. NO. 11046095 11046086 11046101 11046081 DATE OF ISSUE January 14, 2016 January 14, 2016 January 14, 2016 January 14, 2016 PLACE OF ISSUE Quezon City Quezon City Quezon City Quezon City

20 affiant(s)

DOC. NU. _______ PAGE NO. ______ BOOK NO. ______ SFRIES OF ______ 20/6. JOSHUA P. LAPUZ NOTARY Public City of Makati Appointment No. M-231 Until December 31, 2018 Roll No. 45790 IBP Lifetime Roll No. 04897 PTR No. 5323503 / 1-4-16 / Makati City G/F Fedman Suites, 199 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village, Makati City REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) PASIG CITY) S.S.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 2704 East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City, Metro Manila, being the duly elected and qualified Corporate Secretary of JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION (the "Corporation"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, under oath, does hereby certify that the Annual Corporate Governance Report ("ACGR") attached herewith as Annex "A" is the Corporation's ACGR for the year 2015 and that the significant changes from the previous year were reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission on 7 January 2016 through a secretary's certificate attached herewith as Annex "B".

IN ATTESTATION OF THE ABOVE, this Certificate was signed on APR 0 day 2016 of April 2016 at Pasig City.

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO **Corporate Secretary**

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this <u>APR</u> day of April 2016 at Pasig City, affiant exhibiting to me her Community Tax Certificate No. 15181391 issued on 7 January 2016 at Manila and TIN 419-191-112 as her competent evidence of identity.

Doc. No. 73; Page No. 16; Book No. 1; Series of 2016.

ANN MARGARETI, LORENZO Notary Public for Pasig Gity, San Juan & Pateros Appdintment No. 101 (2016-2017) Commission Expires on December 31, 2017 2704 Eact Tower, Phil, Stock Exchange Contre Exchange Road, Orthas Center, Pasig City PTR No. 2435466 / 01.11.16 / Mandeluyong IBP No. 1023109 / 01.03.16 / Mandeluyong IBP No. 1023109 / 01.03.16 / Mandeluyong

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Annual Corporate Governance Report for the year 2015

SEC Form - ACGR

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM – ACGR

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

(A) Use of Form ACGR

This SEC Form shall be used to meet the requirements of the Revised Code of Corporate Governance.

(B) Preparation of Report

These general instructions are not to be filed with the report. The instructions to the various captions of the form shall not be omitted from the report as filed. The report shall contain the numbers and captions of all items. If any item is inapplicable or the answer thereto is in the *negative*, an appropriate statement to that effect shall be made. Provide an explanation on why the item does not apply to the company or on how the company's practice differs from the Code.

(C) Signature and Filing of the Report

- A. Three (3) complete sets of the report shall be filed with the Main Office of the Commission.
- B. At least one complete copy of the report filed with the Commission shall be **manually** signed.
- C. All reports shall comply with the full disclosure requirements of the Securities Regulation Code.
- D. This report is required to be filed annually together with the company's annual report.

(D) Filing an Amendment

Any material change in the facts set forth in the report occurring within the year shall be reported through SEC Form 17-C. The cover page for the SEC Form 17-C shall indicate "Amendment to the ACGR".

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM – ACGR

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

2015		
1. Report is filed for the Year		
ol	lliville H	Ioldings Corporation
 Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter 4/F 20 Lansbergh Place, 170 Tomas Morato Avenue, 	Quezon	City 1103
3	•••••	
Address of Principal Office		Postal Code
134800		
4. SEC Identification Number	5.	(SEC Use Only)
		Industry Classification Code
000-590-608-000		
6. BIR Tax Identification Number		
(632) 373-3038		
7		
Issuer's Telephone number, including area code N/A		
8		
Former name or former address, if changed from the last re-	eport	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Α.	BOARD MATTERS		6
1)	BOARD OF DIRECTORS		
	(a) Composition of the Board	6	
	(b) Corporate Governance Policy/ies	6	
	(c) Review and Approval of Vision and Vision	6	
	(d) Directorship in Other Companies	7	
	(e) Shareholding in the Company	9	
2)	CHAIRMAN AND CEO	9	
3)	PLAN FOR SUCCESSION OF CEO/MANAGING DIRECTOR/PRESIDENT AND TOP KEY POSITIONS	10	
4)	OTHER EXECUTIVE, NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS	10	
5)	CHANGES IN THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	15	
6)	ORIENTATION AND EDUCATION PROGRAM	23	
в.	CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS		24
	POLICIES	24	24
1)		24 25	
2)		-	
	COMPLIANCE WITH CODE	25	
4)	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	25	
	(a) Policies and Procedures	25	
	(b) Conflict of Interest	25	
5)	FAMILY, COMMERCIAL AND CONTRACTUAL RELATIONS	26	
6)	ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION	27	
C.	BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE		27
1)	SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS	27	
2)	DETAILS OF ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS	27	
3)	SEPARATE MEETING OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	27	
4)	QUORUM REQUIREMENT	28	
5)	ACCESS TO INFORMATION	28	
6)	EXTERNAL ADVICE	29	
7)	CHANGES IN EXISTING POLICIES	29	
D.	REMUNERATION MATTERS		29
1)	REMUNERATION PROCESS	29	
2)	REMUNERATION POLICY AND STRUCTURE FOR DIRECTORS	30	
3)	AGGREGATE REMUNERATION	30	
4)	STOCK RIGHTS, OPTIONS AND WARRANTS	31	
-, 5)	REMUNERATION OF MANAGEMENT	31	
5)		51	
Ε.	BOARD COMMITTEES		32
1)	NUMBER OF MEMBERS, FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES	32	
2)	COMMITTEE MEMBERS	35	
3)	CHANGES IN COMMITTEE MEMBERS	37	
4)	WORK DONE AND ISSUES ADDRESSED	37	
5)	COMMITTEE PROGRAM	38	
F.	RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM		38
1)	STATEMENT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	38	-
	RISK POLICY	39	
2) 3)	CONTROL SYSTEM	40	
-,			
G.	INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL		41
1)	STATEMENT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM	41	
2)	INTERNAL AUDIT		

	(a) Role, Scope an	d Internal Audit Function	42	
	(b) Appointment/	Removal of Internal Auditor	43	
	(c) Reporting Rela	tionship with the Audit Committee	43	
	(d) Resignation, Re	e-assignment and Reasons	43	
	(e) Progress again	st Plans, Issues, Findings and	43	
	Examination Tr	ends		
	(f) Audit Control I	Policies and Procedures	43	
	(g) Mechanisms a	nd Safeguards	44	
н.	ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS			46
١.	DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY			46
J.	RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS			48
	1) RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE EFFE	CTIVELY IN STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS	48	
	2) TREATMENT OF MINORITY S	STOCKHOLDERS	53	
к.	INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM			54
L.	CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY	(INITIATIVES		55
М.	BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AN	D CEO APPRAISAL		55
Ν.	INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIO	NS		55

A. BOARD MATTERS

1) Board of Directors

Number of Directors per Articles of Incorporation	7
Actual number of Directors for the year	7

(a) Composition of the Board

Complete the table with information on the Board of Directors:

Director's Name	Type [Executive (ED), Non- Executive (NED) or Independe nt Director (ID)]	If nomin ee, identif y the princi pal	Nominator in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	Date first elected	Date last elected (if ID, state the number of years served as ID) ¹	Elected when (Annual /Special Meeting)	No. of years served as directo r
JOLLY L. TING	ED	N/A	Dexter E. Quintana	09-06-1986	06-24-2015	ASM 06-24-2015	29
NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	ED	N/A	Rodolfo L. See	03-02-2000	06-24-2015	ASM 06-24-2015	15
ORTRUD T. YAO	ED	N/A	Ortrud T. Yao	07-20-2001	06-24-2015	ASM 06-24-2015	14
MELODY T. LANCASTER	ED	N/A	Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	06-25-2014	06-24-2015	ASM 06-24-2015	2
DEXTER E. QUINTANA	ID	N/A	Lourdes G. Ting	07-20-2001	06-24-2015 (1 year)	ASM 06-24-2015	12
SERGIO R.ORTIZ- LUIS JR.	ID	N/A	Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	06-25-2014	06-24-2015 (1 year)	ASM 06-24-2015	2
RODOLFO L. SEE	NED	N/A	Jolly L. Ting (close friend)	06-29-2006	06-24-2015	ASM 06-24-2015	7

(b) Provide a brief summary of the corporate governance policy that the board of directors has adopted. Please emphasize the policy/ies relative to the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and of other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities.

The Company believes that good corporate governance is a necessary component of what constitutes sound strategic business management. The Company commits to undertake every effort to create awareness within the organization of good corporate governance principles as embodied in its Manual for Corporate Governance.

It shall be the Board's responsibility to foster the long-term success of the Corporation and secure its sustained competitiveness in a manner consistent with its fiduciary responsibility, which it shall exercise in the best interest of the Corporation, its shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board shall conduct itself with utmost honesty and integrity in the discharge of its duties, functions, and responsibilities.

(c) How often does the Board review and approve the vision and mission?

The Board periodically reviews the vision and mission of the organization. The review, while not formally done, is incorporated during the Company's annual strategic planning for the coming year's plans and programs.

¹ Reckoned from the election during the annual stockholders' meeting.

- (d) Directorship in Other Companies
 - (i) Directorship in the Company's Group²

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who hold the office of director in other companies within its Group:

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
JOLLY L. TING	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	Calapan Waterworks Corporation	ED (Chairman)
	Jolliville Group Management Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Servwell BPO International Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Ormina Realty & Development Corp	ED (Chairman)
	Ormin Power Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Jolliville Leisure & Resort Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	Granville Ventures Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Jollideal Marketing Corporation	ED (Chairman)
	Ormin Holdings Corporation	ED (Chairman)
	Elgeete Holdings Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Kenly Resources Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Febra Resources Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	A-net Resources Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	Oltru Holdings Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	KGT Ventures Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	NGTO Resources Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	Melan Properties Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	OTY Development Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	Ibayo Island Resort Corp.	ED (Chairman)
	Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures Inc.	ED (Chairman)
	Tabuk Water Corp.	ED (Chairman)
NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	ED
	Calapan Waterworks Corporation	NED
	Servwell BPO International Inc.	ED
	Jolliville Group Management Inc.	ED
	Ormina Realty & Development Corp	ED
	Jollideal Marketing Corporation	ED
	Ormin Holdings Corporation	ED
	Jolliville Leisure & Resort Corp.	ED
	Granville Ventures Inc.	ED
	Elgeete Holdings Inc.	ED
	Kenly Resources Inc.	ED
	A-net Resources Corp.	ED
	Oltru Holdings Corp.	ED
	Febra Resources Corp.	ED
	KGT Ventures Inc.	ED
	OTY Development Corp.	ED
	Melan Properties Corp.	ED
	NGTO Resources Corp.	ED
	Tabuk Water Corp.	ED
	Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures, Inc.	ED
MELODY T. LANCASTER	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	ED
	Melan Properties Corp.	ED
	Kenly Resources Inc.	ED
	Febra Resources Corp.	ED
	Elgeete Holdings Inc.	ED

² The Group is composed of the parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the company.

	A-net Resources Corp.	NED
	Oltru Holdings Corp.	NED
	Ormina Realty & Development. Corp.	NED
	Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures Inc.	NED
	Granville Ventures, Inc.	ED
ORTRUD T. YAO	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	ED
	Ormina Realty & Development Corp.	ED
	Jolliville Group Management Inc.	ED
	Servwell BPO International Inc.	ED
	Granville Ventures, Inc.	ED
	Jollideal Marketing Corporation	ED
	Jolliville Leisure & Resort Corp.	ED
	Ormin Holdings Corporation	ED
	Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures Inc.	
	Ormin Power Inc.	ED
	Tabuk Water Corp.	ED
	Calapan Waterworks Corporation	ED
	Metro Agoo Waterworks Inc.	ED
	Nation Water Corporation	ED
	Melan Properties Corp.	ED
	NGTO Resources Corp.	ED
	KGT Ventures Inc.	ED
	OTY Development Corp.	ED
	Ibayo Island Resort Corp.	ED
RODOLFO L. SEE	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	NED
DEXTER E. QUINTANA	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	ID
SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.	Philippine H2O Ventures Corp.	ID

(ii) Directorship in Other Listed Companies

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who are also directors of publicly-listed companies outside of its Group:

Director's Name	Name of Listed Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
None.		

(iii) Relationship within the Company and its Group

Provide details, as and if applicable, of any relation among the members of the Board of Directors, which links them to significant shareholders in the company and/or in its group:

Director's Name	Name of the Significant Shareholder	Description of the relationship
Jolly L. Ting		
Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	Elgeete Holdings Inc.	More than 5% owner
Melody T. Lancaster		
Ortrud T. Yao		

(iv) Has the company set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies (publicly listed, ordinary and companies with secondary license) that an individual director or CEO may hold simultaneously? In particular, is the limit of five board seats in other publicly listed companies imposed and observed? If yes, briefly describe other guidelines:

	Guidelines	Maximum Number of Directorships in other companies
Executive Director	Please see explanation below.	
Non-Executive Director		
CEO		

The Company has not set any limits on the number of board seats that an individual director or CEO may hold simultaneously. The top executive of the Company—the Chairman, holds his position on a full time and exclusive basis.

(e) Shareholding in the Company

Complete the following table on the members of the company's Board of Directors who directly and indirectly own shares in the company:

Name of Director	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
JOLLY L. TING	959,999	None	0.3410%
NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	500,001	None	0.1776%
RODOLFO L. SEE	5,994,000	None	2.1293%
ORTRUD T. YAO	1,000,001	None	0.3552%
MELODY T. LANCASTER	1	None	0.0%
DEXTER E. QUINTANA	1	None	0.0%
SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.	1,000	None	0.0000%

*Numbers indicated above are as of 31 December 2015.

2) Chairman and CEO

(a) Do different persons assume the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO? If no, describe the checks and balances laid down to ensure that the Board gets the benefit of independent views.

Yes

No X

Identify the Chair and CEO:

Chairman of the Board	JOLLY L. TING
CEO/President	JOLLY L. TING/NANETTE T.
	ONGCARRANCEJA

Board meetings are regularly scheduled and votes from various committees are in place at times when there are corporate decisions to be made. This is to ensure that all board members are given a clear picture of the situations and concerns of the corporation and for them to be able to address directly their consent/disapprovals. The matters for Board decision are extensively discussed and the President abstains from the deliberations on any matter in which he may have a conflict of interest.

(b) Roles, Accountabilities and Deliverables

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Chairman and CEO.

	Chairman	Chief Executive Officer
Role	 The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the directors and shareholders and accordingly 	 Supervise and control all the business and affairs of the Company.

	 authenticate all minutes thereof in conjunction with the Secretary. He shall also exercise such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors assign to him. The Chairman, together with the rest of the Board of Directors, provides strategic direction to the Company. The Chairman ensures that the board functions in an effective and collegial manner. 	 In the absence of the Chairman of the Board, preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and stockholders. Initiate and develop corporate objectives and policies and formulate long-range projects, plans and programs for the approval of the Board of Directors. Supervise and manage the affairs of the Company upon the direction of the Board of Directors. Implement the administrative and operational policies of the Company. Perform all duties incident to the office(s) of the President, those provided in the existing laws and regulations and the By-Laws, and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors from time to time. Appoint, remove, suspend, or discipline employees, prescribe their duties, and determine their salaries. Represent the Company in all functions and proceedings.
Accountabilities	• Attest to the accuracy of the minutes	Oversee the preparation of
	of stockholders' meetings prepared	budgets and statements of
	by the Corporate Secretary.Together with other officers	account of the Company.Together with other officers
	designated by the Board, sign all checks, drafts, or other orders with respect to any funds of the Company maintained in any bank, any deed,	designated by the Board, sign all checks, drafts, or other orders with respect to any funds of the Company
	mortgage, bond, contract, or other instrument which the Board of	maintained in any bank, certificates of stock of the
	Directors has authorized to be executed.	Company, any deed, mortgage,
		bond, contract, or other instrument which the Board of
		Directors has authorized to be executed.
Deliverables	Minutes of Stockholders' meetings	 Budgets and statements of account of the Company
	 Various regulatory submissions that may require the signature of the 	account of the CompanyReports to the Board and
	Chairman of the Board of Directors.	stockholders
		 Signed certificates of stock

Although the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company is one and the same person, the Board makes sure to consider independent views and perspectives in its decision-making.

3) Explain how the board of directors plans for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and the top key management positions?

The Company's senior officers work closely with the CEO/President and under the guidance of the Board of Directors to ensure that they are given ample training and experience in running the Company. This approach exposes the senior officers to the day-to-day demands of Company operations.

4) Other Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors

Does the company have a policy of ensuring diversity of experience and background of directors in the board? Please explain.

The Nomination Committee evaluates the nominees for election as directors to ensure that there is diversity of experience and backgrounds. This is part of the duty of the Nomination Committee when they pre-screen and shortlist the nominees for election as directors.

Does it ensure that at least one non-executive director has an experience in the sector or industry the company belongs to? Please explain.

Yes, as part of the Nomination Committee's duties is to evaluate the nominees for election as directors. Thus, when they pre-screen the candidates, they assess the nominees' background to ensure that at least one of the directors is familiar with the information technology business and the trends and prospects in the industry. The Nomination Committee also ensures that there is diversity of experience and backgrounds in the Board.

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors:

	business practices.		business practices.		business practices.
•	Identify the	•	Identify the	•	Identify the
	Corporation's major		Corporation's major		Corporation's major
	and other		and other		and other
	stakeholders and		stakeholders and		stakeholders and
	formulate a clear		formulate a clear		formulate a clear
	policy on		policy on		policy on
	communicating or		communicating or		communicating or
	relating with them		relating with them		relating with them
	through an effective		through an effective		through an effective
	investor relations		investor relations		investor relations
	program.		program.		program.
•	Adopt a system of	•	Adopt a system of	•	Adopt a system of
	internal checks and		internal checks and		internal checks and
	balances, which		balances, which		balances, which
	shall include checks		shall include checks		shall include checks
	and balances in case		and balances in case		and balances in case
	of unified positions.		of unified positions.		of unified positions.
•	Identify key risk	•	Identify key risk	•	Identify key risk
	areas and key		areas and key		areas and key
	performance		performance		performance
	indicators and		indicators and		indicators and
	monitor these		monitor these		monitor these
	factors with due		factors with due		factors with due
	diligence.		diligence.		diligence.
•	Keep the Board	•	Keep the Board	•	Keep the Board
	authority within the		authority within the		authority within the
	powers of the		powers of the		powers of the
	institution as		institution as		institution as
	prescribed in the		prescribed in the		prescribed in the
	Articles of		Articles of		Articles of
	Incorporation, By-		Incorporation, By-		Incorporation, By-
	Laws and in existing		Laws and in existing		Laws and in existing
	laws, rules and		laws, rules and		laws, rules and
	regulation.		regulation.		regulation.
•	Constitute the	٠	Constitute the	•	Constitute the
	Executive,		Executive,		Executive,
	Compensation and		Compensation and		Compensation and
	Remuneration,		Remuneration,		Remuneration,
	Audit and		Audit and		Audit and
	Nomination		Nomination		Nomination
	Committees and		Committees and		Committees and
	appoint the		appoint the		appoint the
	members thereof in		members thereof in		members thereof in
	keeping with the		keeping with the		keeping with the
	principles of good		principles of good		principles of good
	corporate		corporate		corporate
	governance and in		governance and in		governance and in
	accordance with the		accordance with the		accordance with the
	provisions of this		provisions of this		provisions of this
	Manual.		Manual.		Manual.
•	Provide the	•	Provide the	•	Provide the
	stockholder with a		stockholder with a		stockholder with a
	balanced and		balanced and		balanced and
	understandable		understandable		understandable
	assessment of the		assessment of the		assessment of the
	corporation's	1	corporation's		corporation's
	performance,		performance,		performance,

	position and	position and	position and
	prospects.	prospects.	prospects.
•	 Explain its 	 Explain its 	 Explain its
	responsibility for	responsibility for	responsibility for
	preparing the	preparing the	preparing the
	accounts, for which	accounts, for which	accounts, for which
	there should be a	there should be a	there should be a
	statement by the	statement by the	statement by the
	auditors about its	auditors about its	auditors about its
	reporting	reporting	reporting
	responsibilities.	responsibilities.	responsibilities.
•	 Require the chief 	 Require the chief 	 Require the chief
	audit executive to	audit executive to	audit executive to
	render to the Audit	render to the Audit	render to the Audit
	Committee and	Committee and	Committee and
	senior management	senior management	senior management
	an annual report on	an annual report on	an annual report on
	the internal audit	the internal audit	the internal audit
	department's	department's	department's
	activity, purpose,	activity, purpose,	activity, purpose,
	authority,	authority,	authority,
	responsibility and	responsibility and	responsibility and
	performance	performance	performance
	relative to the audit	relative to the audit	relative to the audit
	plans and strategies	plans and strategies	plans and strategies
	approved by the	approved by the	approved by the
	Audit Committee.	Audit Committee.	Audit Committee.
		• Appoint competent,	• Appoint competent,
	professional,	professional,	professional,
	honest, and highly	honest, and highly	honest, and highly
	motivated	motivated	motivated
	management	management	management
	officers.	officers.	officers.
	Adopt an effective	 Adopt an effective 	Adopt an effective
	succession-planning	succession-planning	succession-planning
	program for	program for	program for
	management.	management.	management.
	Provide sound	 Provide sound 	 Provide sound
	strategic policies	strategic policies	strategic policies
	and guidelines to	and guidelines to	and guidelines to
	management on	management on	management on
	major capital	major capital	major capital
	expenditures.	expenditures.	expenditures.
		 Establish and 	Establish and
	maintain alternative	maintain alternative	maintain alternative
	dispute resolution	dispute resolution	dispute resolution
	system that can	system that can	system that can
	amicably settle	amicably settle	amicably settle
	conflicts or	conflicts or	conflicts or
	differences between	differences between	differences between
	the Corporation and	the Corporation and	the Corporation and
	its stockholders, and	its stockholders, and	its stockholders, and
	the Corporation and	the Corporation and	the Corporation and
	third parties.	third parties.	third parties.
•	Appoint a	Appoint a Compliance Officer	Appoint a Compliance Officer
	Compliance Officer,	Compliance Officer,	Compliance Officer,
	who shall have the	who shall have the	who shall have the
	rank of at least vice	rank of at least vice	rank of at least vice

	1		1			
		president or its		president or its		president or its
		equivalent. In the		equivalent. In the		equivalent. In the
		absence of such		absence of such		absence of such
		appointment, the		appointment, the		appointment, the
		Corporate Secretary		Corporate Secretary		Corporate Secretary
		shall act as		shall act as		shall act as
		Compliance Officer.		Compliance Officer.		Compliance Officer.
	•	Run the day-to-day		·		
		operations of the				
		department or unit				
		that he/she heads.				
Accountabilities	•	Conduct fair	•	Conduct fair	•	Conduct fair
		business		business		business
		transactions with the		transactions with the		transactions with the
		Corporation and		Corporation and		Corporation and
		ensure that personal		ensure that personal		ensure that personal
		interests do not		interests do not		interests do not
		prejudice Board		prejudice Board		prejudice Board
		decisions; act in a		decisions; act in a		decisions; act in a
		manner		manner		manner
		characterized by		characterized by		characterized by
		transparency,		transparency,		transparency,
		accountability and		accountability and		accountability and
		fairness.		fairness.		fairness.
	•	Devote time and	•	Devote time and	•	Devote time and
		attention necessary		attention necessary		attention necessary
		to properly		to properly		to properly
		discharge his duties		discharge his duties		discharge his duties
		and responsibilities.		and responsibilities.		and responsibilities.
	•	Act judiciously and	•	Act judiciously and	•	Act judiciously and
		exercise		exercise		exercise
		independent		independent		independent
		judgment.		judgment.		judgment.
	•	Have a working	•	Have a working	•	Have a working
		knowledge of the		knowledge of the		knowledge of the
		statutory and		statutory and		statutory and
		regulatory		regulatory		regulatory
		requirements		requirements		requirements
		affecting the		affecting the		affecting the
		Corporation,		Corporation,		Corporation,
		including the		including the		including the
		contents of its		contents of its		contents of its
		Articles of		Articles of		Articles of
		Incorporation and		Incorporation and		Incorporation and
		By-Laws, the		By-Laws, the		By-Laws, the
		requirements of the		requirements of the		requirements of the
		Commission, and		Commission, and		Commission, and
		where applicable,		where applicable,		where applicable,
		the requirements of		the requirements of		the requirements of
		other regulatory		other regulatory		other regulatory
		agencies.		agencies.		agencies.
	•	Observe	•	Observe	•	Observe
	-		•		-	
		confidentiality.		confidentiality.		confidentiality.
	•	Ensure the	•	Ensure the	•	Ensure the
		continuing		continuing		continuing
		soundness,		soundness,	1	soundness,
		effectiveness and adequacy of the		effectiveness and adequacy of the		effectiveness and adequacy of the

	1	l I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
	Corporation's	Corporation's	Corporation's
	control	control	control
	environment.	environment.	environment.
	 Attend regular and 	Attend regular and	Attend regular and
	special meetings of	special meetings of	special meetings of
	the Board in person	the Board in person	the Board in person
	or by	or by	or by
	teleconferencing,	teleconferencing,	teleconferencing,
	subject to existing	subject to existing	subject to existing
	regulations.	regulations.	regulations.
Deliverables	 Attend Board 	Attend Board	Attend Board
	meetings	meetings	meetings
	 Establishment of 	Establishment of	Establishment of
	internal control	internal control	internal control
	mechanisms	mechanisms	mechanisms
	Policy on	Policy on	Policy on
	communicating with	communicating with	communicating with
	stakeholders	stakeholders	stakeholders
	• System of internal	System of internal	System of internal
	checks and balances.	checks and balances.	checks and balances.
	• Constitute Executive,	Constitute Executive,	Constitute Executive,
	Compensation and	Compensation and	Compensation and
	Remuneration,	Remuneration,	Remuneration,
	Audit, and	Audit, and	Audit, and
	Nomination	Nomination	Nomination
	Committees	Committees	Committees
	Succession planning	Succession planning	Succession planning
	program for	program for	program for
	Management	Management	Management
	 Policies and 	Policies and	Policies and
	guidelines on major	guidelines on major	guidelines on major
	capital expenditures	capital expenditures	capital expenditures
	Alternative dispute	Alternative dispute	Alternative dispute
	resolution system	resolution system resol	lution system

Provide the company's definition of "independence" and describe the company's compliance to the definition.

The Company defines "independence" as freedom from any business, family, professional, or other relationship that could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with an officer's independent judgment in carrying out responsibilities. The Company complies with this view of independence by ensuring that the independent directors elected not only meet the professional criteria of competence but also are able to freely profess their views on the policies and operations of the Company untainted or unhampered by any relationship or other considerations other than what is best for the Company, its stockholders, and the community where the Company operates.

Does the company have a term limit of five consecutive years for independent directors? If after two years, the company wishes to bring back an independent director who had served for five years, does it limit the term for no more than four additional years? Please explain.

The Company has adopted the guidelines set by the SEC in the term limits of independent directors. Consistent with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, Series of 2011, the Company has a term limit of five (5) consecutive years for independent directors. Tenure of at least six months is considered one year. Following a two (2) year 'cooling-off' period, a person who previously served as independent director may seek re-election for another period of five (5) consecutive years. The Company adheres to the maximum limit of ten (10) years set by the SEC. Thus, an independent director who has served for a total of 10 years shall no longer be nominated for election as independent director.

5) Changes in the Board of Directors (Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors)

(a) Resignation/Death/Removal

Indicate any changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that happened during the period: For the period covered by this report, there were no changes in the membership of the Board of Directors.

Name	Position	Date of Cessation	Reason
None			

(b) Selection/Appointment, Re-election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension

Describe the procedures for the selection/appointment, re-election, disqualification, removal, reinstatement and suspension of the members of the Board of Directors. Provide details of the processes adopted (including the frequency of election) and the criteria employed in each procedure:

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
a. Selection/Appointment		
(i) Executive Directors	Nominations for election as directors shall be submitted to the Nomination Committee not later than 30 January of each year. Thereafter, the Nomination Committee meets to consider all nominees in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications set by the Manual of Corporate Governance and by the Board.	 Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation. At least a college graduate, or in lieu of a formal education, he must have gained sufficient experience in managing the business. At least 21 years old. Proven integrity, probity and assiduousness. Possesses other qualifications as shall be prescribed by the Board.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	Nominations for election as directors shall be submitted to the Nomination Committee not later than 30 January of each year. Thereafter, the Nomination Committee meets to consider all nominees in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications set by the Manual of Corporate Governance and by the Board.	 Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation. At least a college graduate, or in lieu of a formal education, he must have gained sufficient experience in managing the business. At least 21 years old. Proven integrity, probity and assiduousness. Possesses other qualifications as shall be prescribed by the Board.
(iii) Independent Directors	Nominations for election as directors shall be submitted to the Nomination Committee not later than 30 January of each year. Thereafter, the Nomination Committee meets to consider all nominees in	 Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation. At least a college graduate, or in lieu of a formal education, he must have gained

	qualifications and disqualifications set by the Manual of Corporate Governance and by the Board.	 sufficient experience in managing the business. At least 21 years old. Proven integrity, probity and assiduousness. Possesses other qualifications as shall be prescribed by the Board.
b. Re-appointment		
(i) Executive Directors	Nominations for election as directors shall be submitted to the Nomination Committee not later than 30 January of each year. Thereafter, the Nomination Committee meets to consider all nominees in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications set by the Manual of Corporate Governance and by the Board.	 Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation. At least a college graduate, or in lieu of a formal education, he must have gained sufficient experience in managing the business. At least 21 years old. Proven integrity, probity and assiduousness. Possesses other qualifications as shall be prescribed by the Board.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	Nominations for election as directors shall be submitted to the Nomination Committee not later than 30 January of each year. Thereafter, the Nomination Committee meets to consider all nominees in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications set by the Manual of Corporate Governance and by the Board.	 Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation. At least a college graduate, or in lieu of a formal education, he must have gained sufficient experience in managing the business. At least 21 years old. Proven integrity, probity and assiduousness. Possesses other qualifications as shall be prescribed by the Board.
(iii) Independent Directors	Nominations for election as directors shall be submitted to the Nomination Committee not later than 30 January of each year. Thereafter, the Nomination Committee meets to consider all nominees in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications set by the Manual of Corporate Governance and by the Board.	 Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation. At least a college graduate, or in lieu of a formal education, he must have gained sufficient experience in managing the business. At least 21 years old. Proven integrity, probity and assiduousness. Possesses other qualifications as shall be prescribed by the Board.
c. Permanent Disqualification		
(i) Executive Directors	The Nomination Committee	The By-Laws of the Company

		
	pre-screens and shortlists all candidates nominated to become a member of the Board. In case the ground for disqualification arises during the incumbency of a director, he shall automatically cease to become a member and shall immediately vacate the office.	provide that the following persons shall be disqualified from being elected as members of the Board of Directors: a. any person finally convicted judicially of an offense involving corruption, fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false oath, perjury, or other fraudulent acts; b. any person finally found by the Securities and Exchange Commission or a court or other administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of, any provision of the SRC, the Corporation Code, or any other law administered by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas; c. any person judicially declared to be insolvent; d. any person finally found guilty by a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct listed in the foregoing paragraphs; and e. conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding 6 years, or a violation of the Cormoration Code, or any
		similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct listed in the foregoing paragraphs; and e. conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding 6
		appointment.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The Nomination Committee pre-screens and shortlists all candidates nominated to become a member of the Board. In case the ground for disqualification arises during the incumbency of a director,	The By-Laws of the Company provide that the following persons shall be disqualified from being elected as members of the Board of Directors: a. any person finally
	he shall automatically cease to become a member and shall immediately vacate the office.	convicted judicially of an offense involving corruption, fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting,

		misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false oath, perjury, or other fraudulent acts; b. any person finally found by the Securities and Exchange Commission or a court or other administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of, any provision of the SRC, the Corporation Code, or any other law administered by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas; c. any person judicially declared to be insolvent; d. any person finally found guilty by a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct
		listed in the foregoing paragraphs; and e. conviction by final
		judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding 6 years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within 5 years prior to the date of his election or appointment.
(iii) Independent Directors	The Nomination Committee pre-screens and shortlists all candidates nominated to become a member of the Board. In case the ground for disqualification arises during the incumbency of a director, he shall automatically cease to become a member and shall immediately vacate the office.	Independent directors shall be disqualified if they commit any of the acts that disqualify a regular director or if he fails to meet the requirements or qualifications for an independent director as stated above.
d. Temporary Disqualification	3	
(i) Executive Directors	If the ground for disqualification is refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification	The Board may provide for the temporary disqualification of a director for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.

	succeeding election.	of all regular and special
	If the ground is dismissal or	meetings of the Board during
	termination for cause as	his incumbency, or any 12-
	director of any corporation	month period during the said
	covered by the SRC, the	incumbency, unless the
	disqualification shall be in	absence is due to illness,
	effect until he has cleared	death in the immediate family
	himself from any involvement	or serious accident.
	in the cause that gave rise to	c. Dismissal or termination for
	his dismissal or termination.	cause as director of any
	If the beneficial equity	corporation covered by the
	ownership of an independent	SRC.
	director in the Company or its	d. If the beneficial equity
	subsidiaries and affiliates	ownership of an independent
	exceeds two percent of its	director in the Company or its
	subscribed capital stock, the	subsidiaries and affiliates
	disqualification shall be lifted if	exceeds two percent of its
	the limit is later complied with.	subscribed capital stock.
	A temporarily disqualified	e. If any of the judgments or
	director shall, within 60	orders cited in the grounds
	business days from such	for permanent
	disqualification, take the	disqualification has not yet
	appropriate action to remedy	become final.
	or correct the disqualification.	
	If he fails or refuses to do so	
	for unjustified reasons, the	
	disqualification shall become	
	permanent.	
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	If the ground for	The Board may provide for
	disqualification is refusal to	the temporary
	comply with the disclosure	
		disqualification of a director
		disqualification of a director for any of the following
	requirements, the	for any of the following
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in	for any of the following reasons:
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists.	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50%
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election.	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election. If the ground is dismissal or	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election. If the ground is dismissal or termination for cause as	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any 12-
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election. If the ground is dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any 12- month period during the said
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	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election. If the ground is dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation covered by the SRC, the disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself from any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination.	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any 12- month period during the said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. c. Dismissal or termination for cause as director of any
	requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election. If the ground is dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation covered by the SRC, the disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself from any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination. If the beneficial equity	for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any 12- month period during the said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. c. Dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation covered by the
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	business days from such disqualification, take the appropriate action to remedy or correct the disqualification. If he fails or refuses to do so for unjustified reasons, the disqualification shall become permanent.	for permanent disqualification has not yet become final.
(iii) Independent Directors	If the ground for disqualification is refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements, the disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. In case the ground is habitual absence, the disqualification shall apply for purposes of the succeeding election. If the ground is dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation covered by the SRC, the disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself from any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination. If the beneficial equity ownership of an independent director in the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds two percent of its subscribed capital stock, the disqualification shall be lifted if the limit is later complied with. A temporarily disqualified director shall, within 60 business days from such disqualification, take the appropriate action to remedy or correct the disqualification. If he fails or refuses to do so for unjustified reasons, the disqualification shall become permanent.	The Board may provide for the temporary disqualification of a director for any of the following reasons: a. Refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the SRC and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. b. Absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any 12- month period during the said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. c. Dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation covered by the SRC. d. If the beneficial equity ownership of an independent director in the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds two percent of its subscribed capital stock. e. If any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for permanent disqualification has not yet become final.
e. Removal		
(i) Executive Directors	The Board, by resolution at a meeting called for the purpose, shall remove a director as soon as the grounds for permanent disqualification are discovered. Moreover, if a director violates any of the provisions of the Revised Manual on Corporate Governance (MCG), he shall likewise be ousted from office.	

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(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The Board, by resolution at a	
	meeting called for the	
	purpose, shall remove a	
	director as soon as the	
	grounds for permanent	
	disqualification are discovered.	
	Moreover, if a director violates	
	any of the provisions of the	
	Revised Manual on Corporate	
	Governance (MCG), he shall	
	likewise be ousted from office.	
(iii) Independent Directors	The Board, by resolution at a	
	meeting called for the	
	purpose, shall remove a	
	director as soon as the	
	grounds for permanent	
	disqualification are discovered.	
	Moreover, if a director violates	
	any of the provisions of the	
	Revised Manual on Corporate	
	Governance (MCG), he shall	
	likewise be ousted from office.	
f. Re-instatement		
(i) Executive Directors	If the ground is refusal to	
	comply with the disclosure	
	requirements, the director	
	shall be reinstated after he	
	complies with the said	
	requirements.	
	If the ground is dismissal or	
	termination for cause as	
	director of any corporation	
	covered by the SRC, the	
	director shall be reinstated after he has cleared himself	
	from any involvement in the	
	cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination.	
(ii) Non Executive Directory		
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	If the ground is refusal to	
	comply with the disclosure requirements, the director	
	shall be reinstated after he	
	complies with the said	
	requirements.	
	If the ground is dismissal or	
	termination for cause as	
	director of any corporation	
	covered by the SRC, the	
	director shall be reinstated	
	after he has cleared himself	
	from any involvement in the	
	cause that gave rise to his	
	dismissal or termination.	
	If the ground is refusal to	
	comply with the disclosure	
(iii) Independent Directors	requirements, the director	
	shall be reinstated after he	
	complies with the said	
	complies with the salu	<u> </u>

	requirements. If the ground is dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation covered by the SRC, the director shall be reinstated	
	after he has cleared himself from any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his	
	dismissal or termination. If the ground is exceeding the 2% beneficial ownership limit, he shall be reinstated as soon	
	as the limit is complied with.	
g. Suspension		
(i) Executive Directors	To strictly observe and implement the provisions of the Company's MCG, suspension is imposed on directors in case of second violation of any of the provisions of the MCG.	The guidelines mandated in the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance and other standards as may be set by the Board of Directors.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	To strictly observe and implement the provisions of the Company's MCG, suspension is imposed on directors in case of second violation of any of the provisions of the MCG.	The guidelines mandated in the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance and other standards as may be set by the Board of Directors.
(iii) Independent Directors	To strictly observe and implement the provisions of the Company's MCG, suspension is imposed on directors in case of second violation of any of the provisions of the MCG.	The guidelines mandated in the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance and other standards as may be set by the Board of Directors.

Voting Result of the last Annual General Meeting

The following directors were re-elected to the Board during the Company's 2015 annual stockholders' meeting:

Director's Name	Position
JOLLY L. TING	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	President and Chief Operating Officer
MELODY T. LANCASTER	Vice President
ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO	Corporate Secretary
ORTRUD T. YAO	Treasurer/CFO/Asst. Secretary/Compliance Officer
RODOLFO L. SEE	Director
DEXTER E. QUINTANA	Independent Director
SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.	Independent Director

Voting for directors was conducted via *viva voce*. Considering that there were as many nominees as there were seats to be filled, and upon the confirmation of the inspectors appointed by the Board that there was no indication of dissent among the stockholders, the Chairman requested the Corporate Secretary to cast all votes for the nominees.

6) Orientation and Education Program

(a) Disclose details of the company's orientation program for new directors, if any.

The Company has no specific training program for new directors. New directors are given an orientation on the business of the Company. They are also given access to the Company's directors and officers to address any questions or clarifications that new directors may raise.

New directors are asked to undergo workshops or seminars on corporate governance in order to ensure that they meet the regulatory requirements of the SEC and PSE.

(b) State any in-house training and external courses attended by Directors and Senior Management³ for the past three (3) years:

Program	Name of Training Institute
Corporate Planning Leadership Training Team Building	International Benchmark Consulting Network, Inc.

(c) Continuing education programs for directors: programs and seminars and roundtables attended during the year.

The directors are free to choose training programs and seminars that could further improve and enhance their knowledge in their respective fields. Selected trainings and seminars are submitted to the board for approval.

Name of Director/Officer	Date of Training	Program	Name of Training Institution
None			

B. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS

1) Discuss briefly the company's policies on the following business conduct or ethics affecting directors, senior management and employees:

В	usiness Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
(a)	Conflict of Interest	Everyone is duty bound, under the penalty of perjury, to disclose fully their existing business interests, shareholdings, personal activities or relationships that may directly or indirectly conflict with the performance of their intended duties and responsibilities. The Board determines whether each person's business interests, shareholdings, personal activities or relationships result in conflict with the duties and responsibilities in the Company. All employees shall conduct fair business transactions with the Company and ensure that his personal interests do not conflict with the interests of the Company.		
(b)	Conduct of Business and Fair Dealings	The Company shall not enter into arrangements with its competitors to arbitrarily set prices of products and other terms of the market/industry. Customers and suppliers should be dealt with fairly.		
(c)	Receipt of gifts from third parties	Acceptance of gifts and other favors from customers, suppliers, or any other third party which might compromise one's ability to make objective decisions or which might affect the performance of one's duty is strictly prohibited.		

³ Senior Management refers to the CEO and other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company.

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(d)	Compliance with	Compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations must never be
	Laws & Regulations	compromised. Moreover, the Company has an anti-bribery policy. Everyone is
		prohibited from giving anything of value to a government official in exchange for a
		favorable treatment.
(e)	Respect for Trade	Information acquired by virtue of office shall be treated with utmost confidentiality.
(-)	Secrets/Use of	The Company's non-public information should be safeguarded and shall not be
	Non-public	disclosed to third parties. Trading in Company's stocks based on material non-
	Information	public information will be dealt with criminally.
(5)		
(f)	Use of Company	Company assets and funds cannot be used for personal benefit or for the benefit of
	Funds, Assets and	anyone other than the Company. Everyone is discouraged from engaging in
	Information	personal activities during working hours.
(g)	Employment &	Labor Laws are strictly complied with. Moreover, the safety and welfare of all
	Labor Laws &	people working in the Company should be prioritized at all times.
	Policies	
(h)	Disciplinary action The Compliance Officer is responsible for determining violation of the Manual	
		Corporate Governance through notice and hearing. He recommends to the
		Chairman of the Board the imposable penalty for such violation, for further review
		and approval of the Board. The Board shall impose a penalty that is in accordance
		with the Company's HR policy and commensurate to the transgression of the
		person involved on other violations.
(i)	Whistle Blower	Whenever a report is made to the Compliance Officer, the Human Resource
(-/		Department Head, or to any member of the Audit Committee, anonymity and
		confidentiality consistent with conducting a thorough and fair investigation are
		prioritized. Since the Company values people who identify issues that need to be
		addressed, any form of retaliation is proscribed.
(j)	Conflict Resolution	Conflicts are resolved internally as much as possible. It should be resolved in the
U)	Connict Resolution	lowest possible level using procedure that addresses and respects the needs,
		interests and rights of the parties involved.

2) Has the code of ethics or conduct been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees?

Yes. All directors, members of senior management, and employees were furnished copies of the Company's code of ethics upon their assumption of their respective positions in the Company.

3) Discuss how the company implements and monitors compliance with the code of ethics or conduct.

Everyone is mandated to report any violation of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics to the Compliance Officer, Human Resource Department Head, or to any member of the Audit Committee.

4) Related Party Transactions

(a) Policies and Procedures

Describe the company's policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification, monitoring and recording of related party transactions between and among the company and its parent, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, substantial stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents and of interlocking director relationships of members of the Board.

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures
(1) Parent Company	
(2) Joint Ventures	The Company adopts a policy of full disclosure with regard to
(3) Subsidiaries	related party transactions. All terms and conditions of
(4) Entities Under Common Control	related party transactions are reported to the Board o
(5) Substantial Stockholders	Directors.
(6) Officers including	

spouse/children/siblings/parents
(7) Directors including
spouse/children/siblings/parents
(8) Interlocking director relationship
of Board of Directors

(b) Conflict of Interest

(i) Directors/Officers and 5% or more Shareholders

Identify any actual or probable conflict of interest to which directors/officers/5% or more shareholders may be involved.



The Company enters into transactions with full disclosure to the Board of Directors of the related parties involved therein. Moreover, the terms and conditions of contracts are made on an arm's length basis. The Company has not identified any actual or probable conflict of interest situation between the Company and its directors, officers, or shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's outstanding capital stock.

All terms and conditions are submitted to the board for approval. At least one independent director should approve d transaction.

(ii) Mechanism

Describe the mechanism laid down to detect, determine and resolve any possible conflict of interest between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers and significant shareholders.

	Directors/Officers/Significant Shareholders
Company	Among the duties of the Compensation and Remuneration
	Committee is to insure that all incoming officers and
	directors disclose fully their existing business interests or
	shareholdings that may directly or indirectly conflict with
	the performance of their intended duties and
	responsibilities, under the penalty of perjury, and to review
Group	the existing Human Resources Development or Personnel
	Handbook or its equivalent, to strengthen provisions on
	conflict of interest. On the other hand, the Nomination
	Committee considers the possibility of conflicting interest in
	determining the number of directorships that may be held
	by a director.

5) Family, Commercial and Contractual Relations

(a) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a family,⁴ commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more), to the extent that they are known to the company:

Names of Related	Type of Relationship	Brief Description of the
Significant Shareholders		Relationship

⁴ Family relationship up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

None	

(b) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more) and the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
None		

(c) Indicate any shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the company:

Name of Shareholders	% of Capital Stock affected (Parties)	Brief Description of the Transaction
None		

6) Alternative Dispute Resolution

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Describe the alternative dispute resolution system adopted by the company for the last three (3) years in amicably settling conflicts or differences between the corporation and its stockholders, and the corporation and third parties, including regulatory authorities.

	Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Corporation & Stockholders	Conflicts are usually resolved through
Corporation & Third Parties	mediation between the parties. A
	mediator will be selected by the parties
	to facilitate communication and
Corporation & Regulatory Authorities	negotiation and to assist them in
	reaching a voluntary agreement
	regarding the issue involved.

C. BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

1) Are Board of Directors' meetings scheduled before or at the beginning of the year?

As far as practicable, schedules of Board of Directors' meetings are determined at the beginning of the year. However, actual details as to date, time, and venue thereof are subject to change depending on the availability of directors and senior management.

2) Attendance of Directors

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Meetings Held during the year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman/CEO	JOLLY L. TING	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%
President/COO/Director	NANETTE T. ONGCARRANC EJA	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%
Vice-President/Director	MELODY T.	ASM	12	9	75%

	LANCASTER*	6/24/15			
Asst. Corp Sec./	ORTRUD T. YAO	ASM	12	12	100%
Treas./Director		6/24/15			
Director	RODOLFO L. SEE	ASM	12	11	91.67%
		6/24/15			
Independent Director	SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.*	ASM	12	12	85.71%
		6/24/15			
Independent Director	DEXTER E. QUINTANA	ASM	12	12	100%
		6/24/15			

*Elected during the annual stockholders' meeting held on June 24, 2015.

3) Do non-executive directors have a separate meeting during the year without the presence of any executive? If yes, how many times?

None. The non-executive directors of the Board do not meet separately.

4) Is the minimum quorum requirement for Board decisions set at two-thirds of board members? Please explain.

The Company uses the minimum quorum requirement as set forth in the Corporation Code. Thus, when majority of the directors are present, the Board proceeds with transaction of business as stated in the agenda for each meeting.

5) Access to Information

(a) How many days in advance are board papers⁵ for board of directors meetings provided to the board?

The Company has adopted a standard that the board materials should be provided to the members of the Board a week in advance to enable the directors to adequately prepare for the meeting.

(b) Do board members have independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary?

Yes. The Company's Manual of Corporate Governance provides that directors shall enjoy independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary, especially in regard to access to information and documents.

(c) State the policy of the role of the company secretary. Does such role include assisting the Chairman in preparing the board agenda, facilitating training of directors, keeping directors updated regarding any relevant statutory and regulatory changes, etc?

As part of its Manual of Corporate Governance, the Company has prescribed that the role of the Corporate Secretary be, as follows:

- Gather and analyze all documents, records and other information essential to his duties;
- As to agenda, get a complete schedule thereof at least for the current year and put the Board on notice before every meeting;
- Attend all board meetings, except in justifiable cases,
- Keep in custody and preserve the integrity of minutes of the Board meetings and other official records;
- Assist the Board in making business judgments in good faith;

(d) Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices? Please explain should the answer be in the negative.

Yes. Atty. Anna Francesca C. Respicio, the Corporate Secretary, has extensive experience in corporate law practice and possesses administrative and interpersonal skills.

⁵ Board papers consist of complete and adequate information about the matters to be taken in the board meeting. Information includes the background or explanation on matters brought before the Board, disclosures, budgets, forecasts and internal financial documents.

(e) Committee Procedures

Disclose whether there is a procedure that Directors can avail of to enable them to get information necessary to be able to prepare in advance for the meetings of different committees:

Yes x	No
Committee	Details of the procedures
Executive	The Manual of Corporate Governance ensures that the members
Audit	of the Board have unhampered access to the reports produced
Nomination	by the different committees as well as to the individual
Remuneration	members of the committees and senior officers of the
Others (Risk)	Corporation. Inquiries can be made by a member of the Board at any time to enable him to properly perform his duties and responsibilities. The head of the committee is responsible for circulating the agenda one week before a meeting is held. Directors can avail of any information regarding the respective committee meeting from the committee head.

6) External Advice

Indicate whether or not a procedure exists whereby directors can receive external advice and, if so, provide details:

Procedures	Details
The Manual of Corporate Governance provides	This independent professional advice may be
that the members of the Board, whether	sourced from the Corporation's retained external
individually or as a Board, shall have access to	legal counsel or auditors. The Board may likewise
independent professional advice at the	choose to engage professionals in specific
Corporation's expense.	matters.

7) Change/s in existing policies

Indicate, if applicable, any change/s introduced by the Board of Directors (during its most recent term) on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the company and the reason/s for the change:

There were no significant changes introduced by the Board during the period covered by this report that may have a material effect on the business of the Company. In compliance with the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, any such changes are immediately reported to the SEC and the PSE.

Existing Policies	Changes	Reason
None		

D. REMUNERATION MATTERS

Remuneration Process 1)

Disclose the process used for determining the remuneration of the CEO and the four (4) most highly compensated management officers:

Process CEO	650	Top 4 Highest Paid
	CEO	Management Officers

(1) Fixed remuneration	The Compensation and Remuneration Committee is tasked with
(2) Variable remuneration	coming up with a formal and transparent procedure for developing a policy for executive remuneration and fixing the remuneration
(3) Per diem allowance	packages for corporate officers and directors, and provide
(4) Bonus	oversight over remuneration of senior management and key
(5) Stock Options and other financial instruments	personnel to ensure that compensation levels are consistent with the Corporation's culture, strategy, and environment. The Committee also determines the amount of remuneration of directors and officers. The Committee ensures that their
(6) Others (specify)	remuneration is sufficient to attract and retain personnel.

2) Remuneration Policy and Structure for Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Disclose the company's policy on remuneration and the structure of its compensation package. Explain how the compensation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is calculated.

	RemunerationStructure ofPolicyCompensation Packages		How Compensation is Calculated	
Executive Directors	The Corporation's Executive Directors receive remuneration for their services consisting of a fixed amount. They also receive per diems for committee participation or special assignment.			
Non-Executive Directors	compensation for the	n-Executive Directors receive ir services. They also receive on or special assignment.	0	

Do stockholders have the opportunity to approve the decision on total remuneration (fees, allowances, benefits-in-kind and other emoluments) of board of directors? Provide details for the last three (3) years.

Remuneration Scheme	Date of Stockholders' Approval
The remuneration scheme, as disclosed to the stockholders via SEC Form 20-IS, is ratified by the	24 June 2015
stockholders as part of the acts of the Board of Directors of the Company on the previous year during each annual stockholders' meeting.	

3) Aggregate Remuneration

Complete the following table on the aggregate remuneration accrued during the most recent year:

Remuneration Item	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
(a) Fixed Remuneration	6,321,000	1,976,953	3,953,906
(b) Variable Remuneration	-	-	-

(c)	Per diem Allowance	48,000	12,000	24,000
(d)	Bonuses	514,500	161,954	323,909
(e)	Stock Options and/or other financial instruments	-	-	-
(f)	Others (Specify)	-	-	
	Total	6,883,500	2,150,907	4,301,815

	Other Benefits	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Director (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
1)	Advances	-	-	-
2)	Credit granted	-	-	-
3)	Pension Plan/s Contributions	-	-	-
(d)	Pension Plans, Obligations incurred	-	-	-
(e)	Life Insurance Premium	-	-	-
(f)	Hospitalization Plan	-	-	-
(g)	Car Plan	-	-	-
(h)	Others (Specify)	-	-	-
	Total			

4) Stock Rights, Options and Warrants

(a) Board of Directors

Complete the following table, on the members of the company's Board of Directors who own or are entitled to stock rights, options or warrants over the company's shares:

Director's Name	Number of Direct Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Indirect Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Equivalent Shares	Total % from Capital Stock		
None of the members of the Board own or is entitled to stock rights, options or warrants over the						
Company's shares						

(b) Amendments of Incentive Programs

Indicate any amendments and discontinuation of any incentive programs introduced, including the criteria used in the creation of the program. Disclose whether these are subject to approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Stockholders' Approval			
The Company has no existing incentive program.					

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Stockholders' Approval
N/A		

5) Remuneration of Management

Identify the five (5) members of management who are <u>not</u> at the same time executive directors and indicate the total remuneration received during the financial year:

Name of Officer/Position	Total Remuneration
Jefferson Y. Yao	
Roderick Philip A. Ongcarranceja	
Bernard Tuanquin	Php3,449,932
Roger T. Ong	
Robert A. Arandia	

E. BOARD COMMITTEES

1) Number of Members, Functions and Responsibilities

Provide details on the number of members of each committee, its functions, key responsibilities and the power/authority delegated to it by the Board:

	No	. of Mer	nbers				
Committee	Execut ive Direct or (ED)	Non- exec utive Direc tor (NED)	Indepen dent Director (ID)	Committee Charter	Functions	Key Responsibilities	Power
Executive	3				The role of the Executive Committee is to support the Board accomplishes its work in the most efficient way and to strengthen the management and administratio n of the corporation through the performance of its duties and responsibilitie s. It facilitates	Its responsibilities include performing specific directions of the Board of Directors; discussing in detail strategic plans and directions; forming the policy of the corporation and taking action on policies when they effect the work; evaluating participation of directors and handles issues in case of resignation,	It shall exercise any of the powers and attributes, allowable by law, of the Board of Directors during the intervening period between the Board's meetings, and shall report all resolutions adopted by it to the

			li and and a second				
					decision	termination, or	Board of
					making in	discipline of	Directors
					between	members of the	at the first
					Board	Board; providing	meeting
					meetings or in	counsel,	that the
					the case of a	feedback, and	latter may
					crisis or other	support when	subsequen
					urgent	needed and	tly hold.
					circumstances	seeking assurance of full	
						cooperation and participation of	
						every member of	
						the Board;	
						facilitating annual	
						assessment of the	
						member of the	
						board; reviewing	
						the	
						compensation,	
						remuneration,	
						and benefit of the	
						board; overseeing	
						budget	
						preparation and	
						financial planning	
						in coordination	
						with the	
						concerned	
						committees;	
						ensuring	
						compliance with	
						the existing laws	
						and ordinances;	
						overseeing the	
						other committees	
						other committees	
						of the	
						of the corporation;	
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	Its oversight	of the corporation; Its responsibilities	It has the
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting	power to
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the	power to disallow
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of	power to disallow any non-
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight	power to disallow any non- audit work
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures,	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for	power to disallow any non- audit work that will
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process,	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls,	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws,	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations;	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in managing credit,	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call attendees
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity,	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call attendees as
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call attendees as required,
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal and other risks of	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call attendees as required, including
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal and other risks of the Company and	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call attendees as required, including having
Audit and Risk	1	1	1	Y	function covers financial reporting and disclosures, risk management and internal controls, management and internal audit, and external	of the corporation; Its responsibilities include assisting the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing oversight over Management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal and other risks of	power to disallow any non- audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independe nce. It also has the power to call attendees as required, including

Nomination	2	1	Ν	It is	Internal and External Auditors; reviewing the annual internal audit plan and organize an internal audit department; monitoring and evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system; and coordinating, monitoring and facilitating compliance with laws, rules and regulations. Its responsibilities	Manageme nt and auditors. It has the right to seek additional informatio n as necessary to fulfill its responsibili ties.
				It is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and ensuring that both are comprised of the right balance of skills, knowledge and experience.	Its responsibilities include pre- screening and shortlisting all candidates nominated to become a member of the Board and re- defining the role, duties and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer by integrating the dynamic requirements of the business as a going concern and future expansionary prospects within the realm of good corporate governance.	It has the power to seek any informatio n that it requires from employees of the Company, all of whom are directed to co-operate with any request it makes. Moreover, it has the power to employ the services of such advisers as it deems necessary to fulfill its responsibili ties.
Remuneration	2	1	Ν	It's function is to establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing a policy on remuneration packages of corporate officers, directors, senior management and other key personnel to	Its responsibilities include determining the amount of remuneration for the Company's directors and officers; ensuring that all incoming officers and directors disclose fully their existing business interests or shareholdings that may directly or indirectly	It has the power to engage an adviser as it deems necessary to carry out its duties. It also has unrestricte d access to members of manageme nt,

			ensure that the compensation levels are consistent with the Company's culture, strategy and control environment.	conflict with the performance of their intended duties and responsibilities; reviewing the existing Human Resources Development or Personnel Handbook to strengthen provisions on conflict of interest, salaries and benefits policies, promotion and career advancement directives and compliance of personnel concerned with all statutory requirements.	employees and relevant informatio n.
Others (Risk) *The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee.		Ν	It is established to assist the Board in overseeing the Company's practices and processes relating to risk assessment and risk management; maintaining an appropriate risk culture, reporting of financial and business risks and associated internal controls.	It will assist the Board in providing framework to identify, assess, monitor and manage the risks associated with the Company's business; it helps the Board to adopt practices designed to identify significant areas of business and financial risks and to effectively manage those risks in accordance with Company's risk profile; it will develop a formal risk management policy that guides the Company's risk management and compliance processes and procedures.	It has the power to recommen d to the Board changes or improvem ents to key elements of its processes and procedures

2) Committee Members

(a) Executive Committee

Office Name Date of No. of No. of %	Length of
-------------------------------------	-----------

		Appointment	Meetings Held	Meetings Attended		Service in the
						Committee
Chairman	JOLLY L. TING	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	29
Member (ED)	NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	15
Member (ED)	ORTRUD T. YAO	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	14

(b) Audit and Risk Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appoint ment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	DEXTER E. QUINTANA	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	14
Member (NED)	RODOLFO L. SEE	ASM 6/24/15	12	11	91.67 %	9
Member (ED)	ORTRUD T. YAO	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	12

Disclose the profile or qualifications of the Audit Committee members.

The Audit and Risk Committee is composed of three (3) members from the Board, one (1) of whom is an independent director, the chair of the committee. Each member has an accounting and finance backgrounds, and one of whom with audit experience. Also, each member has an adequate understanding of accounting and auditing and risk management principles in general and competence at most of the Corporation's financial management systems and environment.

Describe the Audit Committee's responsibility relative to the external auditor.

The Audit Committee is assigned the responsibility of working closely and regularly with the Corporation's external auditor to evaluate its work.

The Company's Manual of Corporate Governance enumerates the responsibilities of the Audit Committee relative to the external auditor, to wit:

- Perform oversight functions over the Company's Internal and External Auditors. It should ensure that the Internal and External Auditors act independently from each other, and that both auditors are given unrestricted access to all records, properties and personnel to enable them to perform their respective audit functions;
- Pre-approve all audit plans, scope and frequency one (1) month before the conduct of external audit;
- Perform direct interface functions with the external auditors;
- Prior to the commencement of the audit, discuss with the External Auditor the nature, scope and expenses of the audit, and ensure proper coordination if more than one audit firm is involved in the activity to secure proper coverage and minimize duplication of efforts;
- Review the reports submitted by the External Auditors; and
- Evaluate and determine the non-audit work, if any, of the External Auditor, and review periodically the non-audit fees paid to the External Auditor in relation to their significance to the total annual income of the External Auditor and to the Company's overall consultancy expenses; The Committee shall disallow any non-audit work that will conflict with his duties as an External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independence. The non-audit work, if allowed, should be disclosed in the Company's annual report.

(c) Nomination Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointmen t	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Commi ttee
Chairman	MELODY T. LANCASTER	ASM 6/24/15	12	9	75%	2
Member (ID)	DEXTER E. QUINTANA	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	14
Member (ED)	NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	15

(d) Remuneration Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointmen t	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Servic e in the Commi ttee
Chairman	NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	15
Member (ED)	ORTRUD T. YAO	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	14
Member (ID)	SERGIO R. ORTIZ- LUIS JR.	ASM 6/24/15	12	12	100%	2

(e) Others (Specify) – Risk Committee

This is not applicable as the Corporation has an Audit and Risk Committee. Info supplied under the Audit Committee.

Provide the same information on all other committees constituted by the Board of Directors:

Office	Name	Date of Appointme nt	No. of Meeting s Held	No. of Meeting s Attende d	%	Length of Service in the Committe e
Chairman	N/A					
Member (ED)						
Member (NED)						

3) Changes in Committee Members

Indicate any changes in committee membership that occurred during the year and the reason for the changes:

Name of Committee	Name	Reason
Executive	None	
Audit	None	
Nomination	None	
Remuneration	None	

Others (Risk)

4) Work Done and Issues Addressed

Describe the work done by each committee and the significant issues addressed during the year.

Name of Committee	Work Done	Issues Addressed
Executive	Evaluation of current operational procedures.	No significant issues addressed.
Audit	The Committee passed upon and approved the Company's audited financial statements before endorsing for the approval of the Board of Directors.	No significant issues addressed.
Nomination	The Committee passed upon the list of nominees for election as member of the Board of Directors and prepared the final short list of nominee.	No significant issues addressed.
Remuneration	Evaluation of current operational procedures.	No significant issues addressed.
Others (Risk)	The Committee passed upon and approved the Company's audited financial statements before endorsing for the approval of the Board of Directors.	No significant issues addressed.

5) Committee Program

Provide a list of programs that each committee plans to undertake to address relevant issues in the improvement or enforcement of effective governance for the coming year.

Name of Committee	Planned Programs	Issues to be Addressed
Executive	None	No significant issues addressed
Audit	None	No significant issues addressed
Nomination	None	No significant issues addressed
Remuneration	None	No significant issues addressed
Others (specify)	None.	No significant issues addressed

F. RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

- 1) Disclose the following:
 - (a) Overall risk management philosophy of the company;

The Company's risk management program focuses on safeguarding shareholder value to manage unpredictability of risks and minimize potential adverse impact on its operating performance and financial condition.

(b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system and commenting on the adequacy thereof;

The Company's Board of Directors is directly responsible for risk management and the Management carries out risk management policies approved by the Board. After the Management identifies, evaluates reports and monitors significant risks, and submits appropriate recommendations, the Board approves formal policies for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

(c) Period covered by the review;

The period covered by the review is from 1 January 2015 up to 31 December 2015.

(d) How often the risk management system is reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing its effectiveness; and

The Risk Committee annually reviews the Company's approaches to risk management and recommends to the Board the changes or improvements to key elements of its processes and procedures. After submission of the Committee's recommendation, the Board then reviews the risk management system.

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

No significant issues were addressed by the Committee in 2015.

2) Risk Policy

(a) Company

Give a general description of the company's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Financial Risks	The Company policy is to ensure that the scheduled principal and interest payments are well within its ability to generate cash from its business operations. It is likewise committed to maintain adequate capital at all times to meet shareholders' expectations, withstand adverse business conditions and take advantage of business opportunities.	The Company's objective is to protect investment in the event there would be significant fluctuations in the exchange rate. On the other hand, the Company's objectives to manage its liquidity are: a) to ensure that adequate funding is available at all times; b) to meet commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; and c) to be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost. The long-term strategy is to sustain a healthy debt-to-equity ratio.
Operational Risks	It is the policy of the Company to be prepared for any event which triggers a material business impact or modifies the existing risk profile	The Company's objective is to protect investment in the event there would be significant events that would result in material impact to the Company's operations.

(b) Group

Give a general description of the Group's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
N/A		

(c) Minority Shareholders

Indicate the principal risk of the exercise of controlling shareholders' voting power.

Risk to Minority Shareholders

The principal risk of the minority shareholders in the exercise of the controlling shareholders' voting power is the risk of share value reduction due to corporate actions by the controlling shareholders that may be detrimental to the minority shareholders. This risk is considered by the Corporation to have a remote possibility of happening to the minority shareholders given the Corporation's controlling shareholders track record of prudent management. For the past years, there were no cited incidents that caused detrimental damage to the Corporation's share value as a result of unsound corporate actions by the Corporation's controlling shareholders.

3) Control System Set Up

(a) Company

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Financial Risk	It monitors potential sources of the risk through monitoring of investments and assets, and projected cash flows from operations. The Company also maintains a financial strategy that the scheduled principal and interest payments are well within the Company's ability to generate cash from its business operations.	The Company regularly monitors financial trends. The Company regularly keeps track of its capital position and assesses business conditions to ensure early detection and determination of risks, and its consequent adverse impact. It adopts measures, as may be deemed necessary and appropriate, to mitigate risks.
Operational Risks	To avoid, eliminate or reduce loses that can impair the operational capability and/or the financial stability of the company and its subsidiaries and affiliates, the company implements and maintains risk management principles.	Any operational risks monitored are brought to the attention of the Risk Committee and addressed therein, together with inputs from corporate officers. The findings and recommendations are then brought to the Board for approval. There has been no significant operational risk determined by the Company in its

	operations in the past year.
--	------------------------------

(b) Group

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Financial Risk	N/A	
Operational Risks		

Since the Company is the parent, conduct of a risk assessment on its subsidiary is done whenever a risk assessment of the parent company is conducted.

(c) Committee

Identify the committee or any other body of corporate governance in charge of laying down and supervising these control mechanisms, and give details of its functions:

Committee/Unit	Control Mechanism	Details of its Functions
Risk Committee	Policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management including the Company's major financial and business risk exposures are laid out. The culture of risk management which includes determining the appropriate risk appetite (risk-taker or risk- averse) or level of exposure as a whole or on any relevant individual issue, and determining what types of risk are acceptable and which are not, are set up.	The Risk Committee assists the Board in overseeing the Company's practices and processes relating to risk assessment and risk management, and maintaining an appropriate risk culture, reporting of financial and business risks and associated internal controls. It assists the Board in providing framework to identify, assess, monitor and manage the risks associated with the Company's business. It helps the Board to adopt practices designed to identify significant areas of business and financial risks and to effectively manage those risks in accordance with Company's risk profile.

G. INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL

1) Internal Control System

Disclose the following information pertaining to the internal control system of the company:

(a) Explain how the internal control system is defined for the company;

Internal control system pertains to the Company's corporate governance processes with regard to integrity of financial statements and disclosures; effectiveness of internal control systems; independence and

performance of internal and external auditors; compliance with accounting standards, legal and regulatory requirements; and evaluation of management's process to assess and manage the risk issues.

(b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and whether they consider them effective and adequate;

One of the responsibilities of the Board as stated in the Manual of Corporate Governance is to adopt a system of check and balance within the Board, conduct a regular review of the effectiveness of such system to ensure the integrity of the decision-making and reporting processes at all times and perform a continuing review of the Company's internal control system in order to maintain its adequacy and effectiveness.

(c) Period covered by the review;

The period covered by the review is from 1 January 2015 up to 31 December 2015.

(d) How often internal controls are reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system; and

The Audit Committee regularly updates the Board on its activities and makes recommendations whenever necessary. The Audit Committee likewise ensures that the Board is aware of matters that may significantly impact the financial condition or the Company's operations.

The Management formulated, under the supervision of the Audit Committee, the rules and procedures on internal control in accordance with the following guidelines:

- 1. An effective system of internal control that will ensure the integrity of the financial reports and protection of the assets of the Company should be maintained; and
- 2. On the basis of the approved audit plans, internal audit examinations should cover, at the minimum, the evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of controls that cover the Company's governance, operations and information systems, including the reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, protection of assets, and compliance with contracts, laws, rules and regulations.

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

Not applicable.

2) Internal Audit

(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function

Give a general description of the role, scope of internal audit work and other details of the internal audit function.

Role	Scope	Indicate whether In- house or Outsource Internal Audit Function	Name of Chief Internal Auditor/Auditing Firm	Reporting process
The internal auditor	Internal audit	In house	Princess O.	The Internal
provides reasonable	examinations cover the		Montecir	Auditor submits
assurance that the	evaluation of the			to the Audit
Company's key	adequacy and			Committee and
organizational and	effectiveness of controls			Management an
procedural controls are	that cover the			annual report on
effective, appropriate,	Company's governance,			the internal audit

and complied with.	operations and	department's
and complica with.		•
	information systems,	activities,
	including the reliability	responsibilities
	and integrity of financial	and performance
	and operational	relative to the
	information,	audit plans and
	effectiveness and	strategies as
	efficiency of operations,	approved by the
	protection of assets,	Audit Committee.
	and compliance with	The annual
	contracts, laws, rules	report includes
	and regulations.	significant risk
		exposures and
		control issues.

(b) Do the appointment and/or removal of the Internal Auditor or the accounting /auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function is outsourced require the approval of the audit committee?

One of the duties of the Audit Committee as stated in the Manual of Corporate Governance and the Audit Committee Charter is to organize an internal audit department and consider the appointment of an independent internal auditor and the terms and conditions of its engagement and removal. Since the Audit Committee has oversight functions over the Internal Auditor, the removal of the latter is subject to the affirmation of the former.

(c) Discuss the internal auditor's reporting relationship with the audit committee. Does the internal auditor have direct and unfettered access to the board of directors and the audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel?

The Audit Committee reviews the activities and organizational structure of the internal audit function, including the need to outsource certain internal audit activities, and ensures that no unjustified restrictions or limitations are made. It likewise approves the strategic and operational plans of the Internal Audit unit and ensures that the internal audit reporting process is operating as planned.

The Audit Committee and the Internal Audit Unit meets periodically to discuss the results of audit work and the implications of audit findings on the overall quality of internal control and procedures within the organization. Moreover, the internal auditor is given direct access to the board and to all records, properties and employees of the Company to enable him to fulfill his duties and responsibilities.

(d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons

Disclose any resignation/s or re-assignment of the internal audit staff (including those employed by the third-party auditing firm) and the reason/s for them.

Name of Audit Staff	Reason
None	

(e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and Examination Trends

State the internal audit's progress against plans, significant issues, significant findings and examination trends.

Progress Against Plans	Not Applicable

lssues ⁶	
Findings ⁷	
Examination Trends	

An audit plan is currently being formulated.

(f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures

Disclose all internal audit controls, policies and procedures that have been established by the company and the result of an assessment as to whether the established controls, policies and procedures have been implemented under the column "Implementation."

Policies & Procedures	Implementation	
The internal audit controls, policies, and procedures are based on the Audit Charter and Manual of		
Corporate Governance.		

(g) Mechanisms and Safeguards

State the mechanism established by the company to safeguard the independence of the auditors, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies (example, restrictions on trading in the company's shares and imposition of internal approval procedures for these transactions, limitation on the non-audit services that an external auditor may provide to the company):

Auditors (Internal and External)	Financial Analysts	Investment Banks	Rating Agencies
The Audit Committee disallows any non-audit work that will conflict with the duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to his independence. The non-audit work, if allowed, should be disclosed in the Company's annual report. In compliance with the SRC, the engagement of the Company's external auditor does not exceed 5 consecutive years.	The Company engages the services of an external financial analyst so that individual independence is not put at risk. A general impartiality requirement is implemented to provide a distance between the analyst and the analyzed security.	The Company ensures that the investment bank is accredited by regulatory agencies and does not own shares of stocks of the Company. A rotations scheme is likewise implemented to avoid occurrence or appearance of biases	The Company ensures that the rating agency it engages does not own shares of stocks of the Company. A rotations scheme is likewise implemented to avoid occurrence or appearance of biases.

(h) State the officers (preferably the Chairman and the CEO) who will have to attest to the company's full compliance with the SEC Code of Corporate Governance. Such confirmation must state that all directors, officers and employees of the company have been given proper instruction on their respective duties as mandated by the Code and that internal mechanisms are in place to ensure that compliance.

Jolly L. Ting	
Ortrud T. Yao	

 $^{^{\}rm 6}$ "Issues" are compliance matters that arise from adopting different interpretations.

⁷ "Findings" are those with concrete basis under the company's policies and rules.

H. ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS

1) Disclose the company's policy and activities relative to the following:

	Policy	Activities
Customers' welfare	Part of its core values is to promote good customer relationship among its clients. With this, we try to excel by ensuring the needs of the clients are always provided.	Improving the customers' access to bills payment. Ensuring the good quality of water through rigid and frequent testing. It also strives to have sufficient supply of electricity to meet the customers' demand.
Supplier/contractor selection practice	The Company ensures that the suppliers are well equipped and have sufficient professional experience to provide after-sales support. Only pre-qualified bidders are allowed to bid and the bid is awarded to the lowest bidder.	A bidding process is in place where at least four suppliers or service providers are required to submit their bid proposal for review and evaluation of the designated official and a recommendation is submitted for consideration.
Environmentally friendly value- chainThe Company strictly adheres with government mandated policies and procedures catering to environment preservation, control and any related Corporate Social Responsibility. The Company maintains a harmonious relationship with the community and the local government leaders in such cases like gov't and other organizations ocular visit.		It participates jointly in community related projects undertaken by other entities from time to time through donations,
		sponsorship and being resource speaker in certain events which aim to raise the insurance awareness of the general public.
Anti-corruption programmes and procedures?	N/A	
Safeguarding creditors' rights	The Company ensures that operations and investments are managed so as not to impair the Company's ability to repay its creditors.	Meeting with the creditors annually.

2) Does the company have a separate corporate responsibility (CR) report/section or sustainability report/section?

The Company has a corporate responsibility section and sustainability section in its Annual Report that discusses the key issues that may affect the long-term sustainability of the Company.

3) Performance-enhancing mechanisms for employee participation.

(a) What are the company's policy for its employees' safety, health, and welfare?

The Company aims to provide quality and timely health and welfare services to its employees in order to avoid interruption on their jobs and to prevent conditions (physical, mental or social) that will preclude them from giving their full attention to their work.

(b) Show data relating to health, safety and welfare of its employees.

None available.

(c) State the company's training and development programs for its employees. Show the data.

Program	Name of Training Institute
Leadership Training	International Benchmark
Team Building	Consulting Network, Inc.

(d) State the company's reward/compensation policy that accounts for the performance of the company beyond short-term financial measures

None.

4) What are the company's procedures for handling complaints by employees concerning illegal (including corruption) and unethical behavior? Explain how employees are protected from retaliation.

Employees are encouraged to promptly report concerns about any illegal and unethical behavior. Reports can be made anonymously to the Company's Compliance Officer, Human Resource Department Head, or to any member of the Audit Committee. To enable the Company to verify and act on the report, employees are encouraged to make reports that contain as much information as possible, including the person involved, any witnesses, the location of any other information that would assist in investigating the concerns, and any supporting documentation. All whistle blower reports are handled in a confidential manner and confidentiality will be maintained to the fullest extent possible, consistent with the need to conduct an adequate investigation of the report and to perform subsequent remedial measures.

All reports received are forwarded to the Audit and Risk Committee that will make the preliminary assessment of the issues raised. The Audit Committee will then determine whether there is justification for an investigation and how it should be handled, should one be necessary. Depending on the issues involved, the Audit Committee may, in some cases, decide to delegate responsibility for an investigation to the Compliance Officer or to a legal counsel who will report directly to the Audit Committee.

Prompt and appropriate corrective action will be taken in response to any finding of illegal and unethical behavior. If after the investigation, the Audit and Risk Committee concludes that disciplinary measures are necessary, it will recommend such measures to the Board of Directors.

I. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

1) **Ownership Structure**

(a) Holding 5% shareholding or more

Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percent	Beneficial Owner
Elgeete Holdings Inc.	120,000,000	42.63%	Elgeete Holdings Inc.
PCD Nominee Corporation - Filipino	95,383,639	33.88%	Various stockholders/ Clients
Myron Ventures Corp.	18,000,000	6.39%	Myron Ventures Corp.

Name of Senior Management	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
Jolly L. Ting	959,999	N/A	0.34%
Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	500,001	N/A	0.17%

2015 Annual Corporate Governance Report

Melody T. Lancaster	1	N/A	0.00%
Ortrud T. Yao	1,000,001	N/A	0.36%

2) Does the Annual Report disclose the following:

Key risks	Y
Corporate objectives	Y
Financial performance indicators	Y
Non-financial performance indicators	Y
Dividend policy	Y
Details of whistle-blowing policy	N
Biographical details (at least age, qualifications, date of first appointment, relevant experience, and any other directorships of listed companies) of directors/commissioners	Y
Training and/or continuing education programme attended by each director/commissioner	Ν
Number of board of directors/commissioners meetings held during the year	Ν
Attendance details of each director/commissioner in respect of meetings held	Ν
Details of remuneration of the CEO and each member of the board of directors/commissioners	Y

Should the Annual Report not disclose any of the above, please indicate the reason for the non-disclosure.

- Details of whistle-blowing policy While the Company adopts an open stance toward corporate whistle-blowers and is receptive to any information coming from them, the Company presently does not have a formal and written whistle-blowing policy.
- Training and/or continuing education program attended by each director/commissioner The Company discloses the educational background, continuing education information, and general training of each director. However, training or specific seminars attended by each director during a reporting period is not disclosed since the Company does not obtain these information from the directors.
- Number of directors/commissioners meetings held during the year While not included in the annual report, this information is submitted to the SEC each year and also made available to the public as part of the Company's corporate disclosures via the PSE and its own website.
- Attendance details of each director/commissioner in respect of meetings held This information is also submitted to the SEC and disclosed to the public via the PSE and the Company's website.

3) External Auditor's fee

Name of auditor	Audit Fee	Non-audit Fee
Constantino Guadalquiver & Co.	Php 1,095,000	None

4) Medium of Communication

List down the mode/s of communication that the company is using for disseminating information.

In communicating with its shareholders, the Company makes use of the following:

- Direct mailing of Company materials;
- Disclosures via the PSE website; and
- Posting to the Company website.

5) Date of release of audited financial report: 31 March 2016

6) Company Website

Does the company have a website disclosing up-to-date information about the following?

Business operations	Y
Financial statements/reports (current and prior years)	Y
Materials provided in briefings to analysts and media	Y
Shareholding structure	Y
Group corporate structure	Y
Downloadable annual report	Y
Notice of AGM and/or EGM	Y
Company's constitution (company's by-laws, memorandum and articles of association)	Ν

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

Company's constitution is maintained at the Office of the Corporate Secretary and is not made available via the Company's website. All amendments thereto are disclosed to the SEC. Likewise, these are available to all stockholders upon request.

7) Disclosure of RPT

RPT	Relationship	Nature	Value
Calapan Ventures, Inc. Jollideal Marketing Corp. Jolliville Leisure & Resort Corp. Ormina Realty & Dev't. Corp. Servwell BPO Int'I. Inc. Kristal Water Source Corp. Ormin Power Inc.	Subsidiaries	Cash Advances	(Php13,388,589)

Full disclosure of the nature of these related party transactions are made to, and the terms and conditions thereof are approved by the Board of Directors. Shareholders are informed of these transactions via the annual reports and definitive information statements. Information on these transactions is likewise passed upon by the external auditor. The Company ensures that contracts with related parties are made on an arm's length basis.

J. RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS

1) Right to participate effectively in and vote in Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings

(a) Quorum

Give details on the quorum required to convene the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting as set forth in its By-laws.

Presence, in person or by proxy,

Jolliville Holdings Corporation

of stockholders holding 50% + 1 of the outstanding capital stock
of the Company

(b) System Used to Approve Corporate Acts

Explain the system used to approve corporate acts.

System Used	Ratification by stockholders during the annual stockholders meetings.
Description	The actions of the Company's board of directors and senior management are presented to the stockholders during the annual stockholders meeting. These are ratified by the stockholders during the meeting.

(c) Stockholders' Rights

List any Stockholders' Rights concerning Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting that differ from those laid down in the Corporation Code.

Stockholders' Rights under The Corporation Code	Stockholders' Rights <u>not</u> in The Corporation Code
The rights of the stockholders under the Corporation Code are duly recognized by the Company. No	
deviations or modifications were implemented by the Company.	

Dividends

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date
None		

No dividends declared for the year 2015.

(d) Stockholders' Participation

1. State, if any, the measures adopted to promote stockholder participation in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting, including the procedure on how stockholders and other parties interested may communicate directly with the Chairman of the Board, individual directors or board committees. Include in the discussion the steps the Board has taken to solicit and understand the views of the stockholders as well as procedures for putting forward proposals at stockholders' meetings.

Measures Adopted	Communication Procedure
All stockholders who will not, are unable, or do not expect to attend the meeting in person are encouraged to fill out, date, sign and send a proxy.	The annual stockholders meeting provide the avenue for shareholders to exercise their rights, including the right to raise questions or issues concerning the Company. During the annual stockholders meeting, the Chairman of the Board or the officers of the Company addresses the questions and suggestions of the stockholders.
The date of the Annual Stockholders Meeting is announced through disclosure in the Philippine Stock Exchange more than a month before the scheduled date.	The website of the Company indicates its contact information which the stockholders may utilize to voice their concerns.

State the company policy of asking shareholders to actively participate in corporate decisions regarding:

 Amendments to the company's constitution

b. Authorization of additional shares

c. Transfer of all or substantially all assets, which in effect results in the sale of the company

The Company complies with the requirements of the Corporation Code that a stockholders' meeting be called to approve the forgoing matters. A vote of stockholders holding at least 2/3 of the Company's outstanding capital stock is required to approve the foregoing matters.

3. Does the company observe a minimum of 21 business days for giving out of notices to the AGM where items to be resolved by shareholders are taken up?

The Company complies with the requirement under the Securities Regulation Code that notice of an annual or special stockholders' meeting be sent to stockholders not later than 15 business days before the meeting.

- a. Date of sending out notices: June 2, 2015
- b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: June 24, 2015

4. State, if any, questions and answers during the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting

During the last annual stockholders' meeting, the questions centered on the operations of the Company and the audited financial statements.

5. Result of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting's Resolutions

Resolution	Approving	Dissenting	Abstaining
Ratification of the			
acts and			
proceedings of the	100%		
Board of Directors	100%		
and Management			
for the year			
Election of	100%		
Directors			
Appointment of	100%		
External Auditor			

6. Date of publishing of the result of the votes taken during the most recent AGM for all resolutions:

The results of the annual meeting of stockholders were disclosed to the public via the PSE on 24 June 2015.

(e) Modifications

State, if any, the modifications made in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting regulations during the most recent year and the reason for such modification:

Modifications	Reason for Modification
None	

(f) Stockholders' Attendance

(i) Details of Attendance in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting Held:

Type of Meeting	Names of Board members / Officers present	Date of Meetin g	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of hands, etc.)	% of SH Attendin g in Person	% of SH in Proxy	Total % of SH attendance
Annual Stockholders Meeting	Directors: (1) Jolly L. Ting (2) Nanette T. Ongcarranceja (3) Melody T. Lancaster (4) Rodolfo L. See (5) Dexter E. Quintana (6) Sergio R. Ortiz- Luis Jr.	June 24, 2015	Viva voce	1.50%	77.60%	79.10%

(ii) Does the company appoint an independent party (inspectors) to count and/or validate the votes at the ASM/SSMs?

An inspector is appointed by the Board of Directors before or at each meeting of the stockholders at which an election of directors is to take place. If no appointment shall have been made or if the inspector appointed by the Board refuses to act or fails to attend, the appointment shall be made by the presiding officer of the meeting.

(iii) Do the company's common shares carry one vote for one share? If not, disclose and give reasons for any divergence to this standard. Where the company has more than one class of shares, describe the voting rights attached to each class of shares.

The Company's common shares are entitled to one vote for each share.

(g) Proxy Voting Policies

State the policies followed by the company regarding proxy voting in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

	Company's Policies
Execution and acceptance of proxies	All stockholders who will not, are unable, or do not expect to attend the meeting in person were encouraged to fill out, date, sign and send a proxy to the Company's Corporate Secretary. For corporate stockholders, the proxies should be accompanied by a Secretary's Certification on the appointment of the Company's authorized signatory.
Notary	Proxy should be duly notarized.
Submission of Proxy	All proxies should be received by the Corporation at least five (5) days before the Annual/Special Stockholders' meeting.
Several Proxies	Where one stockholder names several proxy holders, it is their responsibility to determine among themselves which of them will cast the vote, and how.
Validity of Proxy	Unless otherwise provided in the proxy, it is considered valid only for the meeting at which it has been presented to the Secretary.

Proxies executed abroad	Proxies executed abroad must be duly authenticated by the Philippine Embassy or Consular Office.
Invalidated Proxy	Proxies may be revoked by the stockholders either in an instrument in writing duly presented and recorded with the Secretary, prior to scheduled meeting or by their personal presence at the meeting.
Validation of Proxy	Proxies submitted will be validated by a Committee of Inspectors in the morning of the scheduled meeting.
Violation of Proxy	Votes cast in violation of the proxy are considered as stray votes.

(h) Sending of Notices

State the company's policies and procedure on the sending of notices of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Policies	Procedure
Policies The Company shall exercise transparency and fairness in the conduct of the Company's annual and special stockholders' meetings. The stockholders are encouraged to personally attend such meetings.	Procedure Pursuant to the By-Laws of the Company, notices for regular or special meetings of stockholders may be sent by the Secretary by personal delivery or by mail at least 2 weeks prior to the date of the meeting to each stockholder of record at his last known post office address or by publication in a newspaper of general circulation. The notice shall state the place, date and hour of the meeting, and the purpose and purposes for which the meeting is called. In case of special meetings, only matters stated in the notice can be the subject of motions or deliberations at such meeting. However, considering that the Securities Regulation Code requires notices of stockholders' meetings to be sent 15 business days prior to the meeting, the Company adheres
	to the requirements of the SRC.

(i) Definitive Information Statements and Management Report

Number of Stockholders entitled to receive Definitive Information Statements and Management Report and Other Materials	Certificated: Individual & Corp. 36 Brokers : 36
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by market participants/certain beneficial owners	June 2, 2015
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by stockholders	June 2, 2015
State whether CD format or hard copies were distributed	Definitive IS were distributed in CD Format.
If yes, indicate whether requesting stockholders were provided hard copies	During the annual stockholders meeting, stockholders requested to be given hard copies of reports.

(j) Does the Notice of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting include the following:

Each resolution to be taken up deals with only one item.	Yes
Profiles of directors (at least age, qualification, date of first appointment, experience, and directorships in other listed companies) nominated for election/re-election.	Yes
The auditors to be appointed or re-appointed.	Yes
An explanation of the dividend policy, if any dividend is to be declared.	Yes
The amount payable for final dividends.	Yes
Documents required for proxy vote.	Yes

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

2) Treatment of Stockholders

(a) State the company's policies with respect to the treatment of minority stockholders.

The Company's Manual of Corporate Governance provides for the protection of minority stockholders' rights in terms of voting, inspection of corporate records, right to information, right to dividends, and the exercise of appraisal rights.

The Manual of Corporate Governance vests in the Board of Directors the duty to promote shareholder rights, remove impediments to exercise of shareholder's rights, and allow possibilities to seek redress for violation of their rights. The Board is also tasked to encourage the shareholders to exercise their voting rights and the solution of collective action problems through appropriate mechanisms. The Board shall also be instrumental in removing excessive costs and other administrative or practical impediments to shareholder participation.

Policies	Implementation
Voting rights	All shareholders, including minority shareholders, have the right to elect, remove, and replace directors. They also have the right to vote on certain corporate acts, as provided under the Corporation Code. With the use of cumulative voting, minority shareholders may vote together to ensure the election of a director.
Inspection of corporate records	All shareholders are allowed to inspect the corporate books and records during office hours. They may also be furnished with annual reports, including financial statements, without cost or restrictions.
Right to information	Aside from the right to be provided with copies of periodic reports upon request, minority shareholders shall have the right to propose the holding of a meeting. Minority shareholders shall also have access to any and all information relating to matters for which the management is accountable. The minority shareholders may propose the inclusion of matters pertaining to management accountability in the agenda of the stockholders' meeting.

	All stockholders are entitled to receive dividends
	upon the declaration thereof by the Board of
	Directors. The Board may also make
Right to dividends	arrangements with stockholders whereby
	dividends and other distributions may be
	reinvested in new shares instead of being paid in
	cash to stockholders.
	Shareholders have the appraisal right or the right
	to dissent and demand payment of the fair value
	of their shares as provided under Section 82 of
	the Corporation Code under any of the following
	circumstances:
	a. Amendment of articles of incorporation
	has the effect of changing or restricting the
	rights of any stockholders or class of
	shares, or of authorizing preferences in any
Appraisal right	respect superior to those of outstanding
	shares of any class, or of extending or
	shortening the term of corporate
	existence;
	b. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer,
	mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all
	or substantially all of the corporate
	property and assets as provided in the
	Corporation Code; and
	c. In case of merger or consolidation.

(b) Do minority stockholders have a right to nominate candidates for board of directors?

Yes. All shareholders have the right to nominate candidates for the board of directors. However, they must conform to the eligibility requirements under the Corporation Code and Manual of Corporate Governance, as well as the guidelines set by the Nomination Committee.

K. INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM

1) Discuss the company's external and internal communications policies and how frequently they are reviewed. Disclose who reviews and approves major company announcements. Identify the committee with this responsibility, if it has been assigned to a committee.

The Company has an internal vetting process for communications to ensure that all information disseminated is accurate. Communications are also reviewed by the Compliance Officer to ensure that the regulatory requirements of the PSE and SEC are met. Finally, in cases where there may be legal implications or repercussions to the Company, the opinion of the Corporate Secretary is also sought. No specific committee has been assigned to review and approve major company announcements. However, major communications of the Company are reviewed by the President.

2) Describe the company's investor relations program including its communications strategy to promote effective communication with its stockholders, other stakeholders and the public in general. Disclose the contact details (e.g. telephone, fax and email) of the officer responsible for investor relations.

	Details
(1) Objectives	To establish and maintain an investor relations program that will keep stockholders informed of the important developments in the Company and ensure them that the Company values their investment.
(2) Principles	Accuracy, transparency, and timeliness are the core principles that guide the Company's Investor Relations Program.

(3) Modes of Communications	The Company sends notices of meetings via direct mail to its stockholders. Updates on the Company's activities and other periodic reports to regulatory bodies are posted to the Company website.
(4) Investors Relations Officer	Mrs. Ortrud T. Yao, CFO/Chief Compliance Officer/Asst. Corp.
	Sec., contact number (632)-3733038

3) What are the company's rules and procedures governing the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as mergers, and sales of substantial portions of corporate assets?

In all of its transactions, particularly in extraordinary matters such as mergers and sales of substantial corporate assets, the Company ensures that it obtains the terms and conditions most beneficial to the corporation and maximizes shareholder value. The Company conducts due diligence in assessing the transaction and engages the services of consultants, legal counsel or independent auditors. The findings and recommendations of these experts are taken into account by the Board in making decisions and the corresponding approvals of the stockholders, in cases where the law prescribes that approval be obtained, are sought.

Name of the independent party the board of directors of the company appointed to evaluate the fairness of the transaction price.

The Company engages the services of consultants, external legal counsel, or external auditors to evaluate and determine the fairness of the transaction price.

L. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

Discuss any initiative undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the company.

Initiative	Beneficiary
Tree planting	Calapan City and Tabuk City
Book donation	Tabuk City
Active Participation in fire prevention month	Calapan City

M. BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL

Disclose the process followed and criteria used in assessing the annual performance of the board and its committees, individual director, and the CEO/President.

	Process	Criteria
Board of Directors	Annual self-assessment of Board performance	Criteria used to evaluate performance are based on the standards set in the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance.
Board Committees	Each committee likewise conducts a self-assessment.	Criteria used are also based on the standards set in the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance. In the case of the Audit Committee, the performance evaluation is based on the standards set by the Audit Committee Charter.
Individual Directors	The Board of Directors evaluates the performance of individual directors. On the other hand, the Nomination	Criteria used are based on the standards set in the Manual of Corporate Governance.

	Committee likewise passes upon the performance of a director when it examines fitness of nominees for re- election as directors.	
CEO/President	The Board evaluates the performance of the CEO.	Criteria used are based on the standards set in the Manual of Corporate Governance.

N. INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS

Discuss the internal policies on sanctions imposed for any violation or breach of the corporate governance manual involving directors, officers, management and employees

Violations	Sanctions		
First violation	Reprimand		
Second violation	Suspension from office, the duration of which shall depend on the seriousness of the violation.		
Third violation	Removal from office.		

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities and Exchange Commission, this Annual Corporate Governance Report is signed on behalf of the registrant by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Quezon on January 5, 2016.

SIGNATURES

JOLLY L. TING Chairman of the Board/Chief Executive Officer

ar. **DEXTER E. QUINTANA**

Independent Director

ORTRUD T. YAO

Compliance Officer

fogul

SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR. Independent Director



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECBuilding, EDSA, Greenhills, MandaluyongCity, MetroManila, Philippines Tel: (632) 726-0931 to 39 Fax: (632) 725-5293 Email: mis@sec.gov.ph

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Company Information

SEC Registration No.	0000134800	÷.,
Company Name	JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORP.	
Industry Classification		
Company Type	Stock Corporation	

Document Information

Document ID	101122015002311
Document Type	LETTER/MISC
Document Code	LTR
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Remarks	

COVER SHEE	Т
	1 3 4 8 0 0 S.E.C. Registration Number
JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS	
C O R P O R A T I O N (Company's Full Name)	
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1 7 0 T O M A S M O R A T O A V	
(Business Address: No. Street City / Town /	Province) 632-09-05
ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO Contact Person	Company Telephone Number
1 2 3 1 Month Day Fiscal Year	Month of Month Day Annual Meeting
L E T T E R FORM TYPE	
Secondary License Type, If Appli	icable
Dept. Requiring this Doc.	Amended Articles Number/Section
	Total Amount of Borrowings
Total No. of Stockholders Dome To be Accomplished by SEC Personne	
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JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION

9 January 2015

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC Bldg. EDSA, Greenhills Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila

Attention:	Atty. Justina F. Callangan Director Corporate Governance Finance Department
Re:	Jolliville Holdings Corporation (the "Corporation" or "JOH") Consolidated changes in Annual Corporate <u>Governance Report for the year 2014</u>

Gentlemen:

In compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 12, Series of 2014, please see attached Secretary's Certificate on consolidated changes in the Corporation's annual corporate governance report for the year 2014.

Thank you for your kind attention.

Very truly yours,

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO Corporate Secretary

F:\data\CLIENTS\717\Lt\SEC\consolidated changes in acgr 2014.docx ABKT\JCN\ACR/jen d 717- 204

4/F 20 Lansbergh Place, Tomas Morato Ave. cor. Scout Castor St., Quezon City, Philippines Telephone: 3733038 Fax: 3738491 Email: info@joh.ph

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) PASIG CITY, METRO MANILA) S.S.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 2704 East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City, Metro Manila, being the duly elected and qualified Corporate Secretary of JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION (the "Corporation"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, under oath, does hereby certify that the following items in the Corporation's Annual Corporate Governance Report have been amended to reflect the updates for the year 2014:

1. Item A (1) a: Composition of the Board; Attached as Annexes "A" and "B" is the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on June 25, 2014¹ and excerpt of the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on the same day, respectively.

Director's.	Type [Executive (ED), Non- Executive (NED) or Independe nf Director (ID)]	If nomin ee, identif y the princi pal	Nominator in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	Date first elected	Date last elected (if ID, state the number of years served as (1D) ²	Elected when (Annual /Special Meeting)	No. of years served as direct or
JOLLY L. TING	ED	<u>N/A</u>	Dexter E. Quintana	<u>09-06-1986</u>	<u>06-25-2014</u>	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	<u>28</u>
<u>NANETTE T.</u> ONGCARRANCE JA	ED	<u>N/A</u>	Rodolfo L. See	<u>03-02-2000</u>	<u>06-25-2014</u>	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	<u>14</u>
ORTRUD T. YAO	<u>ED</u>	<u>N/A</u>	Ortrud T. Yao	<u>07-20-2001</u>	<u>06-25-2014</u>	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	<u>13</u>
MELODY T. LANCASTER	ED	<u>N/A</u>	<u>Nanette T.</u> Ongcarranceja	06-25-2014	06-25-2014	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	1
DEXTER E. QUINTANA	ID	<u>N/A</u>	Lourdes G. Ting	07-20-2001	<u>06-25-2014</u> (1 year)	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	11
SERGIO R.ORTIZ-LUIS JR.	ID	<u>N/A</u>	<u>Nanette T.</u> Ongcarranceja	<u>06-25-2014</u>	<u>06-25-2014</u> (1_year)	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	<u>4</u>
RODOLFO L. SEE	<u>NED</u>	<u>N/A</u>	Jolly L. Ting (close friend)	<u>06-29-2006</u>	<u>06-15-2012</u>	<u>ASM</u> 06-25-2014	<u>6</u>

¹ For approval on the next stockholders' meeting.

² Reckoned from the election during the annual stockholders meeting.

Item A (1) d (i): Directoship in Company's Group 2.

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Corporate Name of the Corporate Name of the Corporate States of the Corporate St	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
MELODY T. LANCASTER	Calapan Ventures Inc.	ED
	Jolliville Holdings Corporation	ED
	Melan Properties Corp.	ED
	Kenly Resources Inc.	ED
	Febra Resources Corp.	ED
	Elgeete Holdings Inc.	ED
	A-net Resources Corp.	NED
	Oltru Holdings Corp.	NED
SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.	Calapan Ventures Inc.	ID

Item A (1) e: Shareholding in Company 3.

Name of Director	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
JOLLY L. TING	959,999	None	0.3410%
NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA	500,001	None	0.1776%
RODOLFO L. SEE	5,994,000	None	2.1293%
ORTRUD T. YAO	1,000,001	None	0.3552%
MELODY T. LANCASTER	1	None	<u>0.0%</u>
DEXTER E. QUINTANA	854,001	None	0.3034%
SERGIO R. ORTIZ- LUIS JR.	<u>1,000</u>	None	<u>0.0000%</u>

Item C (2): Attendance of Directors. 4.

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Meetings Held during the year	No. of Meetings: Attended	
Chairman/President	JOLLY L. TING	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>
Director	NANETTE T.	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>
	ONGCARRANCEJA				
Director	MELODY T. LANCASTER*	ASM 6/25/14	<u>12</u>	7	<u>100%</u>
Director	ORTRUD T. YAO	ASM 6/25/14	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>
Director	RODOLFO L. SEE	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	11	<u>91.67%</u>
Independent Director	SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS JR.**	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>85.71%</u>
Independent Director	DEXTER E. QUINTANA	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	12	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>

*Elected during the annual stockholders' meeting held on June 25, 2014. ** Elected as Independent Director in the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25 June 2014.

5. Item C (5) d: Training of Company Secretary:

Yes. <u>Atty. Anna Francesca C. Respicio</u>, the corporate secretary, has extensive experience in corporate law practice and possesses administrative and interpersonal skills.

6. Item D (3): Aggregate Remuneration.

REMUNERATION SCHEME	DATE OF STOCKHOLDERS' APPROVAL
The remuneration scheme, as disclosed to the stockholders via SEC Form 20-IS, is ratified by the stockholders as part of the acts of the Board of Directors of the Company on the previous year during each annual stockholders' meeting.	<u>25 June 2014</u>

7. Item E (2) a: Executive Committee. Attached as Annex "B" is an excerpt of the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25 June 2014.

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended		Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	JOLLY L. TING	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>28</u>
Member (ED)	<u>NANETTE T.</u> ONGCARRANCEJA	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>14</u>
Member (ED)	ORTRUD T. YAO	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>13</u>

8. Item E (2) b: Audit and Risk Committee Attached as Annex "B" is an excerpt of the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25 June 2014.

Office	Name	Date of Appoint ment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	.%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	DEXTER E. QUINTANA	<u>ASM</u> <u>6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>13</u>
Member (NED)	RODOLFO L. SEE	<u>ASM</u> <u>6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>91.67</u> <u>%</u>	<u>8</u>
Member (ED)	ORTRUD T. YAO	<u>ASM</u> <u>6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	11

9. Item E (2) c: Nomination Committee. Attached as Annex "B" is an excerpt of the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25 June 2014.

Office	Name	Date of Appointme nt	Meetings	No. of Meetings Attended	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Length of Service in the Comm ittee
Chairman	MELODY T. LANCASTER	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	7	<u>100%</u>	1
Member (ID)	DEXTER E. QUINTANA	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>13</u>
Member (ED)	NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJ A	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>14</u>

10. Item E (2) d: Remuneration Committee. Attached as Annex "B" is an excerpt of the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25June 2014.

Office	Name		No. of. Meetings Held		% 444 444	Lengt h of Servic e in the Comm ittee
Chairman	NANETTE T.	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>14</u>
	ONGCARRANCEJ					
	Α					
Member (ED)	ORTRUD T. YAO	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>13</u>
Member (ID)	SERGIO R. ORTIZ- LUIS JR.	<u>ASM 6/25/14</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>85.71%</u>	1

11. Item F (1) c: Period Covered by the Review

The period covered by the review is from <u>1 January 2014 up to 31 December 2014</u>.

12. Item G (1) c: Period Covered by the Review

The period covered by the review is from <u>1 January 2014 up to 31 December 2014</u>.

13. Item I (1) a: Holding 5% shareholding or more

Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percent	Beneficial Owner
Elgeete Holdings Inc.	120,000,000	42.63%	Elgeete Holdings Inc.
PCD Nominee Corporation - Filipino	96,659,739	<u>34.34%</u>	Various stockholders/ Clients

				i
Myron Ventures Corp.	18,000,000	6.39%	Myron Ventures Corp.	ļ

Name of Senior Management	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
Jolly L. Ting	959,999	N/A	0.34%
Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	500,001	N/A	0.17%
Melody T. Lancaster	1	N/A	<u>0.00%</u>
Ortrud T. Yao	1,000,001	N/A	0.36%

14. Item I (3): External Auditor's Fee:

Name of auditor	Audit Fee	Non-audit Fee
Constantino Guadalquiver &	Php 1,074,500	None
Co.		

15. Item J (1) d (3): Notices to the AGM

- a. Date of sending out notices: <u>4 June 2014</u>
- b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: 25 June 2014
- 16. Item J (1) d (6): Publishing of ASM Results:

The results of the annual meeting of stockholders were disclosed on 25 June 2014.

17. Item J (6) f (i): Stockholders Attendance. Please see minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on June 25, 2014 attached as Annex "A"

Type of Meeting	Names of Board members / Officers present	Date of Meetin g	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of hands, etc.)	% of SH Attending in Person	SH in	Total % of SH attendance.
<u>Annual</u> <u>Stockholders</u> <u>Meeting</u>	Directors: (1) Jolly L. Ting (2) Nanette T. Ongcarranceja (3) Melody T. Lancaster (4) Rodolfo L. See (5) Dexter E. Quintana (6) Sergio R. Ortiz- Luis Jr.*	<u>June 25,</u> 2014	<u>Viva voce</u>	<u>4.56%</u>	<u>82.40%</u>	<u>86.96%</u>

* Note that Mr. Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis was elected during Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held shortly after the Annual Stockholders' Meeting

18. Item J (6) i: Definitive Information Statements and Management Report

Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by market participants/certain beneficial owners	<u>4 June 2014</u>
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by stockholders	<u>4 June 2014</u>

IN ATTESTATION OF THE ABOVE, this Certificate was signed this 9th day of January 2015 at Pasig City, Metro Manila.

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO Assistant Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 9 2a20ff January 2017 at Manila, affiant exhibiting to me her Community Tax Certificate No. 12567208 issued on 8 January 2015 at Manila and TIN 419-191-112 as her competent evidence of identity.

ATTY. JOEL & GORDOLA

NOTARY FUBLIC COMMISSION EXPIRES DEC. 31, 2015

Doc. No. ____; Page No. ____; Book No. ___? Series of 2015.

PTR NO. 0560688 1/05/2015, Q.C. ROLL OF ATTORNEY NO. 25108.

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MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS MEETING OF

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION

Held at its principal office on 25 June 2014

PRESENT IN PERSON OR BY PROXY NO. O

NO. OF SHARES

Total number of shares present Total number of shares entitled to vote 244,790,847 281,500,000

CALL TO ORDER

At the request of the stockholders present, the Chairman, Mr. Jolly L. Ting, called the meeting to order and presided over the same. The Assistant Corporate Secretary, Ms. Ortrud T. Yao, recorded the minutes of the proceedings.

CERTIFICATION OF QUORUM

Majority of the stockholders being present in person or represented by proxy, the Corporate Secretary certified that a quorum existed for the transaction of business at hand.

Upon request of the Chairman, the Secretary confirmed notices of the meeting were sent to all shareholders of record in accordance with the provisions of the By-Laws. The Chairman instructed the Secretary to append the Certificate attesting to the mailing of notices to the original Minutes of the Meeting.

Thereafter, the Secretary certified that, based on the register of attendees and proxies, out of the Two Hundred Eighty One Million Five Hundred Thousand, (281,500,000) shares of the total outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, there were present in person or by proxy, Two Forty Four Million Seven Hundred Ninety Thousand Eight Hundred Forty Seven (244,790,847) shares representing an attendance of Eighty Six and 96/100 percent (86.96%) of the total outstanding capital stock of the Corporation. Accordingly, the Secretary certified that a quorum existed for the transaction of business at hand.

APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

Upon motion duly made and seconded, the reading of the minutes of the last stockholders' meeting held on 3 July 2013 was dispensed with and the same was approved as circulated.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT AND 2013 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Chairman presented the Corporation's report for the year 2013. After his report, Ms. Ortrud T. Yao, the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer, presented the Corporation's financial report. She informed the stockholders of the financial performance of the Corporation in 2013 with the aid of a powerpoint presentation.

The stockholders, upon motion made and duly seconded, and there being no objections, noted and approved the Audited Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year ended 31 December 2013.

RATIFICATION OF CORPORATE ACTS

Upon motion duly made and seconded, all the acts of the Board of Directors and Officers of the Corporation from the date of the last stockholders' meeting to the present in all respects were confirmed, ratified and approved.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Upon nominations made and duly seconded, the following persons were unanimously elected as members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation for the year 2014-2015, to serve as such until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified:

Jolly L. Ting	- Director
Melody T. Lancaster	- Director
Nanette T. Ongcarranceja	- Director
Ortrud T. Yao	- Director
Rodolfo L. See	- Director
Dexter E. Quintana	- Independent Director

In compliance with the requirements of the Revised Code of Corporate Governance and Rule 38 of the Revised Implementing Rules of the Securities Regulation Code, Mr. Dexter E. Quintana was elected as an independent director of the Corporation, as endorsed by the Corporation's Nomination Committee in its meeting of June 18, 2014.

APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR

Upon recommendation from the Board of Directors, the stockholders voted for the reappointment of the auditing firm of Constantino Guadalquiver and Co. as the Corporation's external auditor for the year 2014-2015. Upon motion made and duly seconded, the following resolution was approved:

"RESOLVED, that the auditing firm of Constantino Guadalquiver and Co. be re-appointed as the Corporation's external auditor for the year 2014-2015."

ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business to transact, the meeting was thereupon adjourned.

Attested by:

JOLLY L. TING Chairman of the Meeting

ORTRUD T. YAO Assistant Corporate Secretary

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)) S.S.



ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 2704 East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City, Metro Manila, being the duly elected and qualified Corporate Secretary of JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION (the "Corporation"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, under oath, does hereby certify that:

1. During the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors on 25 June 2014, Mr. Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis, Jr. was elected as an independent director.

2. The following members of the Board of Directors were appointed as members of the following Board Committees during the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors on 25 June 2014:

Executive Committee

- 1. Jolly L. Ting (Chairman)
- 2. Nanette T. Ongcarranceja
- 3. Ortrud T. Yao

Audit & Risk Committee

- 1. Dexter E. Quintana (Chairman)
- 2. Rodolfo L. See
- 3. Ortrud T. Yao

Nomination Committee

- 1. Melody T. Lancaster (Chairman)
- 2. Dexter E. Quintana
- 3. Nanette T. Ongcarranceja

Compensation and Remuneration Committee

- 1. Nanette T. Ongcarranceja (Chairman)
- Ortrud T. Yao
- 3. Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis, Jr.

IN ATTESTATION OF THE ABOVE, this Certificate was signed this 9th day of January 2015 at Pasig City, Metro Manila.

ANNA FRANCESCA C. RESPICIO

Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before months of 2ay 2015 at Manila and TIN exhibiting to me her Community Tax Certificate No. 12567208 issued on 8 January 2015 at Manila and TIN 419-191-112 as her competent evidence of Mentily. JOEL G. GORDOLA

Doc. No. Page No. Book No. Series of 2014. F:\dataCLIENTS\717CORP\SC\election of committee members.doc ABKT\ACR\jen d 717-200

NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION EXPIRES DEC. 31, 2015 PTR NO. 0560688 1/15/2015, Q.C. ROLL OF ATTORNEY NO. 25102

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AMEXES

Constantino Guadalquiver & Co. Certified Public Accountants

22nd Floor Citibank Tower 8741 Paseo de Roxas Street Salcedo Village, Makati City, Philippines Telephone (+632) 848-1051 Fax (+632) 728-1014 E-mall address:mail@cgco.com.ph



BAKER TILLY

INTERNATIONAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and Board of Directors Jolliville Holdings Corporation 20 Lansbergh Place 170 Tomas Morato corner Scout Castor Street Quezon City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Jolliville Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015, included in this Form 17-A and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2016. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. These schedules are presented for purpose of complying with the Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 As Amended (2011), and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state in all material respect the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CONSTANTINO GUADALQUIVER & CO. BOA Registration No. 0213, valid until December 31, 2016 SEC Accreditation No. (A.N.) 0003-FR-3, valid until November 10, 2017 (Group A) BIR A.N. 08-001507-0-2014, valid until January 5, 2018

By:

Rame

Edwin F. Ramos Partner CPA Certificate No. 0091293 SEC A.N. 0432-AR-2, valid until April 30, 2016 (Group A) TIN 134-885-074-000 BIR A.N. 08-001507-8-2014, valid until January 5, 2018 PTR No 5359247, issued on January 27, 2016, Makati City

Makati City, Philippines February 24, 2015

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FORM 17-A, Item 7

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015	Page No
Consolidated Financial Statements	
Consolidated Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013	4
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years	
ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013	6
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years	
ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013	8
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years	
ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013	9
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	11
Supplemental Statement of Independent Auditors -	
Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration	63
Schedule of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration	64
Supplemental Statement of Independent Auditors -	
Summary of Effective Standards and Interpretations under PFRS	65
Summary of Effective Standards and Interpretations under PFRS	66
Supplemental Statement of Independent Auditors -	
of Financial Soundness Indicators	74
Schedule of Financial Soundness Indicators	75
Supplementary Schedules	
A. Marketable Securities - (Current Marketable Equity Securities and Other Short-	
term Cash Investments)	*
B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and	
Principal Stockholders (Other than Affiliates)	*
C. Non-current Marketable Equity Securities, Other Long-term Investments, and	
Other Investments	*
D. Indebtedness of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliates	*
E. Property, Plant and Equipment	*
F. Accumulated Depreciation	*
G. Intangible Assets - Other Assets	*
H. Long-term Debt	*
I. Indebtedness to Affiliates and Related Parties (Long-term Loans from Related	
Companies)	*
J. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	*
K. Capital Stock	*

Other Required Information

December 31, 2015

Map Showing the Relationship Between and Among Related Entities

* These schedules, which are required by SRC Rule 68, have been omitted because they are either not required, not applicable or the information required to be presented is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements or the notes to consolidated financial statements.

COVER SHEET

for

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

															SEC Registration Number														
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Company Name																													
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Principal Office (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town)Province)																													
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Form Type Department requiring the report Secondary License Type, If Appl														plica	ble														
1 7 - A CED/CRMD														N/A															
COMPANY INFORMATION Company's Email Address Company's Telephone Number/s Mobile Number																													
claire.depasion@joh.ph									(02) 373-3038										N/A										
No. of Stockholders									Annual Meeting Month/Day											Fiscal Year Month/Day									
34											JUNE 25										December 31, 2015								
										C	ONT	АСТ	PFR		INF	ORI	МАТ	ION	I										
								The o	desig				rson <u>I</u>	MUST	bea		ficer o		Corp										
Name of Contact Person]	Email Address								Telephone Number/s						Mobile Number					
CLAIRE DE PASSION									claire.depasion@joh.ph 373-3038 N/A																				
	Contact Person's Address																												
	4TH FLOOR LANSBERGH PLACE BLDG. TOMAS MORATO AVENUE, QUEZON CITY																												

Note 1 : In case of death, resgination or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2 : All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-recipient of Notice of Deficiencies shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



February 24, 2016

The Securities and Exchange Commission SEC Building, EDSA, Greenhills Mandaluyong City

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of Jolliville Holdings Corporation is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, including the additional schedules attached therein, in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes designing and implementing internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial and submit the same to the stockholders or members.

Constantino Guadalquiver & Co., the independent auditors and appointed by the stockholders, has examined the consolidated financial statements of Jolliville Holdings Corporation in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such examination.

JOLLY L. TING Chairman CTC No. 11046095 Issued on 01-14-16 at Quezon City

ORTRUD T. YAO Treasurer CTC No.11046101 Issued on 01-14-16 at Quezon City

NANETTE T. ONGCARRANCEJA President CTC No. 11046086 Issued on 01-14-16 at Quezon City

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 0.6 ABy Rof 2016, 2016 in the city of ARAMATI CTTY, Philippines. Affiant exhibiting to their Community Tax Number as above stated.

Doc No. <u>320</u>; Page No. <u>65</u>; Book No. <u>V//</u>; Series of 2016 JOSHKA P. LAPUZ NOTARY Public City of Makati Appointment No. M-231 Until December 31, 2018 Roll No. 45790 IBP Lifetime Roll No. 04897 PTR No. 5323503 / 1-4-16 / Makati City G/F Fedman Suites, 199 Salcedo St., Legespi Village, Makati City

4/F 20 Lansbergh Place 170 Tomas Morato Ave. corner Scout Castor St. Quezon City • Telephone: 3733038 • Fax: 3738491 • Email: info@joh.ph



22nd Floor Citibank Tower 8741 Paseo de Roxas Street Salcedo Village, Makati City, Philippines Telephone (+632) 848-1051 Fax (+632) 728-1014 E-mail address:mail@cgco.com.ph

CG&Co

an independent member of

BAKER TILLY

INTERNATIONAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and Board of Directors Jolliville Holdings Corporation 4th Floor, 20 Lansbergh Place Building 170 Tomas Morato comer Scout Castor Street Quezon City

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Jolliville Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Joliville Holdings Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and their financial performance and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.

CONSTANTINO GUADALQUIVER & CO. BOA Registration No. 0213, valid until December 31, 2016 SEC Accreditation No. (A.N.) (Firm) 003-FR-3 (Group A), valid until November 10, 2017 BIR A.N. 08-001507-0-2014, valid until January 5, 2018

By:

Parme

Edwin F. Ramos Partner CPA Certificate No. 0091293 SEC A.N. 0432-AR-2, valid until April 30, 2016 (Group A) TIN 134-885-074-000 BIR A. N. 08-001507-8-2014, valid until January 5, 2018 PTR No. 5359247, issued on January 27, 2016, Makati City

Makati City, Philippines February 24, 2016

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Note		2015		2014
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	P	373,045,395	P	315,310,916
Receivables – net	7		201,182,923		236,758,736
Due from related parties	17		75,461,935		55,811,669
Inventories – net	8		16,262,210		16,027,707
Other current assets – net	9		61,797,498		67,371,213
Total Current Assets			727,749,961		691,280,241
Noncurrent Assets					
Property, plant and equipment – net	13		2,279,772,692		1,237,515,838
Investment property	12		928,782,005		614,850,001
Investment in associates	11		47,869,566		21,028,347
Deferred tax assets	22		14,175,220		10,715,814
Available-for-sale (AFS) investments	10		2,955,745		3,005,410
Other noncurrent assets	14		60,080,717		49,296,495
Total Noncurrent Assets			3,333,635,945		1,936,411,905
		P	4,061,385,906	P	2,627,692,146
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current Liabilities	15	P	202 202 070	р	261 000 204
Current portion of loans payable Accounts payable and other	15	*	292,202,878	P	261,098,384
current liabilities	16		627,672,713		313,747,683
Due to related parties	10		195,941,525		62,726,812
Income tax payable	17		17,687,309		16,990,603
Total Current Liabilities			1,133,504,425		654,563,482
			· · ·		
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Noncurrent portion of loans payable	15		1,157,266,651		579,270,960
Retirement benefit obligation	18		39,084,353		27,591,751
Deferred tax liabilities	22		26,338,131		26,068,703
Customers' deposits			22,316,852		24,726,795
Deposit for future stock subscription			95,000,000		95,000,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			1,340,005,987		752,658,209
Total Liabilities			2,473,510,412		1,407,221,691

(Forward)

(Carryforward)

	Notes		2015		2014
Equity					
Attributable to Equity Holders of Parent Company					
Capital stock		P	281,500,000	P	281,500,000
Additional paid-in capital			812,108		812,108
Revaluation surplus on investment					
property and property and equipment	12, 13		207,365,658		205,595,633
Revaluation reserves on AFS					
investments	10		781,642		820,821
Reserve for actuarial gain (loss)			(4,675,669)		735,471
Retained earnings			698,378,813		459,172,754
			1,184,162,552		948,636,787
Noncontrolling Interests			403,712,942		271,833,668
Total Equity			1,587,875,494		1,220,470,455
		P	4,061,385,906	P	2,627,692,146
		Ρ	4,061,385,906	4	2,027,092,146

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015, 2014 AND 2013

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES				
Power sales – net of discount of				
P 506,728 in 2015, P 665,334 in				
2014 and P 579,134 in 2013	23 P	350,841,395	P 501,909,524	P 457,863,336
Water services		196,436,420	188,329,549	150,093,049
Rental	23	59,800,898	59,820,720	65,574,395
Technical services	23	39,957,864	37,493,544	25,742,601
Equity share in net earnings				
of associates	11	678,219	738,209	293,970
Sale of goods		_	_	15,403,475
Others		24,849	18,205	364,372
		647,739,645	788,309,751	715,335,198
COSTS OF SALES AND SERVICES	19	382,937,810	508,423,915	496,464,416
GROSS INCOME		264,801,835	279,885,836	218,870,782
OPERATING EXPENSES	20	121,139,490	109,876,319	97,412,178
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		143,662,345	170,009,517	121,458,604
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) - Net	21	153,632,017	(9,558,460)) 10,319,424
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		297,294,362	160,451,057	131,778,028
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) Current) 22	27 44/ 742	22 (74 (/2	21 404 002
Deferred		37,116,713	32,674,662	21,404,883
Delelled		<u>(4,627,996)</u> 32,488,717	0 (1,979,433) 30,695,229) (1,520,971) 19,883,912
		32,400,717	30,093,229	19,003,912
		264,805,645	129,755,828	111,894,116
	_			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Not reclassifiable to profit or loss	5	(7 7 40 705)		
Actuarial gain (loss)		(7,742,785)		2,579,505
Deferred tax effect		2,331,645		(746,518)
		(5,411,140)		1,832,987

(Forward)

(Carryforward)

	Note	2015		2014		2013
Reclassifiable to profit or loss						
Increase in:						
Revaluation surplus – net	P	8,827,249	P	-	P	2,981,383
Fair value of AFS investments	10	20,146		152,848		150,853
		8,847,395		152,848		3,132,236
		3,436,255		152,848		4,965,223
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	P	268,241,900	P	129,908,676	P	116,859,339
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:						
Equity holders of the parent company		239,206,059		98,800,471	P	93,019,028
Noncontrolling interests		25,599,586		30,955,357		18,875,088
	P	264,805,645	P	129,755,828	P	111,894,116
EARNINGS PER SHARE		0.8498		0.3510		0.3304
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:						
Equity holders of the parent company	- Р	237,717,744	P	99,287,957	P	98,878,554
Noncontrolling interests		30,524,156		30,620,719		17,980,785
	P	268,241,900	Б	129,908,676	Б	116,859,339
	F	200,241,700		127,700,070		110,039,339
EARNINGS PER SHARE	24 P	0.8445	Ρ	0.3527	P	0.3513

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015, 2014 AND 2013

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

No	tes	2015	2014	2013
ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF	PAF	RENT COMPANY		
CAPITAL STOCK – P1 par value Authorized – 1,000,000,000 shares				
Subscribed and fully paid – 281,500,000 shares	₽	281,500,000 P	281,500,000 P	281,500,000
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		812,108	812,108	812,108
REVALUATION SURPLUS ON INVESTMENT PROPERTY AND PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Net				
Balance at beginning of year 12,	13	205,595,633	205,654,298	204,103,821
Appraisal increase		1,815,491	-	1,550,477
Depreciation on property and equipment Balance at end of year		(45,466) 207,365,658	(58,665) 205,595,633	205,654,298
		207,303,038	203,373,033	203,034,290
REVALUATION RESERVES ON AFS INVESTMENTS 1	0			
Balance at beginning of year		820,821	727,298	612,728
Increase in fair value		(39,179)	93,523	114,570
Balance at end of year		781,642	820,821	727,298
RETAINED EARNINGS				
Balance at beginning of year		459,172,754	355,521,854	262,502,826
Change in ownership interest		-	4,850,429	-
Net income during the year		239,206,059	98,800,471	93,019,028
Balance at end of year		698,378,813	459,172,754	355,521,854
RESERVE FOR ACTUARIAL GAIN (LOSS) Balance at beginning of year		735,471	735,471	(2,028,102)
Actuarial gain during the year		(5,411,140)	/35,4/1	2,763,573
Balance at end of year	3	(4,675,669)	735,471	735,471
		1,184,162,552	948,636,787	844,951,029
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS				
Balance at beginning of year		271,833,668	246,063,378	221,141,598
Adjustment		(147,529)	-	-
Balance at beginning of year as adjusted		271,686,139	246,063,378	221,141,598
Increase (decrease) in noncontrolling interests		101,502,647	(4,850,429)	6,940,995
Share in total comprehensive income		30,524,156	30,620,719	17,980,785
Balance at end of year		403,712,942	271,833,668	246,063,378
and the second sec	_			
	P	1,587,875,494 P	1,220,470,455 P	1,091,014,407

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015, 2014 AND 2013 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	2015	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	P	297,294,362 P	160,451,057 P	131,778,028
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	13	52,054,389	59,253,579	54,600,126
Increase in fair value of investment	t			
property through profit or loss	12	(173,387,754)	(17,548,000)	(36,087,300)
Finance charges	15	24,861,702	25,705,153	27,120,417
Interest income	6	(2,267,882)	(3,174,106)	(2,989,472)
Gain on disposal of property				
and equipment		(27,713)	_	_
Provisions for:				
Retirement expense	18	3,787,857	3,123,232	3,142,403
Impairment loss	7,9	-	1,197,641	936,290
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	6	(29,221)	52,372	360,805
Equity share in net earnings				
of associates	11	(678,219)	(738,209)	(293,970)
Realized loss on AFS investments	21	49,665	_	-
Operating income before working				
capital changes		201,657,186	228,322,719	178,567,327
Changes in operating assets and liab	ilities:			
Decrease (increase) in:				
Receivables	7	35,575,813	(40,996,853)	(20,446,685)
Inventories	8	(234,503)	8,282,061	(4,883,339)
Other current assets	9	6,045,634	4,427,907	(17,997,083)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and				
other current liabilities	16	318,592,876	94,902,219	(33,392,457)
Customers' deposits		(2,409,943)	5,631,121	6,871,620
Cash generated from operations		559,227,063	300,569,174	108,719,383
Interest paid		(25,612,660)	(26,708,976)	(28,181,353)
Income tax paid		(36,860,601)	(31,097,790)	(24,301,542)
Interest received		2,267,882	3,174,106	2,988,282
Net cash provided by operating activ	ities	499,021,684	245,936,514	59,224,770

(Forward)

(Carryforward)

	Notes		2015	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Additions to:					
Property, plant and equipment	13	₽	(1,058,920,174)	P (441,969,733) P	(109,693,444)
Investment property	12		(140,544,250)	-	-
Investment in associates			(26,163,000)	-	-
Decrease (increase) in:					
Due from related parties	17		(19,650,266)	(8,800,868)	10,116,672
Other noncurrent assets	14		(10,784,222)	(14,310,557)	(9,465,976)
Proceeds from disposal of property,					
plant and equipment			32,400	-	_
Net cash used in investing activities			(1,256,029,512)	(465,081,158)	(109,042,748)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Ioan availment Payments of Ioans Increase (decrease) in: Noncontrolling interests Due to related parties Net cash provided by financing activities	15 15 17		795,556,977 (186,456,792) 72,398,187 133,214,713 814,713,085	478,418,406 (156,211,206) (4,526,545) (10,964,740) 306,715,915	369,124,997 (301,361,977) 10,374,266 3,175,490 81,312,776
			014,713,003	300,713,713	01,312,770
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGE CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	ES ON		29,221	(52,372)	(360,805)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			57,734,478	87,518,899	31,133,993
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			315,310,916	227,792,017	196,658,024
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	6, 29	P	373,045,395	P 315,310,916 P	227,792,017

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

1. Corporate Information

Jolliville Holdings Corporation ("JOH" or "the Parent Company") and subsidiaries, collectively referred to as "the Group" were incorporated and organized under the laws of the Philippines and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on various dates.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries	Percentage of Ownership			ship
		2015		2014
Ormina Realty and Development Corporation (ORDC)		100.00		100.00
Jolliville Group Management, Inc. (JGMI)		100.00		100.00
Servwell BPO International (Servwell)		100.00		100.00
Granville Ventures Inc. (GVI)*		100.00		100.00
Jollideal Marketing Corporation (JMC)*		100.00		100.00
Jolliville Leisure and Resort Corporation (JLRC)*		100.00		100.00
Buyayao Island Resort Corporation (Buyayao Island)*				
(see Note 2)		51.00		-
Ormin Holdings Corporation (OHC)* and Subsidiaries:		100.00		100.00
OTY Development Corp. (ODC)*		100.00		100.00
Melan Properties Corp. (MPC)*		100.00		100.00
KGT Ventures, Inc. (KVI)*		100.00		100.00
Ibayo Island Resort Corp. (IIRC)*		100.00		100.00
NGTO Resources Corp. (NRC)*		100.00		100.00
Tabuk Water Corp. (TWC)*		100.00		100.00
Philippine Hydro Electric Ventures, Inc. (PHEVI)		100.00		100.00
Ormin Power, Inc. (OPI)		60.00		60.00
Philippine H20 Venture Corp. (H20) and Subsidiaries				
Direct ownership of the Parent Company	33.51		33.51	
Parent Company's ownership through OHC Subsidiaries	24.67	58.18	24.67	58.18
Calapan Waterworks Corporation (CWC) (see Note 2)		58.01		57.98
Metro Agoo Waterworks Inc. (MAWI)*		48.21		49.19
Nation Water Corporation (NWC) * (see Note 2)				
Parent Company's ownership through CWC and TWC		58.18		43.54
*preoperating				

*preoperating

The Parent Company was incorporated primarily to acquire, invest in, hold, sell, exchange and generally deal in with securities of every kind and description (without in any way acting as investment house, or securities dealer or broker), and to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire lands or interest in lands, and to build, construct or erect thereon buildings, factories, or other structures.

Currently, the Parent Company's principal activity is holdings in subsidiaries and associates and leasing its investment property and movable property.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity
ORDC	Engages in real estate business including property development, sale or lease. Develops, sells and/or leases movable property.
JGMI	Provides management, investment and technical advices and services except the management of funds, securities, portfolio or similar assets of the managed entities or corporations.
Servwell	Designs, implements, and operates certain business processes; assists companies in running their accounting units; provides receivables and payables processing, billings and collections, treasury, escrow and other related services; provides provident fund accounting; and provides human resource-related processes.
GVI/ OHC*	Will engage in real estate business including property acquisition, development, sale or lease. Also, will engage in the purchase, investment and sale of securities of any kind, without, in any way, acting as investment house or security dealer or broker.
JMC*	Will engage in the purchase and sale of construction and other related materials.
JLRC/MPC KVI/ODC IIRC/NRC/ Buyayao Island*	Will engage in the lease and purchase of marine, aquatic and environmental resources located in the Philippines and develop and conserve places with tourism value.
Tabuk Water* / MAWI*	Will engage in the operation, management and maintenance of development and utilization of water resources. Also, will acquire, own, lease, construct, install, equip, operate, manage and maintain plants.
PHEVI*	Will engage in, own, develop, construct, rehabilitate, operate, and maintain water and electric power plant systems and facilities, indigenous power generation plants and other types of power generation and/or converting stations; to make the necessary undertaking for the distribution of such facilities to consumers; to act as holding company or joint venture partner or investor in the business of developing, operating, and/or owning power generation plants, converting stations, and/or distribution facilities; to acquire, build, construct, own, maintain and operate all necessary and convenient building, structures, dows, machinery, sub-stations, transmission lines, poles, wires, and other devices; and in relation thereto, engage in all allied services and business necessary for the conduct and maintenance of the above projects.
OPI	Provides power generation and electricity supply services to distribution utilities, including but not limited to, electric cooperatives; to install, build, own, lease maintain or operate power generation facilities, using fossil fuel, natural gas, or renewable energy; and to engage in any and all acts which may be necessary, or convenient, in the furtherance of such power generation services.

Name of subsidiary Principal activity H20 Currently engaged in investing and owning water companies that engage and will engage in the operating management of the development and utilization of water resources to harness, produce and supply water for domestic, municipal, agricultural, industrial, commercial and recreational purposes. CWC Operates, manages and maintains the general business of development and utilization of water resources to harness, produce and supply water for domestic, municipal, agricultural, industrial, commercial or recreational purposes. NWC* Will operate, manage and maintain the general business of, development and utilization of water resources to harness, produce and supply water for domestic, municipal, agricultural, industrial, commercial or recreational purposes. *preoperating stage

The Parent Company's registered office and principal place of business is 4F 20 Lansbergh Place, 170 Tomas Morato corner Scout Castor Street, Quezon City.

The consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and subsidiaries (Group) were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on February 24, 2016.

2. Basis of Preparation

Presentation of Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for available-for-sale investments, investment property and certain property and equipment which are stated at fair value. The Group presents all items of income and expenses in a single statement of comprehensive income. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine pesos, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency under Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). All values are rounded to the nearest peso, except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Group have been prepared in compliance with PFRS. PFRS includes statements named PFRS and Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS), and interpretations of the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC), Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) which have been approved by the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) and adopted by SEC.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include the accounts of Jolliville Holdings Corporation and its subsidiaries where the Parent Company has control.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Parent Company. Then are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Parent Company and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Parent Company. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. All significant intercompany accounts, transactions, and income and expenses and losses are eliminated upon consolidation.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the Parent Company using consistent accounting policies.

Noncontrolling interest's share in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Noncontrolling interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the noncontrolling interest's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the noncontrolling interests in excess of the noncontrolling interests share in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interest of the Group except to the extent that the noncontrolling interests has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover losses.

Disposals of equity investments to noncontrolling interests resulting in gains and losses for the Group are recorded in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Purchase of equity shares from noncontrolling interests are accounted for as equity transaction (i.e., transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests shall be adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the noncontrolling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid shall be recognized directly in equity.

		2015	
Date	Subsidiary	Transaction	Amount
January 31, 2015	H20	Subscribed additional 16,781,000 shares of CWC at ₽6 per share using its deposit for future stock subscription at the former.	₽100.7 million
May 13, 2015	H20 and JOH	Sale of 9,999,995 shares in TWC to JOH, for ₽1 per share. This has changed the ownership from 74.84% to 39.85%.	10.0 million

The following are the major events affecting the Parent and subsidiaries for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013:

		2015	
Date	Subsidiary	Transaction	Amount
May 20, 2015	H20	Declared stock dividends out of its unrestricted retained earnings; SEC approval date - October 20, 2015.	₽81.1 million
October 5, 2015	H20	Increased in authorized capital from ₱200 million divided into 200 million shares with par value of ₱1 per share to ₱500 million divided into 500 million shares with the same par value per share.	500.0 million
October 14, 2015	JLRC	Subscribed 152,999,996 shares of Buyayao Island Resort Corporation at ₽1 per share. As of December 31, 2015, the related subscriptions payable amounted to ₽76.5 million.	153.0 million
December 2, 2015	Servwell	Declared cash dividends.	18.0 million
December 16, 2015	JGMI	Declared cash dividends.	20.0 million
December 28, 2015	PHEVI	Subscribed additional 93,316,500 shares of OPI shares at ₽1 per share. As of December 31, 2015, unpaid subscription amounted to ₽41,463,375.	93.3 million
		2014	
Date	Subsidiary	Transactions	Amount
March 24, 2014	JOH	Purchased 100% of the outstanding shares of pre-operating company, Bia Ventures, Inc. (BVI). The BOD agreed to transfer all its shares in OPI to BVI. JOH's ownership to OPI remains at 60% as Bia Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JOH.	₽80.0 million

		pre-operating company, Bia Ventures, Inc. (BVI). The BOD agreed to transfer all its shares in OPI to BVI. JOH's ownership to OPI remains at 60% as Bia Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JOH.	
August 18, 2014	H20	SEC approved the change of name of Calapan Ventures, Inc. to Philippine H2O Ventures Corp. as well as the amendment of CVI's primary and secondary purpose.	
November 24, 2014	CWC	Declared cash dividends of ₽1 per common share to stockholders on record as of November 24, 2014. Out of the total amount of dividends declared, dividends attributable to Philippine H2O Ventures Corp. amounting to ₽100,686,484 were converted into deposit for future stock subscriptions.	101.0 million

	2014		
Date	Subsidiary	Transactions	Amount
November 28, 2014	PHEVI	SEC approved the change of name from Bia Ventures, Inc. to PHEVI.	
December 15, 2014	JGMI	Declared cash dividends.	₽10.0 million
	SERVWELL	Declared cash dividends.	25.0 million
December 16, 2014	ORDC	Declared cash dividends.	40.0 million
2014	CWC/	Entered into a Memorandum Agreement with Aquafino Water Corporation to form Nation	1.0 million
	TWC	Water Corporation. On November 13, 2014, SEC approved the incorporation of the Associate. CWC and TWC subscribed shares representing 39.85% and 34.99% equity ownership interests in the Associate with unpaid subscriptions of ₽749,900 and ₽656,200, respectively.	0.9 million

On March 9, 2016, KVI, NRC, MPC, and ODC declared cash dividends amounting to ₽1,250,000 each from its accumulated retained earnings as of December 31, 2015.

3. Accounting and Financial Reporting Policies

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted by the Group are consistent with those of the previous financial years except for the following amended and improved PFRS and PAS which became effective in 2015:

Amendments to PAS 19, "Employee Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions" The amendments apply to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. Contributions that are set out in the formal terms of the plan shall be accounted for as reductions to current service costs if they are linked to service or as part of the remeasurements of the net defined benefit asset or liability if they are not linked to service. Contributions that are discretionary shall be accounted for as reductions of current service cost upon payment of these contributions to the plans.

Currently, PAS 19 is not applicable to the Group.

Annual Improvements to PFRS

2010 to 2012 cycle

• PFRS 2, "Share-based Payment - Definition of Vesting Condition" The amendment revised the definitions of vesting condition and market condition and added the definitions of performance condition and service condition to clarify various issues.

The amendment does not apply to the Group as it currently has no share-based payments.

• PFRS 3, "Business Combinations - Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination"

The amendment clarifies that a contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument should be classified as a financial liability or as equity in accordance with PAS 32, Contingent consideration that is not classified as equity is subsequently measured at FVPL whether or not it falls within the scope of PFRS 9 (or PAS 39, if PFRS 9 is not yet adopted).

The amendment does not apply to the Group as it has no business combination transactions in 2015.

• PFRS 8, "Operating Segments - Aggregation of Operating Segments and Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets"

The amendments require entities to disclose the judgment made by management in aggregating two or more operating segments. This disclosure should include a brief description of the operating segments that have been aggregated in this way and the economic indicators that have been assessed in determining that the aggregated operating segments share similar economic characteristics. The amendments also clarify that an entity shall provide reconciliations of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets if such amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The amendments are not relevant to the Group since it is not one of the entities required to adopt PFRS 8.

• PAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment: Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation"

The amendment clarifies that, upon revaluation of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the asset shall be adjusted to the revalued amount, and the asset shall be treated in one of the following ways:

- a. The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset. The accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account any accumulated impairment losses.
- b. The accumulated depreciation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset.

This applies to all revaluations recognized in annual periods beginning on or after the date of initial application of this amendment and in the immediately preceding annual period. The Group will decide which of the above options shall be applied.

• PAS 24, "Related Party Disclosures - Key Management Personnel"

The amendment clarifies that an entity is a related party of the reporting entity if the said entity, or any member of a group for which it is a part of, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent company of the reporting entity. The amendment also clarifies that a reporting entity that obtains management personnel services from another entity (also referred to as management entity) is not required to disclose the compensation paid or payable by the management entity to its employees or directors. The reporting entity is required to disclose the amounts incurred for the key management personnel services provided by a separate management entity.

The amendment affects disclosures only and has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

PAS 38, "Intangible Assets: Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization"

The amendments clarify that, upon revaluation of an intangible asset, the carrying amount of the asset shall be adjusted to the revalued amount, and the asset shall be treated in one of the following ways:

- a. The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset. The accumulated amortization at the date of revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account any accumulated impairment losses.
- b. The accumulated amortization is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset.

The amendments also clarify that the amount of the adjustment of the accumulated amortization should form part of the increase or decrease in the carrying amount accounted for in accordance with the standard.

These amendments shall apply to all revaluations recognized in annual periods beginning on or after the date of initial application of this amendment and in the immediately preceding annual period.

The amendments have no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

2011 to 2013 cycle

• PFRS 3, "Business Combinations - Scope Exceptions for Joint Arrangements" The amendment clarifies that PFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of a joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

The amendment is currently not relevant to the Group.

• PFRS 13, "Fair Value Measurement - Portfolio Exception" The amendment clarifies that the portfolio exception in PFRS 13 can be applied to financial assets, financial liabilities and other contracts.

The amendment has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

• PAS 40, "Investment Property"

The amendment clarifies the interrelationship between PFRS 3 and PAS 40 when classifying property as investment property or owner-occupied property. The amendment stated that judgment is needed when determining whether the acquisition of investment property is the acquisition of an asset or a group of assets or a business combination within the scope of PFRS 3. This judgment is based on the guidance of PFRS 3.

The amendment has no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

<u>New Accounting Standards, Amendments to Existing Standards, Annual Improvements and</u> <u>Interpretations Effective Subsequent to December 31, 2015</u>

The standards, amendments, annual improvements and interpretations which have issued but are not yet effective are discussed below and in the subsequent pages. The Group will adopt these standards, amendments and annual improvements and interpretations when these become effective and applicable to the Group. Except as otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect the adoption of these new and amended standards, annual improvements and interpretations to have a significant impact on its financial statements. Effective in 2016

• PFRS 10, PFRS 12 and PAS 28, "Investment Entities": Applying the Consolidation Exception The amendments clarify that the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements is available to a parent entity that is subsidiary of an investment entity, even if the investment entity measures all its subsidiaries at fair value in accordance with PFRS 10. Consequential amendments have also been made to PAS 28 to clarify that the exemption from applying the equity method is also applicable to an investor in an associate or joint venture if that investor is a subsidiary of an investment entity that measures all its subsidiaries at fair value.

The amendments further clarify that the requirement for an investment entity to consolidate a subsidiary providing services related to the former's investment activities applies only to subsidiaries that are not investment entities themselves.

Moreover, the amendments clarify that in applying the equity method of accounting to an associate or a joint venture that is an investment entity, an investor may retain the fair value measurements that the associate or joint venture used for its subsidiaries.

Lastly, clarification is also made that an investment entity that measures all its subsidiaries at fair value should provide the disclosures required by PFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities.

The amendments to PFRS 10 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

PAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment" and PAS 38, "Intangible Assets": Classification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization
The amendments clarify that revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is inappropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortize intangible assets.

These amendments are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with earlier application permitted and are applied prospectively. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

• PAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment" and PAS 41, "Agriculture": Bearer Plants The amendment clarifies that biological assets that meet the definition of bearer plants will be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment PAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendment also clarifies that produce growing on bearer plants continues to be accounted under PAS 41. For government grants related to bearer plants, PAS 20, Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance will apply.

These amendments are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with earlier application permitted. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

PAS 27, "Separate Financial Statements": Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements The amendments will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. Entities already applying PFRS and electing to change to the equity method in its separate financial statements will have to apply the change retrospectively. For first time adopters of PFRS electing to use the equity method in its separate financial statements, they will be required to apply this method from the date of transition to PFRS.

These amendments are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with earlier application permitted and to be applied retrospectively. This is currently not applicable to the Group.

• PFRS 11, "Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations"

The amendments clarify the accounting for acquisitions of an interest in a joint operation when the operation constitutes a business. The acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business is required to apply the principles on business combinations accounting. Previously held interest in joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. Amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under the common control of the same ultimate controlling party. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with earlier adoption permitted.

This is not currently applicable to the Group.

• PFRS 14, "Regulatory Deferral Accounts"

PFRS 14 is an optional standard that allows an entity whose activities are subject to rate-regulation, to continue applying most of its existing accounting policies for regulatory deferral account balances upon its first-time adoption of PFRS. Entities that adopt PFRS 14 must present the regulatory deferral accounts as separate line items on the statement of financial position and present movements in these account balances as separate line items in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The standard requires disclosures on the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's rate-regulation and the effects of that rate-regulation on its financial statements.

The standard will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early application permitted. This affects disclosure only should the Group opted to adopt this standard.

• PAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements": Disclosure Initiative

The amendments were a response to comments that there were difficulties in applying the concept of materiality in practice as the wording of some of the requirements in PAS 1 had in some cases been read to prevent the use of judgment. Certain key highlights in the amendments are follows:

- An entity should not reduce the understandability of its financial statements by obscuring material information with immaterial information or by aggregating material items that have different natures or functions.
- An entity need not provide a specific disclosure required by a PFRS if the information resulting from that disclosure is not material.

- In the other comprehensive income section of a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the amendments require separate disclosure for the following items:
 - the share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and
 - the share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

The amendments to PAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Group will apply and assess the impact of this improvement when becomes effective.

2012-2014 cycle

- PAS 19, "Employee Benefits": Regional Market Issue Regarding Discount Rate
- This amendment clarifies that the rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations (both funded and unfunded) shall be determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds. Where there is no deep market in such high quality corporate bonds, the market yields (at the end of the reporting period) on government bonds shall be used. The currency and term of the corporate bonds or government bonds shall be consistent with the currency and estimated term of the postemployment benefit obligations.

This amendment will not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

• PFRS 5, "Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations": Changes in Methods of Disposal

The amendment clarify the accounting for a change in a disposal plan from a plan to sell to a plan to distribute a dividend in kind to its shareholders (or vice versa) when an entity reclassifies an asset (or disposal group) directly from one method of disposal to other should not be considered a new plan rather as a continuation of the original plan. There is, therefore, no interruption of the application of the requirements in PFRS 5. The amendment also clarifies that changing the disposal method does not change date of classification.

This amendment will not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

• PFRS 7, "Financial Instruments: Disclosure – Servicing Contracts"

This amendment clarifies that a servicing contract that includes a fee can constitute continuing involvement in a financial asset. An entity is required to disclose any continuing involvement in a transferred asset that is derecognized in its entirety. The amendment is to be applied such that the assessment of which servicing contracts constitute continuing involvement will be applied retrospectively. An entity that first applies the amendments is not required to provide comparative disclosures for any period beginning before the annual period of first application.

This improvement affects disclosure only and will not have significant impact on its financial statements.

• PFRS 7, "Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements"

The amendment clarifies that the disclosures on offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities are not required in the condensed interim financial report unless they provide a significant update to the information reported in the most recent annual report. This amendment is applied.

The Group does not expect that this amendment will have significant impact on its financial statements.

• PAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" Disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the Interim Financial Report'

These amendments clarify that an entity discloses information elsewhere in the interim financial report when it incorporates disclosures by cross-reference to information in another statement and wherever they are included within the greater interim financial report (e.g., management commentary or risk report).

This amendment will not have significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Effective in 2017

Standards issued by the IASB but not yet been adopted by the FRSC

• IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach to measuring and recognizing revenue. The new revenue standard is applicable to all entities and will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRS. Either a full or modified retrospective application is required for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 with early adoption permitted.

IFRS 16, "Leases"

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016. Under the new standard, lessees will no longer classify their lease as either operating or finance leases in accordance with PAS 17. Rather, leases will apply the single-asset model, wherein lessees will recognize the assets and the related liabilities for most leases in their balance sheets and, subsequently, will depreciate the lease assets and recognize interest on the lease liabilities in their profit or loss. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with an early adoption permitted.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of IFRS 15 and IFRS 16 and plans to adopt the new standard on the required effective dates once adopted locally.

Effective in 2018

PFRS 9, "Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement"

PFRS 9 requires all financial assets to be measured at fair value at initial recognition. A debt financial asset may, if the fair value option (FVO) is not invoked, be subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model that has the objective to hold the assets to collect the contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. All other debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. All equity financial assets are measured at fair value either through OCI or profit or loss. Equity financial assets held for trading must be measured at FVPL. For liabilities designated as at FVPL using the FVO, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI.

The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change relating to the entity's own credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. All other PAS 39 classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities have been carried forward to PFRS 9, including the embedded derivative bifurcation rules and the criteria for using the FVO. The adoption of the first phase of PFRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets, but will potentially have no impact on the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

On hedge accounting, PFRS 9 replaces the rules-based hedge accounting model of PAS 39 with a more principles-based approach. Changes include replacing the rules-based hedge effectiveness test with an objectives-based test that focuses on the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, and the effect of credit risk on that economic relationship; allowing risk components to be designated as the hedged item, not only for financial items, but also for nonfinancial items, provided that the risk component is separately identifiable and reliably measurable; and allowing the time value of an option, the forward element of a forward contract and any foreign currency basis spread to be excluded from the designation of a financial instrument as the hedging instrument and accounted for as costs of hedging. PFRS 9 also requires more extensive disclosures for hedge accounting. The Group will assess the impact of this improvement when becomes effective.

Deferred

- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 15, "Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate"
 - This interpretation covers accounting for revenue and associated expenses by entities that undertake the construction of real estate directly or through subcontractors. The Philippine SEC and the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) have deferred the effectivity of this interpretation until the final Revenue standard is issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and an evaluation of the requirements of the final Revenue standard against the practices of the Philippine real estate industry is completed.

Management will continuously assess the impact of this interpretation. Currently, management believes that the adoption of the interpretation will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

• PFRS 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements" and PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures": Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

These amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in PFRS 10 and those in PAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require that full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is a housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

The Group will continue to assess the relevance and impact of the above standards, amendments to standards and interpretations. The revised disclosures on the financial statements required by the above standards and interpretations will be included in the Group's financial statements when these are adopted.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements are set out below:

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or liability in the consolidated statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. It determines the classification of financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial assets and liabilities, except for financial instruments measured at FVPL.

Determination of Fair value

Fair value is determined by preference to the transaction price or other market prices. If such market prices are not reliably determinable, the fair value of the consideration is estimated as the sum of all future cash payments or receipts, discounted using the prevailing market rates of interest for a similar instruments with similar maturities.

Financial assets and liabilities are further classified into the following categories: financial assets or financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets and other financial liabilities. The Group determines the classification at initial recognition and, where allowance is appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Group holds financial asset under loans and receivables, available-for-sale and financial liability under other financial liabilities.

A more detailed description of the categories of financial assets and liabilities that the Group has is as follows:

• Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivables. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables that are classified as non-current are carried at amortized cost in the statements of financial position. Assets that are classified as current are carried at their undiscounted amount. Amortization is determined using the effective interest rate method. Loans and receivables are included in current assets if maturity is within twelve (12) months of each end of financial reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

This category includes cash and cash equivalents (Note 6), receivables (Note 7), due from related party (Note 17) and deposits and reserve fund (Note 14).

• Available-for-Sale (AFS) Financial Assets

AFS financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as AFS or are not classified in any of the other preceding categories. After initial recognition, AFS financial assets are measured at fair value with gains or losses being recognized as separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or until the investment is determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organized financial market is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the end of financial reporting period. For investments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include recent arm's length market transaction; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; discounted cash flows analysis and option pricing models.

Classified under this category are the Group's mutual fund managed by an insurance company (see Note 10).

• Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities pertain to liabilities that are not held for trading or not designated as FVPL upon inception of the liability. A financial liability at FVPL is acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term or upon initial recognition, it is designated by the management as at FVPL.

Other financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value, less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. These include liabilities arising from operations and borrowings.

This category includes accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 16) and due to related parties (Note 17), loans payable (Note 15) and customer's deposits in the consolidated statements of financial positions.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group assesses at the end of each financial reporting period whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment losses, if any, are measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows or current fair value.

 Assets carried at amortized cost. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced either directly or through use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss shall be recognized in the Group's consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If it is determined that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and that group of financial asset is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

 AFS Financial Assets. If an AFS financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Reversals in respect of equity instruments classified as AFS are not recognized in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through profit or loss if the increase in fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognized when (1) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial instruments expire, (2) the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement, or (3) the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows of an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of an asset nor transferred control of the assets, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where the existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Business Combination

Business acquisitions are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting.

The acquisition method involves the recognition of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities, including contingent liabilities, regardless of whether they are recorded in the consolidated financial statements prior to acquisition. On initial recognition, the assets and liabilities of the acquired subsidiary are included in the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair values, which are also used as the bases for the subsequent measurement in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Negative goodwill which is the excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of net identifiable assets acquired over acquisition cost is recognized directly to profit or loss.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units are identified according to operating segment.

Gains and losses on the disposal of an interest in a subsidiary include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to it.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquirer is required to remeasure its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at its acquisition-date fair value and recognize the resulting gain or loss, if any, in the profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognized in accordance with PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Revenue, Cost and Expense Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transactions will flow to the Group and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

- *Power sales and water services* are recognized when the related services are delivered.
- *Rental income* is recognized on a straight-line basis in accordance with the substance of the lease agreement.
- *Technical services* comprise the value of all services provided and are recognized when rendered.
- *Sale of goods* is recognized upon delivery of goods sold, and the transfer of risks and rewards to the customer has been completed.
- *Interest income* is recognized on a time proportion basis that reflects the effective yield on the asset.
- *Other income* is recognized when the related income/service is earned.

Cost and Expenses Recognition

Cost and expenses are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income when decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less from dates of acquisition and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Special Bank Deposit and Reserve Fund

Certain bank deposits are restricted for withdrawal by the creditor bank as hold-out fund for the Group's loan availments. These are classified as noncurrent assets.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). Cost is determined using weighted average method. NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Other Assets

This account comprises the following:

- *Input tax* is recognized when an entity in the Group purchases goods or services from a Value Added Tax (VAT)-registered supplier. This account is offset, on a per entity basis, against any output tax previously recognized.
- *Prepayments* are apportioned over the period covered by the payment and charged to the appropriate account in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when incurred.
- *Creditable withholding tax* is deducted from income tax payable in the same year the revenue is recognized.

Prepayments and other current assets that are expected to be realized for no more than 12 months after the reporting period are classified as current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as other noncurrent assets.

Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group's ownership interest ranges between 20% and 50% or where it has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not in control or joint control over those policies.

The Group carries its investment in an associate at cost, increased or decreased by the Group's equity in net earnings or losses of the investee company since date of acquisition and reduced by dividends received. Equity in net losses is recognized only up to the extent of acquisition costs.

Investment Property

Investment property represents property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment property is accounted for under the fair value model. Generally, it is revalued annually and is included in the Group's statement of financial position at its fair value. Fair value is supported by market evidence and is determined by independent appraisers with sufficient experience with respect to both the location and the nature of the investment property.

Investment property, which consists mainly of land, buildings and condominium units, is initially measured at acquisition cost, including transaction costs.

Any gain or loss resulting from either a change in the fair value or the sale or retirement of an investment property is immediately recognized in profit or loss as fair value adjustment on investment property under other income in the Group's statements of comprehensive income. In case of fair value loss and there is a carrying revaluation surplus balance as a result of transfer from property, plant and equipment carried at appraised value, the loss shall be applied first to the balance of revaluation surplus before recognizing the remaining loss to profit or loss.

Investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. A company-occupied property classified under property and equipment account becomes an investment property when it ends company-occupation.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and building and improvements are carried at appraised values as determined by an independent firm of appraisers on January 15, 2016. The appraisal increment resulting from the revaluation was credited to "Revaluation Surplus" shown under Equity section in the consolidated statements of financial position. Other property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, amortization and any allowance for impairment in value.

Initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its construction cost or purchase price and any directly attributable cost of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenses incurred and paid after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to income when the costs are incurred. In situation where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as an additional cost of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives except for leasehold improvements which are amortized over the estimated useful life of the assets or term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

	Years
Leasehold improvements	20
Buildings, condominium units and improvements	10 - 25
Furniture, furnishings and equipment for lease	10
Water utilities and distribution system	10 - 50
Power plant	15
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	5
Transportation equipment	8

The residual values, useful life and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

Construction in progress, included in the property and equipment, is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction, equipment and other direct costs. Construction in progress and equipment for installation is not depreciated until such time as the relevant assets are completed or installed and put into operational use.

When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is credited or charged to current operations.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are generally expensed as incurred. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period on loans and advances used to finance construction and property development are capitalized as part of construction and development costs included under "Property, Plant and Equipment" account in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Capitalization of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset are in progress and expenditures and borrowing costs are being incurred. Capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are complete. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recorded. Capitalized borrowing cost is based on applicable weighted average borrowing rate.

All other borrowing costs are charged to operation in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs capitalized amounted to ₽31.8 million in 2015 and ₽6.4 million in 2014.

Research and Development Costs

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditures incurred on an individual project are carried forward when its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured. Any expenditure carried forward is amortized in line with the expected future revenue from the related project. Otherwise, development costs are expensed as incurred. The costs will be amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 25 years upon completion.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying values of long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount of the asset is the greater of net selling price and value in use. The net selling price is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction less cost to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which it arises unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in which case the impairment is charged to the revaluation increment of the said asset.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation and amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to current operations.

Loans Payables

Interest-bearing bank loans are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the settlement amount is recognized over the term of the loan in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs.

Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Employee benefits

Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognized as expense in the period when the economic benefits are given. Unpaid benefits at the end of the accounting period are recognized as accrued expense while benefits paid in advance are recognized as prepayment to the extent that it will lead to a reduction in future payments. Short-term benefits given by the Group to its employees include salaries and wage, social security contributions, short-term compensated absences, bonuses and non-monetary benefits.

Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits liability, as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position, is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period reduced by the fair value of plan assets, adjusted for the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. The retirement benefit costs comprise of the service cost, net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset and remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset.

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognized as expense in profit or loss. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs. These amounts are calculated regularly by independent qualified actuaries.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in profit or loss.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Related Party Transactions and Relationships

Related party transactions are transfers of resources, services or obligations between the Group and its related parties, regardless whether a price is charged. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. These parties include: (a) individuals owning, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or under common control with the Group; (b) associates; (c) and, individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group and close members of the family of any such individual.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely on the legal form.

Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in Philippine pesos using the exchange rate at the date of the transactions. Outstanding monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are stated using the closing exchange rate at the end of financial reporting period. Gains or losses arising from foreign currency transactions are credited or charged directly to current operations.

<u>Equity</u>

- *Capital stock* is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.
- Additional paid-in capital includes any premiums received on the initial issuance of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of any related taxes.
- *Revaluation surplus* accounts for the excess of the fair market value over the carrying amounts of "Land and improvements" included under the Property, plant and equipment account and certain investment property. Any appraisal decrease is first offset against appraisal increment on earlier revaluation with respect to the same property and is thereafter charged to operations.
- Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investment accounts are the excess (deficiency) of the fair market value over the carrying amounts of these investments. When fluctuation is deemed permanent, the gain or loss resulting from such fluctuation will be reversed and charged to profit or loss in the year that the permanent fluctuation is determined.
- *Retained earnings* include all current and prior period net income less any dividends declared as disclosed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- *Actuarial reserve* comprises the net actuarial gains and losses on the Group's retirement obligation as a result of re-measurement.

<u>Leases</u>

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the term of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting period so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment in respect of the leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the lease asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance lease are initially recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Contingent rental is recognized as expense in the periods in which it is incurred.

Rental expense under operating leases is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The Group determines whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease based on the substance of the arrangement. It makes an assessment of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Income Taxes

Income taxes represent the sum of current year tax and deferred tax.

The current year tax is based on taxable income for the year. Taxable income differs from income as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current income tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of financial reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided, using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of financial reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes and carryforward benefits of net operating loss carryover (NOLCO) and minimum corporate income tax (MCIT). Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at end of each financial reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is not probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

Income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and other comprehensive income.

Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into five (5) major operating businesses which comprise the bases on which the Group reports its primary segment information. Financial information on business segments is presented in Note 5. The Group has no geographical segments as all of the companies primarily operate only in the Philippines.

Segment revenue, expenses and performance include transfers between business segments. The transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar products and services. The measurement policies the Group used for segment reporting are the same as those used in the consolidated financial statements. There have been no changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine profit and loss. No asymmetrical allocations have been applied between segments.

Inter-segment assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and results are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Earnings per Share (EPS)

EPS is determined by dividing net income for the year by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year including fully paid but unissued shares as of the end of the year, adjusted for any subsequent stock dividends declared. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income for the year by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year after giving effect to assumed conversion of potential common shares. The Group has no existing dilutive shares.

<u>Provisions</u>

Provisions are recognized only when the following conditions are met: a) there exists a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event; b) it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and, c) reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at end of each financial reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

Events after the End of Financial Reporting Period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of financial reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are non-adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when material.

4. Management's Use of Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates. The effect of any changes in estimates will be recorded in the Group's consolidated financial statements when determinable.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

<u>Judgments</u>

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

• Determination of Control

The Parent Company determines control when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with an entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the equity. The Parent Company controls an entity if and only if the Parent Company has all of the following:

- Power over the entity;
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity; and,
- The ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of the Parent Company's returns.

The Parent Company regularly reassesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

• Classification of Leases

The Group has entered into various lease agreements as either a lessor or a lessee. Critical judgment was exercised by management to distinguish each lease agreement as either an operating or finance lease by looking at the transfer or retention of significant risk and rewards of ownership of the properties covered by the agreements. Currently, all of the Group's lease agreements are determined to be operating leases.

Rental expenses are shown in Notes 19 and 20.

• Determination of Impairment of AFS Investment

The Group follows the guidance of PAS 39 in determining when an investment is other-than-temporarily impaired. This determination requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost and the financial health of the near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flows.

• Distinction between Investment Property and Owner-Occupied Property

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property. In making its judgments, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the property but also other assets used in the supply process.

Some properties are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and other properties are held for use in rendering of services or for administrative purposes. If the portion cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods and services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgment. • Classification of Financial Instruments

The Group classifies a financial instrument, or its component parts, on initial recognition financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument. The substance rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the consolidated statements of financial position.

<u>Estimates</u>

The key assumptions concerning the future and other sources of estimation of uncertainty at the end of financial reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

• Impairment of Receivables

The Group maintains allowance for impairment losses on receivables at a level considered adequate to provide for potential uncollectible receivables. The level of this allowance is evaluated by management on the basis of factors that affect the collectibility of the accounts.

The factors include, but are not limited to, the length of relationship with the customer, the customer's payment behavior and known market factors. The Group reviews the age and status of receivables, and identifies accounts that are to be provided with allowances on a continuous basis. The Group provides full allowance for receivables that it deems uncollectible. The amount and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if the Group made different judgments or utilized different estimates. An increase in the allowance for impairment losses on receivables would increase recorded operating expenses and decrease current assets.

The Group's allowance for impairment losses amounted to 2.4 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 (see Note 7).

• Net Realizable Value (NRV) of Inventories

The Group's estimate of the NRV of inventories is based on evidence available at the time the estimates are made of the amount that these inventories are expected to be realized. These estimates consider the fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring after the end of the reporting period to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at financial reporting date. The amount and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if different judgments were made of different estimates were utilized.

The Group's inventories as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to P16.3 million and P16.0 million, respectively (see Note 8).

• Allowance for Inventory Obsolescence

Provision is established as a certain percentage based on the age and movement of stocks. In case there is write-off or disposal of slow-moving items during the year, a reduction in the allowance for obsolescence if any, is made.

No allowance for inventory obsolescence recognized in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Fair Value Measurement of Investment Property

The Group's investment property composed of parcels of land and buildings and improvements are carried at revalued amount at the end of the reporting period. In determining the fair value of these assets, the Group engages the services of professional and independent appraisers. The fair value is determined by reference to market-based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. Such amount is influenced by different factors including the location and specific characteristics of the property (e.g., size, features, and capacity), quantity of comparable properties available in the market, and economic condition and behavior of the buying parties. A significant change in these elements may affect prices and the value of the assets. The amounts of revaluation and fair value gains recognized on investment property are disclosed in Note 12.

The carrying value of the Group's investment property amounted to P928.8 million and P614.9 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 12).

Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment are estimated based on the period over which these assets are expected to be available for use. Such estimation is based on a collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. The estimated useful life of each asset is reviewed periodically and updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the asset. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the amounts and timing of recorded expenses brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. Any reduction in the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment would increase the Group's recorded operating expenses and decrease on the related asset accounts.

There were no significant changes in the estimated useful lives of the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year.

The Group's property, plant and equipment as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \neq 2.3 billion and \neq 1.2 billion, respectively (see Note 13).

Determination of Pension and Other Retirement Benefits
 The determination of the Group's obligation and cost for pension and other retirement
 benefits is dependent on management's selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in
 calculating such amounts.

The assumptions for pension costs and other retirement benefits are described in Note 18, and include among others, discount and salary increase rates. Actual results that differ from the assumptions are accumulated and amortized over future periods and therefore, generally affect the Group's recognized expense and recorded obligation in such future periods. While management believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in management assumptions may materially affect the Group's pension and other retirement obligations.

The Group also estimates other employee benefits obligation and expense, including the cost of paid leaves based on historical leave availments of employees, subject to the Group's policy. These estimates may vary depending on the future changes in salaries and actual experiences during the year. Retirement expense amounted to $\neq 3.8$ million in 2015, $\neq 3.2$ million in 2014 and $\neq 3.7$ million in 2013. The Group's retirement benefit obligation amounted to $\neq 39.1$ million and $\neq 27.6$ million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 18).

• Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

Impairment review is performed when certain impairment indicators are present. Such indicators would include significant changes in asset usage, significant decline in market value and obsolescence or physical damage on an asset. If such indicators are present and where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Determining the net recoverable value of assets requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets. While it is believed that the assumptions used in the estimation of fair values reflected in the consolidated financial statements are appropriate and reasonable, significant changes in these assumptions may materially affect the assessment of recoverable values and any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse impact on the results of operations.

The Group's allowance for impairment amounted to P1.2 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 (see Note 9).

The carrying amounts of investment property, property, plant and equipment and other noncurrent assets are disclosed in Notes 12, 13 and 14.

• Impairment of Goodwill

Purchase accounting requires extensive use of accounting estimates to allocate the purchase price to the fair market values of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date. It also requires the acquirer to recognize goodwill. The Group's business acquisitions have resulted in goodwill which is subject to a periodic impairment test. The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

There was no impairment loss in 2015, 2014 and 2013.

• Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities

Significant judgment is required in determining provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

The Group's deferred tax assets amounted to P14.2 million and P10.7 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 22). The Group's deferred tax liabilities amounted to P26.3 million and P26.1 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 22).

• Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

PFRS requires that certain financial assets and liabilities be carried at fair value, which requires the use of extensive accounting estimates and judgments. While significant components of fair value measurement are determined using verifiable objective evidence (i.e. interest rates, volatility rates), the timing and amount of changes in fair value would differ with the valuation methodology used. Any change in the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities would directly affect income and equity (see Note 26).

• Provisions for Contingencies

The estimate of the probable costs for possible third party claims, including tax liabilities, if any, has been developed based on management's analysis of potential results. When management believes that the eventual liabilities under these claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements, no provision for probable losses is recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

No provisions were recognized in 2015, 2014 and 2013.

5. Business Segments

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that serves different market.

- The Parent Company and ORDC are engaged in providing furnishings and non-heavy equipment for lease. Also, the Parent Company leases out some of its investment property.
- Water segment pertains to CWC, engaged in the operation, maintenance and distribution of water supplies in the City of Calapan, province of Oriental Mindoro and City of Tabuk, province of Kalinga.
- Power segment pertains to OPI, engaged in power generation and provides electricity supply services in the Province of Oriental Mindoro.
- Management services segment pertains to JGMI and Servwell, engaged in providing management, technical consulting and other related services.
- Trading segment pertains to H20's trading of goods. On October 9, 2013, H20 discontinued its trading business.
- Unallocated segment pertains to the Company (H20, OHC, GVI, JLRC, JMC, and Buyayao Island) who are engaged in holding of properties of every kind and description.

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of operating cash, receivables, investment property, property, plant and equipment - net of allowances and provisions. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of accounts payable, wages, and taxes currently payable and accrued liabilities.

The Group generally accounts for inter-segment sales and transfers as in arm's-length transactions at current market prices. Such sales and purchases are eliminated in consolidation.

The following are revenue and income information regarding industry segments for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 and certain assets and liability information regarding industry segments as of December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013:

				2015			
				Management/			
				Technical			
	Power	Water	Rental	services	Unallocated	Elimination	Consolidated
Segment revenues	₽350,841,395	₽196,436,420	₽68,900,327	₽64,895,208	₽180,199,682	(₽34,036,772)	₽827,236,260
Segment cost and							
expenses	279,036,733	117,331,330	43,861,842	40,325,474	31,574,763	(34,036,772)	478,093,370
Earnings before							
depreciation and							
income tax	71,804,662	79,105,090	25,038,485	24,569,734	148,624,919	-	349,142,890
Depreciation and							
amortization	17,810,111	23,666,349	10,081,930	290,138	-	-	51,848,528
Income tax expense							
(benefit)-net	42,517	15,482,910	1,471,875	14,399,883	1,091,532	-	32,488,717
Net income	₽53,952,034	₽39,955,831	₽13,484,680	₽9,879,713	₽147,533,386	₽-	₽264,805,645
Segment assets	₽1,758,448,734	₽1,139,047,991	₽635,156,460	₽59,591,475	₽469,141,246	₽-	₽4,061,385,906
Segment liabilities	₽1,401,697,474	₽694,022,487	₽143,255,182	₽36,028,816	₽196,506,453	₽-	₽2,473,510,412
Additions to property	y, plant and						
equipment (Note 1	3) ₽765,207,184	₽324,185,244	₽9,503,530	₽2,701,209	₽-	₽-	₽1,101,597,167

_				2014			
				Management /			
	Power	Water	Rental	Technical services	Unallocated	Elimination	Consolidated
Segment revenues	₽501,909,524	₽188,329,549	₽68,821,868	₽72,019,793	₽15,221,593	(₽43,327,398)	₽802,774,929
Segment cost and							
expenses	421,588,480	116,487,383	42,795,610	26,112,970	29,064,591	(43,327,398)	592,721,638
Earnings before							
depreciation and							
income tax	80,321,044	71,842,166	25,826,258	45,906,823	(13,843,000)	-	210,053,291
Depreciation and							
amortization	16,224,238	20,036,058	16,176,055	470,765	-	-	52,907,116
Income tax expense							
(benefit)	(264,510)	13,951,812	2,210,961	14,232,725	564,240	-	30,695,228
Net income (loss)	₽64,361,316	₽37,854,296	₽7,439,242	₽31,203,333	(₽14,407,240)	₽-	₽126,450,947
Segment assets	₽947,925,966	₽817,856,708	₽414,168,667	₽69,174,897	₽378,565,908	₽-	₽2,627,692,146
Segment liabilities	₽707,815,993	₽425,785,573	₽51,855,286	₽9,908,299	₽211,856,540	₽-	₽1,407,221,691
Additions to property, pla	nt and						
equipment (Note 13)	₽320,696,647	₽-	₽3,675,876	₽7,705	₽188,149,549	₽-	₽512,529,777

				20	013			
				Management/				
				Technical				
	Power	Water	Rental	services	Trading	Unallocated	Elimination	Consolidated
Segment revenues	₽457,863,335	₽150,093,049	₽74,116,366	₽46,310,263	₽15,403,475	₽40,040,270	(₽29,109,630)	₽754,717,128
Segment cost and								
expenses	394,637,184	97,499,276	36,177,958	23,371,063	16,329,261	29,433,862	(29,109,630)	568,338,974
Earnings before								
depreciation and								
income tax	63,226,151	52,593,773	37,938,408	22,939,200	(925,786)	10,606,408	-	186,378,154
Depreciation and								
amortization	13,761,628	16,923,092	23,025,176	878,226	12,004	-	-	54,600,126
Income tax expense	2							
(benefit)	102,733	9,478,814	3,890,530	6,671,829	(259,994)	-	-	19,883,912
Net income (loss)	₽49,361,790	₽26,191,867	₽11,022,702	₽15,389,145	(₽677,796)	₽10,606,408	₽-	₽111,894,116
Segment assets	₽596,771,271	₽465,999,968	₽437,006,058	₽61,506,389	₽10,582,038	₽437,734,122	₽-	₽2,009,599,846
Segment liabilities	₽368,714,066	₽210,375,335	₽115,431,060	₽3,294,155	₽690,870	₽220,079,953	₽-	₽918,585,439
Additions to propert equipment	y, plant and							
(Note 13)	₽73,521,905	₽58,049,827	₽13,712,369	₽47,344	₽82,468	₽-	₽-	₽145,413,913

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2015	2014
Cash on hand	₽328,523	₽318,522
Cash in banks	270,466,339	202,335,048
Short-term time deposits	102,250,533	112,657,346
	₽373,045,395	₽315,310,916

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at 0.625% to 2.625% gross. Interest income earned amounted to P2.3 million in 2015, P3.2 million in 2014 and P3.0 million in 2013 (see Note 21).

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary asset under cash in bank amounted to US\$9,290 with peso equivalent of P438,189 and US\$8,687 with peso equivalent of P387,595, respectively. These balances were restated using the closing rate as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 of P47.166/US\$1 and P44.617/US\$1, respectively. The Group's net foreign exchange gain amounted to P29,221 in 2015, net foreign exchange loss of P52,372 in 2014 and P452,312 in 2013 are reported under "Other income (charges)" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (see Note 21).

7. Receivables - net

This account consists of:

	Note	2015	2014
Trade	15	₽61,425,839	₽97,767,536
Advances to supplier		34,918,004	31,898,595
Advances to contractor		10,538,154	14,548,078
Advances to officers and employees		1,179,265	10,233,973
Others	12	95,476,549	84,665,442
		203,537,811	239,113,624
Less allowance for impairment		2,354,888	2,354,888
		₽201,182,923	₽236,758,736

OPI's trade receivables as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounting to 26.2 million and 33.1 million, respectively, are covered by a Deed of Assignment (see Note 15).

Other receivables in 2015 and 2014 include receivables from sale of investment property amounting to \neq 73.0 million and \neq 80.4 million, respectively (see Note 12).

There are no provision for impairment recognized in 2015 and 2014.

8. Inventories - net

This account consists of:

	Note	2015	2014
Bunker, diesel, lube and low sulfur fuel oil		₽12,075,043	₽11,840,540
Spare parts	17	4,187,167	4,187,167
		₽16,262,210	₽16,027,707

Inventories of fuel and oil charged to "Cost of sales and services" account amounted to ₽228,398,861 in 2015 and ₽368,121,664 in 2014 (see Note 19).

No impairment loss on inventory is recognized in the Group's financial statements in 2015 and 2014. Also, no inventory is pledged to secure any of the Company's liabilities.

9. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2015	2014
Input VAT	₽41,456,054	₽46,783,994
Creditable withholding taxes	17,424,307	16,983,713
Prepaid insurance	1,466,844	905,646
Deposits	677,674	2,159,430
Prepaid taxes	328,445	-
Others	1,641,815	1,736,071
	62,995,139	68,568,854
Less allowance for impairment loss	1,197,641	1,197,641
	₽61,797,498	₽67,371,213

Others include prepaid rent, unused office supplies and other prepaid expenses.

The rollforward analysis of allowance for impairment losses follows:

	Note	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year		₽1,197,641	₽-
Provision for impairment losses	20	-	1,197,641
Balance at end of year		₽1,197,641	₽1,197,641

10. Available-for-Sale Investments

The rollforward analysis of the net carrying value of this account is shown below:

	2015	2014
Cost:		
Balance at beginning and end of year	₽2,000,000	₽2,000,000
Valuation adjustment:		
Balance at beginning of year	1,005,410	887,074
Increase (decrease) in value during the year	(49,665)	118,336
Balance at end of year	955,745	1,005,410
Net carrying value	₽2,955,745	₽3,005,410

This account includes investment in mutual fund managed by an insurance company. This fund seeks to achieve an optimal level of income in the medium term together with long term capital growth through investments in fixed income securities and money market instruments and shares listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). Although the amount can be withdrawn anytime, the Group's management intends to hold the fund on a long-term basis.

11. Investment in Associates

This account consists of:

	Ownership	2015	2014
Cost:			
Balance at beginning and end of year	37.60%	₽18,369,837	₽18,369,837
Acquisition during the year	10.00%	26,163,000	-
Balance at end of year		₽44,532,837	₽18,369,837
Accumulated equity share in net earnings of an as	sociate:		
Balance at beginning of year		2,658,510	1,920,301
Share in net earnings during the year		678,219	738,209
Balance at end of year		3,336,729	2,658,510
Net carrying value		₽47,869,566	₽21,028,347

The undistributed earnings of the associate included in the Group's unappropriated retained earnings amounted to P3,336,729 and P2,658,510 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These amounts are not available for dividend distribution until such time the associate declare it as dividends.

Summarized financial information of the associate follows:

	2015	2014
Total current assets	₽10,644,510	₽8,820,444
Total noncurrent assets	62,177,352	63,554,690
Total current liabilities	9,568,802	14,436,897
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,810,958	7,229,922
Total revenue	26,997,660	25,999,253
Total comprehensive income	1,803,787	1,963,323

In 2015, OHC subscribed 26,163,000 shares in Mega Renewable Power Development, Inc. with P1 par value. As of December 31, 2015 the related subscriptions payable related to the investment amounted to P19.6 million (see Note 16). The Group holds 10% ownership, but has the ability to significantly influence the investee company's operating activities and is accounted for under cost method.

12. Investment Property

The rollforward analysis of this account follows:

		2015	
		Buildings and	
	Land	condominium units	Total
Cost:			
Balance at beginning of year	₽74,147,678	₽204,141,480	₽278,289,158
Additions during the year	135,439,250	5,105,000	140,544,250
Balance at end of year	209,586,928	209,246,480	418,833,408
Fair value adjustment:			
Balance at beginning of year	291,658,123	44,902,720	336,560,843
Increase during the year	173,387,754	_	173,387,754
Balance at end of year	465,045,877	44,902,720	509,948,597
Net carrying value	₽674,632,805	₽254,149,200	₽928,782,005
		2014	
		Buildings and	
	Land	condominium units	Total
Cost:			

Cost:			
Balance at beginning of year	₽115,299,928	₽204,141,480	₽319,441,408
Disposal during the year	(41,152,250)	-	(41,152,250)
Balance at end of year	74,147,678	204,141,480	278,289,158
Fair value adjustment:			
Balance at beginning of year	306,303,373	55,219,101	361,522,474
Increase (decrease) during			
the year	24,559,500	(10,316,381)	14,243,119
Disposal	(39,204,750)	-	(39,204,750)
Balance at end of year	291,658,123	44,902,720	336,560,843
Net carrying value	₽365,805,801	₽249,044,200	₽614,850,001

Changes in the fair value of the investment property recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to P173.4 million in 2015, P14.2 million in 2014 and P36.1 million in 2013 were presented under "Other income (charges)" and "Revaluation surplus" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

In 2015, ORDC acquired a parcel of land and building located in Roxas, Oriental Mindoro for P5.1 million. The investment was made for capital appreciation and held for future development.

In 2015, Buyayao Island Resort Corporation acquired parcels of land in Oriental Mindoro for #126.9 million. This property is earmarked for future development.

In 2015, ODC and NRC acquired two (2) parcels of land each amounting to $\neq 0.9$ million and $\neq 7.2$ million, respectively. Similarly, KVI purchased a parcel of land for $\neq 0.5$ million. These investments are all located in Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro and are held for capital appreciation and future development.

On December 15, 2014, the Group entered into a contract of sale with Baliland Enterprises Inc. to sell a property for a total consideration of 280,357,000.

The Group leases out some of its investment property generally for a period of one (1) year, renewable annually upon mutual consent of the parties. Rental income earned by the Group from its investment property under operating leases amounted to 20.6 million in 2015, 20.9 million in 2014 and 20.5 million in 2013 (see Note 23).

Direct costs relative to investment property held under lease are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Real property tax	₽1,720,236	₽1,954,552	₽7,236
Capital gains tax	307,233	-	_
Insurance	218,627	171,136	198,942
Repairs and maintenance	108,406	238,000	176,781
Documentary stamp tax	71,269	_	_
Transfer tax	13,134	_	_
	₽2,438,905	₽2,363,688	₽382,959

13. Property, Plant and Equipment

The rollforward analysis of this account follows:

						2015				
			Buildings,	Furniture,			Office			
			condominium	furnishings	Water utilities		furniture,			
	Land and	Leasehold	units and	and equipment	and distribution		fixtures and	Transportation	Construction in	
	improvements	improvements	improvements	for lease	system	Power plant	equipment	equipment	progress	Total
Cost:										
At January 1	₽44,297,789	₽19,720,735	₽89,336,258	₽269,154,772	₽401,371,213	₽423,491,923	₽33,796,295	₽32,671,882	₽392,377,082	₽1,706,217,949
Additions	64,043	1,596,653	-	4,069,273	9,725,499	1,264,905	14,862,175	10,588,714	1,059,425,905	1,101,597,167
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	77,699,145	-	-	(149,478)	(97,329,044)	(19,779,377)
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(140,625)	-	(140,625)
At December 31	44,361,832	21,317,388	89,336,258	273,224,045	488,795,857	424,756,828	48,658,470	42,970,493	1,354,473,943	2,787,895,114
Accumulated depre	eciation and amor	tization:								
At January 1	347,409	2,123,339	36,885,133	262,834,054	95,351,162	41,756,611	24,777,776	22,352,352		486,427,836
Depreciation and										
amortization	-	671,107	2,411,204	6,425,960	18,574,574	16,091,211	3,610,083	4,270,250		52,054,389
Disposals	_	_	-	_			-	(135,938)		(135,938)
At December 31	347,409	2,794,446	39,296,337	269,260,014	113,925,736	57,847,822	28,387,859	26,486,664		538,346,287
Revaluation increas	se in land									
At January 1	16,505,443	-	1,220,282	-	-	-	-	-		17,725,725
Additions	2,578,445	-	9,903,911	-	128,000	-	-	-		12,610,356
Depreciation	(80,927)	-	(31,289)	-	-	-	-	-		(112,216)
At December 31	19,002,961	-	11,092,904	-	128,000	-	-	-		30,223,865
Net carrying value	₽63,017,384	₽18,522,942	₽61,132,825	₽3,964,031	₽374,998,121	₽366,909,006	₽20,270,611	₽16,483,829	₽1,354,473,943	₽2,279,772,692

						2014				
			Buildings,	Furniture,			Office			
			condominium	furnishings	Water utilities		furniture,			
	Land and	Leasehold	units and	and equipment	and distribution		fixtures and	Transportation	Construction in	
	improvements	improvements	improvements	for lease	system	Power plant	equipment	equipment	progress	Total
Cost:										
At January 1	₽43,799,039	₽19,720,735	₽87,629,784	₽267,972,065	₽308,516,490	₽327,487,407	₽30,752,890	₽30,133,309	₽77,850,333	₽1,193,862,052
Additions	498,750	-	1,706,474	1,182,707	92,854,723	96,178,396	3,043,405	2,538,573	314,526,749	512,529,777
Reclassification	_	_	-	_		(173,880)	_	-		(173,880)
At December 31	44,297,789	19,720,735	89,336,258	269,154,772	401,371,213	423,491,923	33,796,295	32,671,882	392,377,082	1,706,217,949
Accumulated depre	ciation and amor	tization:								
At January 1	346,902	1,467,536	28,460,683	255,705,296	80,154,058	26,754,645	21,728,422	18,817,403		433,434,945
Depreciation and										
amortization	507	655,803	8,424,450	7,128,758	15,197,104	15,001,966	3,049,354	3,534,949		52,992,891
At December 31	347,409	2,123,339	36,885,133	262,834,054	95,351,162	41,756,611	24,777,776	22,352,352		486,427,836
Revaluation increas	se in land									
At January 1	16,557,961	-	1,251,570	-	-	-	-	-		17,809,531
Depreciation	(52,518)	_	(31,288)) –	-	-	_	-		(83,806)
At December 31	16,505,443	_	1,220,282	_	_	_	-	_		17,725,725
Net carrying value	₽60,455,823	₽17,597,396	₽53,671,407	₽6,320,718	₽306,020,051	₽381,735,312	₽9,018,519	₽10,319,530	₽392,377,082	₽1,237,515,838

Certain property, plant and equipment under "Land and improvements", "Water utilities and distribution system" and "Power plant" accounts with a total carrying value of ₽339.4 million and ₽261.7 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, were mortgaged in favor of a creditor bank in connection with the Group's loan availment (see Note 15).

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged under the following accounts in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	Note	2015	2014	2013
Costs of sales and services	19	₽42,599,174	₽39,356,768	₽36,524,811
Operating expenses	20	9,249,355	13,550,348	18,075,315
		₽51,848,529	₽52,907,116	₽54,600,126

Depreciation charges for transportation equipment amounting to $\neq 0.2$ million in 2015 and $\neq 0.1$ million in 2014 were capitalized as part of development cost.

In 2015 and 2014, total borrowing costs of OPI, CWC and MAWI amounting to ₽31.8 million and ₽6.4 million were capitalized in Construction in Progress account.

On December 14, 2015, OPI's on-going construction of its Mini-Hydro Inabasan Power Plant was severely affected by Typhoon Nona. Typhoon Nona brought heavy rains and debris flow to the Municipality of San Teodoro, Oriental Mindoro causing disruption to the ongoing construction of the power plant.

In view of the above, OPI estimates that it would incur additional cost to complete the construction of its power plant. The Company is in the process of completing the necessary documents to support the Company's insurance claims for damages due to Typhoon Nona. As of February 22, 2016, the amounts that can be claimed from the insurers are not yet determinable.

Furniture, furnishings and equipment for lease are generally for a period of one (1) year, renewable annually upon mutual agreement of the parties. Rental income generated on lease of furniture, furnishings and equipment amounted to \neq 39.2 million in 2015, \neq 39.1 million in 2014 and \neq 45.1 million in 2013 (see Note 23).

The Group's management had reviewed the carrying values of the property, plant and equipment as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 for any impairment. Based on the evaluation, there are no indications that the property and equipment might be impaired.

14. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2015	2014
Development cost		₽36,390,520	₽25,696,395
Special bank deposit	23	9,351,398	9,351,398
Reserve fund	15	6,494,193	6,472,097
Utilities and other deposits		6,844,606	6,776,605
Goodwill		1,000,000	1,000,000
		₽60,080,717	₽49,296,495

Special bank deposit pertains to performance security in the form of a bank guarantee in relation to the lease agreement of CWC with the local government of Tabuk (see Note 23).

Reserve fund pertains to hold-out requirement of the local bank creditors of OPI and CWC as security for their respective loans (see Note 15).

Development cost pertains to capitalized cost relating to the Inabasan Mini-Hydro Power Plant.

- 39 -

15. Loans Payable

Details of loans availed from local banks as follow:

2015							
Subsidiary	Particular	Amount	Balance	Interest rate	Terms and condition	Guarantee/security	
OPI	Proceeds received	₽158,000,000	₽223,500,000	From 3.00%	Payable within 1 month	Unsecured	
	Payments made	(79,000,000)		to 4.75% p.a.	to 6 months from the		
	Interest incurred	5,737,371			date of availment		
Servwell	Proceeds received	679,000	511,093	9.08%	12 successive monthly	Unsecured	
	Payments made	167,907			installments from the		
	Interest incurred	10,262			date of availment		
CWC	Proceeds received	22,000,000	22,000,000	3.00% p.a.	Payable in 90 days	Unsecured	
	Payments made	-			renewable		
	Interest incurred	285,667					
OPI	Proceeds received	275,889,000	155,004,338	6.50% p.a.	Payable in 10 years with	Assigned receivables –	
	Payments made	-			six months grace	₽26,243,728;	
	Interest incurred	11,245,047			, ,	Mortgaged property –	
					₽3,600,000	₽241,624,396	
OPI	Proceeds received	324,694,248	636,034,608	7.03% p.a.	Loan releases depends	Constructed power	
	Payments made	-			on the fulfillment,	plant	
	Interest incurred	26,101,462			compliance or		
					submission of the		
					•		
					the project components		
OPI	Proceeds received	90,571,200	90,571,200	5.75% p.a.	Payable in10 years with	Mortgaged property –	
	Payments made	-			6 months grace period	₽87,301,405	
	Interest incurred	2,213,334					
	OPI Servwell CWC OPI OPI	OPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredServwellProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredCWCProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredOPIProceeds received 	OPI Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred ₱158,000,000 (79,000,000) 5,737,371 Servwell Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred 679,000 167,907 10,262 CWC Proceeds received Proceeds received Interest incurred 22,000,000 22,000,000 Payments made Interest incurred OPI Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred 275,889,000 275,889,000 Payments made Interest incurred OPI Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred 324,694,248 26,101,462 OPI Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred 324,694,248 26,101,462 OPI Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred 324,694,248 26,101,462	SubsidiaryParticularAmountBalanceOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred₱158,000,000 (79,000,000) \$,737,371₱223,500,000 #223,500,000ServwellProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred679,000 10,262\$11,093 \$11,093CWCProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred22,000,000 22,000,000 22,000,00022,000,000 22,000,000CWCProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred225,889,000 155,004,338 Payments made Interest incurred155,004,338 636,034,608 Payments made Interest incurredOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred324,694,248 26,101,462636,034,608 90,571,200OPIProceeds received Payments made Payments made Interest incurred90,571,200 90,571,20090,571,200	SubsidiaryParticularAmountBalanceInterest rateOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred₱158,000,000 (79,000,000) 5,737,371₱223,500,000 to 4.75% p.a.From 3.00% to 4.75% p.a.ServwellProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred679,000 10,262511,093 2,000,0009.08% 9.08%CWCProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred22,000,000 22,000,00022,000,000 3.00% p.a.OPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred275,889,000 11,245,047155,004,338 6.50% p.a.OPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred324,694,248 26,101,462636,034,608 6.36,034,6087.03% p.a.OPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred90,571,200 20,011,4625.75% p.a.	SubsidiaryParticularAmountBalanceInterest rateTerms and conditionOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurredP158,000,000 (79,000,000) 5,737,371P223,500,000 to 4.75% p.a.Payable within 1 month to 6 months from the date of availmentServwellProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred679,000 10,262511,093 22,000,0009.08% 9.08%12 successive monthly installments from the date of availmentCWCProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred22,000,000 285,6673.00% p.a. Payable in 90 days renewablePayable in 90 days renewableOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred275,889,000 11,245,047155,004,338 Payments6.50% p.a. Payable in 10 years with six months grace period; Reserve fund P3,600,000OPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred324,694,248 26,101,462636,034,608 Payments7.03% p.a. submission of the specific conditions for the project componentsOPIProceeds received Payments made Interest incurred26,101,4625.75% p.a. Payable in10 years with 6 months grace period	

(Forward)

(Carryforward)

				20	15		
irant date	Subsidiary	Particular	Amount	Balance	Interest rate	Terms and condition	Guarantee/security
. October 2015	OPI	Proceeds received Payments made	₽1,422,400 (57,392)	₽1,365,008	9.59% p.a.	Payable in monthly installments for 5 years	Car
		Interest incurred	21,360				
. December 2005	CWC	Proceeds received	-	56,096,315	6.25% p.a.	Payable in 15 years	Mortgaged property –
		Payments made	(8,013,759)			inclusive of a maximum	₽10,471,607
		Interest incurred	3,839,685			of two years grace period	and investment
						on principal	property
November 2014	CWC	Proceeds received	-	92,298,300	6.00% p.a.	Payable in 10 years	Mortgaged property –
		Payments made	-				₽10,471,607
		Interest incurred	5,667,044				and investment
							property
. September	MAWI	Proceeds received	172,088,667	172,088,667	6.78% p.a.	Payable in 15 years	Real estate mortgage
2015		Payments made	_			inclusive of a maximum	within 6 months from
		Interest incurred	2,277,678			of 2 years grace period	the date of full
						on principal; Increase its	release of loan;
						authorized capital stock	Chattel mortgage
						and paid up capital within	over PPE to be
						one year to at least	acquired under the
						₽45.0 million and by at	loan agreement;
						least ₽92.0 million within	Reserve Fund
						two years from the date	equivalent to at least
						of full release of the loan	5% of its monthly
							revenue and shall be
							effective only after 6
							months from the date
							of commercial
							operation

	2014							
Grant date	Subsidiary	Particular	Amount	Balance	Interest rate	Terms and condition	Guarantee/security	
<u>Short-term loans</u>								
a. 2014	OPI	Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred	₽53,500,000 (4,000,000) 4,746,269	₽144,500,000	From 3.00% to 3.25% p.a.	Payable in one to six months from the date of availment	Unsecured	
b. 2013	CWC	Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred	_ (10,000,000) 1,192,500	30,000,000	3.00% p.a.	Payable in 180 days renewable	Unsecured	
Long-term loans a. April 8, 2011	ΟΡΙ	Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred	275,889,000 – 12,307,876	184,067,651	6.50% p.a.	Payable in 10 years with six months grace period; Reserve fund ₽3,600,000	Assigned receivables - ₽33,076,154; Mortgaged property -₽250,984,591	
b. June 25, 2013	OPI	Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred	279,474,214 – 5,764,684	285,238,898	7.03% p.a.	Loan releases depends on the fulfillment, compliance or submission of specific conditions for the project components	Constructed power plant	
c. December 2005	CWC	Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred	_ (8,013,759) 4,350,940	64,110,074	6.25% p.a.	Payable in 15 years inclusive of a maximum of two years grace period on principal;	Mortgaged property -#10,725,529 and investment property	
d. November 2014	CWC	Proceeds received Payments made Interest incurred	92,298,300 - 5,813,152	92,298,300	6.00% p.a.	Payable in 10 years	Mortgaged property -₽10,725,529 and investment property	

The maturity profile of loans payable follows:

	Note	2015	2015
Due within 1 year		₽292,202,878	₽261,098,384
Due beyond 1 year, not later than 5 years		400,437,288	259,210,735
Due beyond 5 years		756,829,363	320,060,225
	26	₽1,449,469,529	₽840,369,344

16. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	Note	2015	2014
Trade		₽428,076,685	₽237,873,148
Retention payable	23	122,485,133	35,205,328
Accrued expenses		38,604,975	20,469,260
Subscription payable	11	19,622,250	-
Government payables		11,772,788	12,471,257
Payable to contractors	23	4,955,177	4,955,178
Dividends payable		127,575	126,557
Others		2,028,130	2,646,955
	26	₽627,672,713	₽313,747,683

Carrying values of this account approximate the fair values at end of financial reporting period due to the short term nature of the transactions.

Trade payables are settled on 15 to 30 day terms.

Payable to contractors and retention payable arise from various contractor agreements which are non-interest bearing.

Accrued expenses include interest and payables to electrical and water utility providers, government payables, professional fees, financial host and employees' tax refund.

17. Related Party Transactions

The Group has the following transactions with related parties:

- a. Unsecured and non-interest bearing cash advances made to stockholders and affiliates for working capital purposes which are payable on demand and usually settled in cash.
- b. Unsecured and noninterest bearing cash advances from stockholders and affiliates for working capital purposes which are payable on demand and usually settled in cash.

c. Details of related party balances follow:

	Note	2015	2014
Due from:			
Stockholders		₽16,885,211	₽8,439,201
Equity under common/shared ownership		42,095,124	30,879,333
Affiliates		16,481,600	16,493,135
	26	₽75,461,935	₽55,811,669
Due to:			
Stockholders		₽129,222,314	₽61,069,989
Equity under common/shared ownership		59,253,125	1,000,000
Affiliates		7,466,086	656,823
	26	₽195,941,525	₽62,726,812

The Group and its affiliates have common shareholders.

d. The rollforward analysis of related party accounts follow:

	2015	2014
Due from related parties		
Balance at beginning of year	₽55,811,669	₽47,010,801
Advances made during the year	20,335,681	9,672,816
Collection during the year	(685,415)	(871,948)
Balance at end of year	₽75,461,935	₽55,811,669
Due to related parties		
Balance at beginning of year	₽62,726,812	₽73,691,552
Advances received during the year	136,045,279	38,068,798
Payments made during the year	(2,830,566)	(49,033,538)
Balance at end of year	₽195,941,525	₽62,726,812

e. The summary of the above related party transactions follows:

			2015	
Category	Amount/Volume	Balance	Terms and condition	Guaranty/Provision
<u>Affiliates</u>				
Due from	Collections: ₽11,535	₽16,481,600	Payable on demand; no significant warranties and covenants	Unsecured; no impairment
Due to	Advances received: 6,809,263	7,466,086	Payable on demand; no significant warranties and covenants	No guarantees
Stockholders				
Due from	Advances made: 9,119,890 Collections: 673,880	16,885,211	Payable on demand; no significant warranties and covenants	Unsecured; no impairment
Due to	Advances received: 70,982,891 Payments: 2,830,566	129,222,314	Payable on demand; no significant warranties and covenants	No guarantees

(Forward)

- 44 -

(Carryforward)

			2015	
Category	Amount/Volume	Balance	Terms and condition	Guaranty/Provision
Equity under o	common/shared ownership			
Due from	Advances made:	42,095,124	Payable on demand; no	Unsecured; no
	11,215,791		significant warranties and	impairment
			covenants	
Due to	Advances received:	59,253,125	Payable on demand; no	Unsecured; no
	58,253,125		significant warranties and	impairment
			covenants	
			2014	
Category	Amount/Volume	Balance	Terms and condition	Guaranty/Provision
<u>Affiliates</u>				
Due from	Advances made:	₽16,493,135		Unsecured; no
	₽401,878		significant warranties and	impairment
	Collections: 343,261		covenants	
Due to	Advances received:	656,823		No guarantees
	250,192		significant warranties and	
	Payments: 3,114,734		covenants	
Stockholders				
Due from	Advances made:	8,439,201		Unsecured; no
	8,173,880		significant warranties and	impairment
			covenants	
Due to	Advances received:	61,069,989	Payable on demand; no	No guarantees
	36,818,606		significant warranties and	
	Payments:		covenants	
	45,918,804			
Equity under co	ommon/shared ownership			
Due from	Advances made:	30,879,333	Payable on demand; no	Unsecured; no
	1,097,058		significant warranties and	impairment
	Collections: 528,687		covenants	
Due to	Advances received:	1,000,0000	Payable on demand; no	No guarantees
	1,000,000		significant warranties and	
			covenants	

f. The Parent Company and its subsidiaries, in the normal course of their business, had transactions with each other as summarized below:

Nature	2015	2014
Rental	₽9,249,909	₽8,801,149
Management fee	48,161,854	34,526,249
	₽57,411,763	₽43,327,398

g. In 2015, JGMI entered into a contract with an affiliate to manage and supervise the construction of a water work system. Total contract price is ₽12.5 million to be paid based on progress billings. Also, the Company rendered services to the affiliate in connection with the detailed engineering design of Agoo water system.

In 2014, the Parent Company extended to OPI and ORDC interest bearing advances with a total amount of \neq 96.3 million at 3% per annum for working capital purposes and payable in 122 and 178 days, respectively. Interest recognized in 2014 amounted to \neq 2.4 million. As of December 31, 2014, the balance of the advances amounted to \neq 40.0 million and subsequently paid in 2015.

h. The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the year are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Salaries	₽13,843,108	₽13,183,912	₽12,556,107
Bonuses	3,092,402	3,092,402	1,036,402
	₽16,935,510	₽16,276,314	₽13,592,509

i. Below are the account balances as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 on the separate financial statements of the companies within the Group which were eliminated upon consolidation:

	2015							
				Receiva	ables			
	CVI and				OHC and			
	subsidiaries	JHC	JGMI	SERVWELL	subsidiaries	JLRC	GVI	Total
Payables:								
CVI and								
subsidiaries	₽-	₽10,143,569	₽6,460,670	₽365,897	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽16,970,136
JHC	-	-	1,998,979	-	-	-	212,335	2,211,314
ORDC	3,718,679	15,292,588	1,710,185	4,344,113	-	-	-	25,065,565
JGMI	-	-	-	1,288,987	-	-	-	1,288,987
PHEVI and a								
subsidiary	-	94,819,263	-	-	-	-	-	94,819,263
Servwell	-	9,198,446	-	-	-	-	-	9,198,446
JMC	-	8,950,559	-	5,002	5,200	-	-	8,960,761
OHC and								
subsidiaries	-	205,630	509	-	-	-	-	206,139
JLRC	-	7,747,063	-	-	-	-	-	7,747,063
GVI	-	17,300	-	-	-	-	-	17,300
TWC	228,830	-	_	-	-	-	-	228,830
Buyayao	_	_	_		_	24,361	-	24,361
	₽3,947,509	₽146,374,418	₽10,170,343	₽6,003,999	₽5,200	₽24,361	₽212,335	₽166,738,165

Receivables/ Payables

	2014					
	Receivables					
	CVI and				OHC and	
	subsidiaries	JHC	JGMI	SERVWELL	subsidiaries	Total
Payables:						
CVI and subsidiaries	₽-	₽-	₽9,213,070	₽365,897	₽-	₽9,578,967
JHC	4,356,431	-	1,998,979	-	2,580,719	8,936,129
ORDC	5,718,679	15,341,818	1,710,185	4,357,735	-	27,128,417
JGMI	-	-	-	1,288,987	-	1,288,987
SERVWELL	-	9,198,446	-	-	-	9,198,446
OPI	-	39,965,504	-	-	-	39,965,504
JMC	-	8,790,943	-	5,002	5,200	8,801,145
JLRC	-	7,603,063	-	-	-	7,603,063
GVI	-	207,865	_	_	_	207,865
	₽10,075,110	₽81,107,639	₽12,922,234	₽6,017,621	₽2,585,919	₽112,708,523

18. Retirement Benefit Obligation

The Group operates a noncontributory retirement plan covering all qualifying employees. Under the current plan, the employees are entitled to retirement benefits of 60 percent of one month's pay per year on attainment of at least five years of their services with the Group.

The most recent actuarial valuations of present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at January 22, 2016 by independent actuaries. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method (PUC).

As of December 31, 2015, the Group's plan has not been funded.

Regulatory Framework which Retirement Plan Operates

For tax-qualified plans, if an entity is subject to income tax, its contributions for current service cost are considered 100% tax deductible, while those pertaining to past service (transition liability, past service cost and actuarial gains or losses; interest cost; and the expected return on plan assets) are deductible to the extent of 10%, the other 90% being spread equally over the next succeeding nine (9) years.

Further, the income of the Trust Fund from its investments is fully exempt from income tax (Sec. 32(B)(6)(a) of the Tax Code of 1997).

Ultimately, when the benefits are distributed to the retirees, these benefits are tax-exempted under certain conditions.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuation follow:

	2015	2014	2013
Discount rate	5.1%	5.3%	6.6%
Expected rate of salary increase	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Valuation method	PUC	PUC	PUC

Retirement expenses recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income included under "Salaries and employee benefits" were determined as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Current service cost	₽2,551,087	₽1,912,539	₽1,650,267
Interest cost	1,236,770	1,307,606	1,492,136
Transitional liability recognized	-	-	600,735
	₽3,787,857	₽3,220,145	₽3,743,138

The rollforward of retirement benefit obligation follows:

	Note	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year		₽27,591,751	₽24,371,606
Retirement expense	20	3,787,857	3,220,145
Actuarial loss		7,704,745	-
Balance at end of year		₽39,084,353	₽27,591,751

The rollforward analysis of reserve for actuarial gain (loss) is as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year	₽5,284,134	₽5,284,134
Actuarial loss	5,393,323	
Balance at end of year	₽10,677,457	₽5,284,134

The estimated average working lives of employees for 2015 is thirteen (13) years.

19. Cost of Sales and Services

This account consists of:

	Notes	2015	2014	2013
Fuel cost	8	₽228,398,861	₽368,121,664	₽338,147,807
Depreciation and amortization	13	42,599,174	39,356,768	36,524,811
Salaries and employee benefits	17, 18	32,762,296	33,906,695	32,497,470
Outside services	23	27,580,300	16,680,187	14,880,345
Utilities		17,233,414	18,044,122	17,084,066
Repairs and maintenance		17,450,214	15,497,834	26,537,257
Rental	23	8,840,929	8,840,929	21,832,395
Supervision and regulatory fees	23	2,440,122	2,576,087	1,617,997
Insurance		1,225,974	1,476,428	1,276,523
Communication		1,213,698	559,002	596,283
Transportation and travel		829,903	1,643,472	1,777,342
Office supplies		515,595	308,121	489,059
Security services		452,000	360,161	326,116
Others		1,395,330	1,052,445	2,876,945
		₽382,937,810	₽508,423,915	₽496,464,416

Others include professional fee, parking fees, toll, and training.

20. Operating Expenses

This account consists of:

	Notes	2015	2014	2013
Salaries and employee benefits	17, 18	₽33,253,608	₽28,341,394	₽24,541,825
Taxes and licenses		20,778,517	19,216,664	10,954,743
Depreciation and amortization	13	9,249,355	13,550,348	18,075,315
Repairs and maintenance		8,021,709	2,860,052	1,923,518
Training and allowance		6,450,337	6,790,934	5,827,495
Transportation and travel		6,097,484	3,699,064	1,680,337
Professional services		5,750,202	7,873,915	12,917,115
Representation		4,820,834	5,548,226	3,090,083
Communication		3,378,596	2,898,336	2,211,955
Office supplies		3,336,199	3,393,748	2,260,384
Donation		2,938,397	1,073,569	492,318
Association dues		2,436,553	1,894,984	1,948,867
Rental	23	2,328,770	1,515,015	1,040,148
Utilities		2,155,015	1,818,678	1,813,550
Insurance		1,636,988	510,875	233,974
Advertisement		1,448,886	1,366,594	592,233
Security services		1,389,136	1,895,443	1,676,877
Computer software		1,324,164	668,929	62,500
Outside services	23	817,393	804,000	2,565,086
Provision for impairment losses	9	-	1,197,641	936,290
Others		3,527,347	2,957,910	2,567,565
		₽121,139,490	₽109,876,319	₽97,412,178

Others include advertisement, allowances, materials, supplies, parking and toll fees.

21. Other Income (Charges)

This account consists of:

	Notes	2015	2014	2013
Interest expense Increase in fair value of investment	15	(₽24,861,702)	(₽25,705,153)	(₽27,120,417)
property Interest income	6	176,725,230 2,267,882	14,243,119 3,174,106	36,087,300 2,989,472
Bank charges Financial host expense	23	(598,464) (433,654)	(1,095,174) (475,820)	(1,056,800) (432,977)
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	6	29,221	(52,372)	(452,312)
Others		503,504	352,834	305,158
		₽153,632,017	(₽9,558,460)	₽10,319,424

22. Income Taxes

- a. The Group's current income taxes for 2015 and 2014 pertain to regular corporate income tax.
- b. The Group's deferred tax assets consist of the following:

	2015	2014
Tax effect of:		
Accrued retirement expense	₽11,574,763	₽8,277,525
NOLCO	1,534,699	1,313,908
Allowance for impairment losses of receivables	1,065,758	1,065,758
Carryforward benefit of MCIT	_	58,623
	₽14,175,220	₽10,715,814

NOLCO amounting to P6.9 million as of December 31, 2015, can be carried forward and claimed as deduction against regular taxable income for the next three years as follows:

Date incurred	Amount	Expired	Balance	Expiry date
December 31, 2015	₽4,217,074	₽-	₽4,217,074	December 31, 2018
December 31, 2014	2,360,285	-	2,360,285	December 31, 2017
December 31, 2013	351,151	-	351,151	December 31, 2016
December 31, 2012	444,333	444,333	-	December 31, 2015
	₽7,372,843	₽444,333	₽6,928,510	

The carryforward benefit of MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from regular corporate income tax due for the next three years as follow:

Date incurred	Amount	Expired/Applied	Balance	Expiry date
December 31, 2013	58,623	-	58,623	December 31, 2016
December 31, 2011	385,596	385,596	-	December 31, 2014
	₽444,219	₽385,596	₽58,623	

c. The Group's deferred tax liabilities consist of the following:

	2015	2014
Tax effect of:		
Fair value adjustments in investment property		
and property and equipment	₽20,038,132	₽19,516,703
Capitalized borrowing costs	6,299,999	6,552,000
	₽26,338,131	₽26,068,703

Deferred tax liability on fair value adjustments and in investment property and property and equipment is based on effective tax rate of 30% of the appraisal increase for assets classified as ordinary under the tax rules.

d. Reconciliation between the statutory and the effective income tax rates follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Statutory income tax rate	₽109,163,047	₽73,743,019	₽39,609,857
Additions to (reductions in) income tax resulting from:			
Effect of change in fair value of			
investment property	(54,229,793)	(3,650,143)	(10,826,190)
Nontaxable income	(11,408,461)	(26,642,441)	-
Income tax holiday incentives	(8,067,102)	(13,027,061)	(8,629,202)
Fair value decrease in investment property in previous year recognized			
this year	(3,228,013)	-	-
Interest income taxed at lower rate	(638,249)	(703,955)	(829,643)
Other unallowable expenses	585,038	231,749	537,747
Equity share in net loss (income) of			
associates	189,349	(221,463)	-
Applied NOLCO	122,901	140,812	-
Expired NOLCO	-	824,712	21,343
Effective income tax rate	₽32,488,717	₽30,695,229	₽19,883,912

e. The Parent Company and its subsidiaries opted for the itemized deduction scheme for its income tax reporting in 2015, 2014 and 2013.

23. Significant Contracts and Commitments

a. Lease of Water Facilities

In 2006, CWC entered into a lease agreement with the local government of Tabuk, in the province of Kalinga. Items under lease are the water facilities developed and owned by the local government. Under the agreement, CWC will manage, operate and maintain this water system within a defined service area for 25 years from the day the facilities are turned-over by the local government. CWC shall pay lease to the local government based on agreed amounts and subject to adjustments depending on the average actual billed volumes. Also, CWC shall pay supervision fee of ₽5 per connection on a monthly basis subject to adjustment according to the change in general consumer price index of the region where the local government belongs.

CWC maintains a performance security in the form of a bank guarantee. If provided in the form of a bank guarantee or an irrevocable letter of credit, security shall be valid for an initial period of twelve (12) months and the Group shall ensure that the security shall be renewed annually, each renewal to take effect immediately on the expiration of the previous security. The amount of performance security is P9.0 million per annum from year one (1) to year ten (10) and P4.5 million per annum from year eleven (11) to year fifteen (15) of the lease. This is reported as "Special bank deposit" under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 14). The balance of special bank deposit amounted to P9.3 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

The lease became effective in October 2006. On March 25, 2010, the lease term was extended for another ten (10) years.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under lease are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Within one year	₽8,832,000	₽8,832,000	₽8,832,000
Over 1 year but not more than 5 years	35,328,000	35,328,000	35,328,000
More than five years	6,624,000	15,456,000	24,288,000
	₽50,784,000	₽59,616,000	₽68,448,000

Lease and supervision fees incurred amounted to 28.8 million and 2.4 million in 2015, respectively, 8.8 million and 2.5 million in 2014, respectively, and 14.0 million and

The Group's water revenue from operating the water utilities in Tabuk amounted to 28.4 million in 2015, 28.7 million in 2014 and 24.7 million in 2013.

b. Subsidy Agreement between National Power Corporation (NPC), ORMECO, and OPI

In 2011, OPI, NPC and ORMECO have signed the subsidy agreement which governs the availment by OPI of the Missionary Electrification Subsidy (ME Subsidy) as a New Power Provider (NPP) in the province of Mindoro. The agreement shall take effect from the time of execution until expiration of the Power Supply Agreement (PSA) or termination of the Subsidy Agreement, as provided under Section 8 of the Subsidy Agreement, whichever comes earlier.

The ME Subsidy shall be computed as the difference between the True Cost of Generation computed under the PSA and the Socially Acceptable Generation Rate (SAGR) paid by ORMECO. The amount of the ME Subsidy shall be taken from the Universal Charge-Missionary Electrification (UC-ME) fund being maintained by NPC.

Power sales to NPC amounted to ₽81.2 million, ₽189 million and ₽173.1 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

c. Power Supply Agreement (PSA)

Calapan Diesel Power Plant

On February 9, 2010, the OPI entered into a PSA with ORMECO wherein the OPI agreed to supply the power needs of ORMECO for a period of fifteen (15) years, subject to renewal for another fifteen (15) years by mutual agreement of the parties and to construct, operate and maintain the needed power generation plant on a Build-Own-Operate (BOO) basis. This agreement includes responsibilities of both parties on the construction, testing and operating the power station which will also be owned by the Company.

The OPI agrees to supply electricity generated by the power station to ORMECO more or less 3,800,000 kWh of energy per month or a maximum of 8 MW Power at any given time during the cooperation period for which electricity and other fees shall be paid by ORMECO per month. ORMECO agreed to buy such electricity up to the plant's production capacity.

Power sales attributable to ORMECO amounted to ₽270.1 million, ₽313.5 million and ₽284.8 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Inabasan Mini-Hydro Power Plant

On July 18, 2012, OPI entered into a PSA with ORMECO wherein OPI agreed to supply the power needs of ORMECO for a period of twenty-five (25) years, subject to extension upon mutual agreement of the parties. Under the agreement, OPI will construct, operate and maintain Inabasan River Mini-Hydro Power Plant located at the Municipality of San Teodoro, Oriental Mindoro. The agreement also includes responsibilities of both parties on the construction, testing and operations of the power facility which will be owned by OPI.

OPI agrees to supply ORMECO a minimum of 4,083,000 kWh up to the maximum of 4,320,000 kWh of energy per month at any given time during the cooperation period for which the generation rate shall be paid by ORMECO on a monthly basis.

d. Fuel Supply and Management Agreement (FSMA)

Pursuant to the PSA, OPI also entered into a FSMA with ORMECO. OPI shall own the storage tanks and dispensing pumps that will be installed at the power plant and all the structures, fixtures and equipment used in connection with the supply of fuel and lube oil. This agreement shall have the same duration as that of the PSA unless otherwise agreed by both parties.

e. Hydropower Service Contract

On March 25, 2010, OPI entered into a Hydropower Service Contract with the Department of Energy (DOE) pursuant to Section 2, Article XII of the 1987 Constitution and Republic Act No. 9513, otherwise known as the Renewable Energy Act of 2008. OPI was appointed and constituted by DOE as the exclusive party to explore, develop and utilize the hydropower resources within Inabasan River in the Municipality of San Teodoro, Oriental Mindoro. Technical and financial risk under the contract shall be assumed by OPI in case no hydropower resource in quantities of electricity is determined during the pre-development stage.

f. Construction Agreements for Power Plant

6-8MW Modular Bunker Power Plant

OPI entered into various contracts with the contractors for the electrical tie-line, mechanical and electrical works and construction of the power plant over a period of 120 to 180 calendar days. Retention payable amounting to P1.4 million as of December 31, 2012 is included in "Accounts payable and accrued expenses" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 16). This has been paid during 2013.

Construction of 2 x 1.7MW Hyundai Himsen 9H-21/32 Bunker-fired Power Plant

On June 18, 2013, OPI entered into a turnkey agreement with a contractor for the construction, erection, installation, training, start-up, testing and commissioning activities and services necessary to achieve a complete and operable 2×1.7 MW Hyundai Himsen 9H-21/32 Bunker-fired Power Plant located at ORMECO Compound, Barangay Sta. Isabel, Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro.

In 2014, the construction of the power plant was completed and was recognized as addition to the existing 6.8MW Modular Bunker Power Plant.

Construction of 10MW Hydro Electric Power Plant

In 2014, OPI entered into various contracts with the contractors for the civil works, electro mechanical works and supply of mechanical hydraulic and electrical equipment. Construction in Progress and retention payable amounted to P1.1 billion and P85.1 million, respectively.

g. Memorandum of Agreements (MOA)

OPI entered into a MOA with the DOE for the granting of financial benefits to the host communities of the energy-generation company and/or energy resources for its 8 MW Modular Bunker Diesel Power Plant and 10 MW Inabasan Hydroelectric Power Plant. Based on the agreements, OPI shall provide financial benefits equivalent to one centavo per kilowatt-hour (\neq 0.01/kWh) of the total electricity sales of the generation facility to the region, province, city or municipality and barangay that host the generation facility.

Financial host expense amounted to $\neq 0.4$ million in 2015, $\neq 0.5$ million in 2014 and $\neq 0.4$ million in 2013 is included in "Other income (charges)" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (see Note 21).

h. Power Generation Project and Operation and Maintenance Agreement

On July 2, 2014, OPI entered into a Power Generation Project and Operation and Maintenance Agreement with a local service provider for the operation, maintenance and management services for OPI's Modular Bunker Fuel-Fired Power Plant for a period of 34 months and may be extended for another 34 months upon mutual agreement of the parties. It also includes the hiring of contractors for repair services; sourcing and procuring of the required maintenance parts and other specific duties required by the Agreement. As compensation to the local service provider, OPI shall pay him ₱0.64 for every kwh generated and dispatched by the power plant based on the metering procedures specified by the Company's existing PSA with ORMECO. Total service fees incurred by OPI for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to ₱24.8 million and ₱14.3 million, respectively.

As part of the Agreement, OPI's generators' spare parts' custody and management were transferred to the local service provider and will be returned to the Company upon the termination of the agreement. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the OPI's generators' spare parts inventory amounted to P4.2 million.

i. <u>Technical Services Contracts</u>

The Group has technical services contracts for a period of one year renewable upon such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon by the parties. Total revenue from technical services amounted to in 240.0 million in 2015, 237.5 million in 2014 and 25.7 million in 2013 (see Note 12 and 13).

j. Lease Agreements

Group as a Lessor

The Group leased its various investment properties and certain furniture, furnishings and equipment under operating lease with various lessees. The lease shall be for a period of one year and renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties. Rental income recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to partial 59.8 million in 2015 and 2014, and partial 5.6 million in 2013.

Group as a Lessee

The Group leases several office spaces for a period of one year, renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties. Rental expense charged to operations and reported in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to P2.3 million in 2015, P1.5 million in 2014 and P1.0 million 2013 (see Note 20).

The Group also leased a parcel of land owned by ORMECO for the Calapan Bunker C Diesel Plant's site. The term of the lease is for 15 years with an annual rental of P10,000 and may be renewed for another fifteen (15) years, under terms and conditions mutually agreed upon by the parties.

In 2013, the Group rented 3 x 1.0MW generator sets. Rent expense related to this amounting to P7.8 million in 2013 is included in "Rental account" under cost of sales and services in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under operating lease as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 follow:

	2015	2014
Within one year	₽10,000	₽10,000
Over 1 year but not more than 5 years	40,000	40,000
More than five years	50,000	60,000
	₽100,000	₽110,000

24. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Computation of EPS attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company is as follows:

Based on Net Income

	2015	2014	2013
Net income	₽239,206,059	₽98,800,471	₽93,019,028
Divided by weighted average number			
of common shares	281,500,000	281,500,000	281,500,000
	₽0.8498	₽0.3510	₽0.3304

Based on Total Comprehensive Income

	2015	2014	2013
Net income	₽237,717,744	₽99,287,957	₽98,878,554
Divided by weighted average number			
of common shares	281,500,000	281,500,000	281,500,000
	₽0.8445	₽0.3527	₽0.3513

There were no potential dilutive shares in 2015, 2014 and 2013.

25. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, available-for-sale investments, special bank deposit, loans payable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, dividend payable and due from and to related parties. The main purpose of the Group's financial instruments is to fund the Group's operations and to acquire and improve property and equipment. The main risks arising from the use of financial instruments are liquidity risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and foreign exchange risk.

The main objectives of the Group's financial risk management are as follows:

- To identify and monitor such risks on an ongoing basis;
- To minimize and mitigate such risks; and
- To provide a degree of certainty about costs.

The Group's BOD reviews and agrees with policies for managing each of these risks. These are summarized below:

Liquidity risk

The Group seeks to manage its liquid funds through cash planning on a regular basis. The Group uses historical figures and experiences and forecasts from its collections and disbursements. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through valuation of projected and actual cash flow information.

		2015		
On demand	Within 1 year	Over 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
₽-	₽292,202,878	₽400,437,288	₽756,829,363	₽1,449,469,529
-	615,899,925	-	-	615,899,925
195,941,525	-	-	-	195,941,525
-	-	22,316,852	-	22,316,852
₽195,941,525	₽908,102,803	₽422,754,140	₽756,829,363	₽2,283,627,831
		2014		
On demand	Within 1 year	Over 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
₽-	₽261,098,384	₽259,210,735	₽320,060,225	₽840,369,344
301,276,426	-	-	-	301,276,426
62 726 812	_	-	-	62,726,812
02//20/012				
	_	24,726,795	-	24,726,795
	₽- _ 195,941,525 _ ₽195,941,525 On demand ₽- 301,276,426	₽- ₽292,202,878 - 615,899,925 195,941,525 - - - ₽195,941,525 ₽908,102,803 On demand Within 1 year ₽- ₽261,098,384	On demand Within 1 year Over 1 to 5 years ₽- ₽292,202,878 ₽400,437,288 - 615,899,925 - 195,941,525 - - - - 22,316,852 ₽195,941,525 ₽908,102,803 ₽422,754,140 2014 - 2014 On demand Within 1 year Over 1 to 5 years ₽- ₽261,098,384 ₽259,210,735 301,276,426 - -	On demand Within 1 year Over 1 to 5 years Over 5 years ₽- ₽292,202,878 ₽400,437,288 ₽756,829,363 - 615,899,925 - - 195,941,525 - - - - 22,316,852 - - - - 22,316,852 - - - 22,316,852 - - - 22,316,852 - - 2014 P756,829,363 2014 On demand Within 1 year Over 1 to 5 years Over 5 years ₽- ₽261,098,384 ₽259,210,735 ₽320,060,225 301,276,426 - - -

Table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities:

*excluding government payables

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term borrowings. The Group's policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures. Long-term borrowings are therefore usually at agreed interest rates.

In 2015 and 2014, the Group was able to negotiate the interest rate at an average of 6.25% and 7.25%, respectively which is below the agreed minimum annual fixed rate in the loan agreement. The following table set forth the impact of the range of reasonably possible changes in the interest rates on the Group's income before income tax and equity for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Reasonably possible	Effect on income	
	changes in interest rates	before tax	Effect on equity
2015	+8.75%	(₽14,909,529)	(₽10,436,670)
	-8.75%	14,909,529	10,436,670
2014	+8.75% -8.75%	(₽16,310,732) 16,310,732	(₽11,417,513) 11,417,513

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a customer/debtor will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group controls this risk through regular coordination with the customers. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Group also controls this risk by cutting its services and refusal to reconnect until the customer's account is cleared or paid.

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk of the Group as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, without considering the effects of credit risk mitigation techniques.

	2015	2014
Cash in banks and short-term time deposits	₽372,716,872	₽314,992,394
Receivables – gross of allowance*	156,902,388	182,432,978
Available-for-sale investments	2,955,745	3,005,410
Due from related parties	75,461,935	55,811,669
Other noncurrent assets:		
Special bank deposit	9,351,398	9,351,398
Reserve fund	6,494,193	6,472,097
Utilities and other deposits	6,844,606	6,776,605
	₽630,727,137	₽578,842,551

*excludes advances to contractors, advances to officers and employees, and advances to suppliers

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

Given the Group's diverse base of customers, it is not exposed to large concentration of credit risk.

Below is the credit quality of financial assets:

	2015					
	Neither past due	e nor impaired	Past due but not			
	High grade	Standard grade	impaired	Impaired	Total	
Cash in banks and on hand	₽373,045,395	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽373,045,395	
Receivables	152,990,706	-	1,556,794	2,354,888	156,902,388	
Available-for-sale investments	2,955,745	-	-	-	2,955,745	
Due from related parties	-	75,461,935	-	-	75,461,935	
Other noncurrent assets:						
Special bank deposit	9,351,398	-	-	-	9,351,398	
Reserve fund	6,494,193	-	-	-	6,494,193	
Utilities and other deposits	6,844,606	-	-		6,844,606	
Total	₽551,682,043	₽75,461,935	₽1,556,794	₽2,354,888	₽631,055,660	

	2014					
	Neither past due	e nor impaired	Past due but not			
	High grade	Standard grade	impaired	Impaired	Total	
Cash in banks and on hand	₽315,310,916	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽315,310,916	
Receivables	161,368,179	-	19,280,803	1,783,996	182,432,978	
Available-for-sale investments	3,005,410	-	-	-	3,005,410	
Due from related parties	-	55,811,669	-	-	55,811,669	
Other noncurrent assets:					-	
Special bank deposit	9,351,398	-	-	-	9,351,398	
Reserve fund	6,472,097	-	-	-	6,472,097	
Utilities and other deposits	6,776,605	-	-	-	6,776,605	
Total	₽502,284,605	₽55,811,669	₽19,280,803	₽1,783,996	₽579,161,073	

High grade cash in banks and short-term time deposits are placed, invested, or deposited in local banks belonging to the top ten (10) banks in the Philippines in terms of resources and profitability.

High grade accounts, other than cash in banks and short-term time deposits, are accounts considered to be of high value. The counterparties have a very remote likelihood of default and have consistently exhibited good paying habits. Standard grade accounts are accounts which have probability of impairment based on historical trend. Available-for-sale investments are assessed based on financial status of the counterparty and its current share price performance in the market. Substandard grade accounts are accounts which have probability of impairment based on historical trend.

Aging analysis of past due but not impaired receivables follows:

	2015	2014
Less than 30 days	₽-	₽3,237,664
30 to 60 days	-	1,343,675
61 to 90 days	-	208,596
More than 90 days	1,556,794	14,490,868
	₽1,556,794	₽19,280,803

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk occurs due to currency differences in the Group's cash and cash equivalents in United States Dollar.

The Group does not have any foreign currency hedging arrangements.

The Group closely monitors the movements of the exchange rate and makes a regular assessment of future foreign exchange movements. The Group then manages the balance of its foreign currency denominated monetary assets based on this assessment.

The following table demonstrates the impact on the income before tax and on equity, of reasonable possible change in the US Dollar to Peso exchange rate, as a result of changes in fair value of monetary assets, in 2015 and 2014:

	USD Appreciate		
	(Depreciate)	Effect on income before tax	Effect on equity
2015	+6.43%	₽28,187	₽8,456
	-6.43%	(28,187)	(8,456)
	USD Appreciate		
	(Depreciate)	Effect on income before tax	Effect on equity
2014	+1.21%	₽4,674	₽1,402
	-1.21%	(4,674)	(1,402)

26. Financial Instruments and Non-Financial Assets

Financial Instruments

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying values and estimated fair values of Group's financial instruments as of December 31, 2015 and 2014:

Note			Quoted prices in	Cignificant
Note				Significant
	Comming value	Fairwalue	active markets	observable inputs
Note	Carrying value	Fair value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)
6	₽373,045,395	₽373,045,395	₽-	₽373,045,395
7	156,902,388	156,902,388	-	156,902,388
8	2,955,745	2,955,745	2,955,745	-
17	75,461,935	75,461,935	-	75,461,935
14				
	9,351,398	9,351,398	-	9,351,398
	6,494,193	6,494,193	-	6,494,193
	6,844,606	6,844,606	-	6,844,606
	₽631,055,660	₽631,055,660	₽2,955,745	₽628,099,915
15	₽1,449,469,529	₽1,449,469,529	₽-	₽1,449,469,529
16	615,899,925	615,899,925	-	615,899,925
17	195,941,525	195,941,525	-	195,941,525
	22,316,852	22,316,852	_	22,316,852
	₽2,283,627,831	₽2,283,627,831	₽-	₽2,283,627,831
	6 7 8 17 14 15 15	6 ₽373,045,395 7 156,902,388 8 2,955,745 17 75,461,935 14 9,351,398 6,494,193 6,844,606 ₽631,055,660 15 15 ₽1,449,469,529 16 615,899,925 17 195,941,525 22,316,852	6 $₽373,045,395$ $₽373,045,395$ 7156,902,388156,902,38882,955,7452,955,7451775,461,93575,461,935149,351,3989,351,3986,494,1936,494,1936,844,6066,844,606 $₽631,055,660$ $₽631,055,660$ 15 $₽1,449,469,529$ $₽1,449,469,529$ 16615,899,925615,899,92517195,941,525195,941,52522,316,85222,316,852	6 $\mathbb{P}373,045,395$ $\mathbb{P}373,045,395$ $\mathbb{P}-$ 7 156,902,388 156,902,388 - 8 2,955,745 2,955,745 2,955,745 17 75,461,935 75,461,935 - 14 - - - 9,351,398 9,351,398 - - 6,494,193 6,494,193 - - 6,844,606 6,844,606 - - $6,844,606$ $\mathbb{P}631,055,660$ $\mathbb{P}2,955,745$ - 15 $\mathbb{P}1,449,469,529$ $\mathbb{P}1,449,469,529$ $\mathbb{P}-$ 16 615,899,925 615,899,925 - 17 195,941,525 195,941,525 - 22,316,852 22,316,852 - -

		2014			
				Quoted prices in	Significant
	•••			active markets	observable inputs
	Note	Carrying value	Fair value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	₽315,310,916	₽315,310,916	₽-	₽315,310,916
Receivables*	7	182,432,978	182,432,978	-	182,432,978
Available-for-sale investments	8	3,005,410	3,005,410	3,005,410	-
Due from related parties	17	55,811,669	55,811,669	-	55,811,669
Other noncurrent assets:	14				
Special bank deposit		9,351,398	9,351,398	-	9,351,398
Reserve fund		6,472,097	6,472,097	-	6,472,097
Utilities and other deposits		6,776,605	6,776,605	-	6,776,605
		579,161,073	579,161,073	₽3,005,410	₽576,155,663
Financial liabilities:					
Loans payable	15	₽840,369,344	₽840,369,344	₽_	₽840,369,344
Accounts payable and					
other current liabilities**	16	301,276,426	301,276,426	-	301,276,426
Due to related parties	17	62,726,812	62,726,812	-	62,726,812
Customers' deposits		24,726,795	24,726,795	_	24,726,795
		₽1,229,099,377	₽1,229,099,377	₽_	₽1,229,099,377

*Excludes advances to contractors, advances to officers and employees, and advances to suppliers

**Exclusive of government payables

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The carrying value of cash in banks and short-term deposits, receivables, due from and to related parties and accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of the transactions and are considered due and demandable.

Other noncurrent assets approximate their fair values as this is subject to insignificant risk of change in value. Special bank deposit approximates its fair value as this is subject to insignificant risk of change in value. This account was only classified under noncurrent due to restriction attached to it by a third party. Reserve fund is classified under noncurrent due to the restriction attached to it by a third party. The fair value of utilities and other deposits could not be readily determined and reasonably measured as the actual timing of receipt which is linked to the cessation of the service cannot be reasonably predicted. Accordingly, refundable deposits are carried at costs less any impairment.

The carrying value of loans payable approximates its fair value because interest rate on the debt closely coincides with the market rate at financial reporting period.

The fair value of customer's deposits could not be practically determined since they are attached to the underlying service and that the cessation of services and the possibility of refund are not determinable. Moreover, the individual balances of this account are insignificant.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Group has available-for-sale investments valued under Level 1 amounting to P3.0 million, pertaining to managed fund in an insurance company which is invested in fixed income securities and money market instruments and shares listed in the PSE. The fair value of available-for-sale investments was determined using Level 1 in 2015, 2014 and 2013. Price of the investment is posted on a daily basis in the insurance company's website.

Non-Financial Assets

The fair value of the Group's land and building and building improvements classified under Investment Property (see Note 12) are determined on the basis of the appraisals performed by Royal Asia Appraisal Corporation, an independent appraiser with appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. To some extent, the valuation process was conducted by the appraiser in discussion with the Group's management with respect to the determination of the inputs such as the size, age, and condition of the land and buildings, and the comparable prices in the corresponding property location. In estimating the fair value of these properties, management takes into account the market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the assets in their highest and best use. Based on management assessment, the best use of the Group's non-financial assets indicated above is their current use.

The fair value of these non-financial assets was determined based on the following approaches:

Fair Value Measurement for Land

The Level 2 fair value of land was derived using the sales comparison approach. This comparative approach considers the sales of similar or substitute properties and related market data, and establishes a value estimate by processes involving comparison. In general, a property being valued (subject property) is compared with sales of similar properties that have been transacted in the market. Listings and offerings may also be considered.

Fair Value Measurement for Building and Improvements

The Level 3 fair value of the buildings and improvements under Investment Property account was determined using the cost approach that reflects the cost to a market participant to construct an asset of comparable usage, construction standards, design and layout, adjusted for obsolescence. The more significant inputs used in the valuation include direct and indirect costs of construction such as but not limited to, labor and contractor's profit, materials and equipment, surveying and permit costs, electricity and utility costs, architectural and engineering fees, insurance and legal fees.

These inputs were derived from various suppliers and contractor's quotes, price catalogues, and construction price indices. Under this approach, higher estimated costs used in the valuation will result in higher fair value of the properties.

27. Capital Management

The Group's objective in managing capital is to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance and to sustain future development of the business.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Group considers the following accounts as its capital:

	2015	2014
Capital stock	₽281,500,000	₽281,500,000
Additional paid-in capital	812,108	812,108
Retained earnings	698,378,813	459,172,754
	₽980,690,921	₽741,484,862

The Group manages capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio which is calculated as total debt divided by total equity. Total debt is equivalent to all components of liability excluding deferred tax liabilities and retirement benefit obligation.

The debt-to-equity ratios as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 follow:

	2015	2014
Total debt (excluding retirement benefit obligation and		
deferred tax liabilities)	₽2,408,087,928	₽1,353,561,237
Total equity	1,587,875,494	1,220,470,455
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.52:1.00	1.11:1.00

28. Supplemental Disclosure on Non-cash Investing Activity

Non-cash financing activity pertains to additions to property and equipment amounting to ₽22,207,974 in 2015 which are still unpaid as of December 31, 2015 and ₽65,044,000 in 2014 which were paid in 2015.

29. Contingencies

The Group is a party to certain lawsuits or claims arising from the ordinary course of business. The Group's management and legal counsel believes that the eventual liabilities under these lawsuit or claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the financial statements, and thus, no provision has been made for these contingent liabilities.

There are a pending cases. Details are as follows:

a. The Parent Company and the Jollibee Foods Corporation.

Jolliville Holdings Corporation versus Jollibee Foods Corporation; IPC No. 14-2013-00076, Office of the Director General, Intellectual Property Office, Makati City.

On March 10, 2014, the Company filed its Position Paper with Bureau of Legal Affairs ("BLA"). Jollibee did not file any Position Paper. On September 23, 2014 the Company received a copy of the BLA of the Philippine Intellectual Property Office ("IPO") Decision No. 2014-226 dated 16 September 2014 ("Decision") sustaining the opposition of Jollibee Foods Corporation and denying the registration of the Jolliville Holdings Corporation's name and logo application with the IPO Office. The decision was made in connection to a case filed by Jollibee Foods Corporation vs. Jolliville Holdings Corporation ("the Company") against the mark "JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION & LOGO".

The Company maintains its position that it has the lawful right to use its name and logo and has filed an appeal with the IPO Office.

Jolliville Holdings Corporation versus Jollibee Foods Corporation, Appeal No. 14-2014-0035, Office of the Director General ("ODG"), Intellectual Property Office, Makati City.

On October 23, 2014 the Company appealed the decision in IPC No. 14-2013-00076, by filling its Appeal Memorandum with the IPO's ODG. To facilitate efforts to secure an amicable settlement of the case, successive, mediation conferences were scheduled on February 20, 2015, March 19, 2015, April 20, 2015, and May 20, 2015. Mediation proceedings were terminated during the fifth mediation conference on May 20, 2015 with the agreement of both parties after all efforts to secure an amicable settlement of the case proved unsuccessful.

b. The following are legal cases where CWC is involved in:

Water use conflict filed with NWRB in February 2013 by the Barangay Chairmen of several barangays of Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro wherein the barangay chairmen filed with the NWRB their opposition to the CWC's water permit application. NWRB dismissed the opposition case in favor of the CWC in November 2013 due to lack of merit. Series of motions were filed by the City Government of Calapan to reconsider the case which were eventually denied by NWRB. In May 2014, CWC filed a Motion to Dismiss with Motion for Execution. As of date CWC is still waiting for resolution to the motions filed.

Water use conflict filed with the NWRB in February 2015 by CWC opposing the water permit application of DMCI Power Corporation (DMCI). CWC and DMCI, during their preliminary conference, discussed the possibility of an amicable settlement of the case which eventually was terminated subsequently since both parties were not able to reach a compromise. After series of filings of memorandum and presentation of several documents, NWRB ordered the ocular inspection of the DMCI site on February 3, 2016. Furthermore, NWRB ordered the parties to submit their position papers thirty days from the ocular inspection date.

Water use conflict filed with the NWRB in February 2015 by CWC opposing the water permit application of CLC Ice Plant, Inc. (CLC) and BSK Trucking/Edgardo Cacha (BSK) within the area of coverage of the CWC's water permit franchise. NWRB dismissed the case in favor of CLC and BSK since the opposition was filed out of time. Motions were filed by CWC to reconsider the case wherein NWRB eventually ordered CLC and BSK to respond. Preliminary conferences were called by NWRB on November 2015 and on January 2016 for the parties to arrive to a settlement agreement. No settlement was reached by the parties, thus, an ocular inspection was conducted by NWRB with the representatives of CLC, BSK and CWC on February 2016. Position papers will be filed by the parties on April 2016.

Constantino Guadalquiver & Co. Certified Public Accountants

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SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Stockholders and Board of Directors Jolliville Holdings Corporation 4th Floor, 20 Lansbergh Place 170 Tomas Morato comer Scout Castor Street Quezon City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing the consolidated financial statements of Jolliville Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2016. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration is presented for purpose of complying with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 11, Series of 2008 and is not part of the basic financial statements. This schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states in all material respect the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CONSTANTINO GUADALQUIVER & CO. BOA Registration No. 0213, valid until December 31, 2016 SEC Accreditation No. (A.N.) (Firm) 003-FR-3 (Group A), valid until November 10, 2017 BIR A.N. 08-001507-0-2014, valid until January 5, 2018

By:

Fame

Edwin F. Ramos Partner CPA Certificate No. 0091293 SEC A.N. 0432-AR-2, valid until April 30, 2016 (Group A) TIN 134-885-074-000 BIR A. N. 08-001507-8-2014, valid until January 5, 2018 PTR No. 5359247, issued on January 27, 2016, Makati City

Makati City, Philippines February 24, 2016

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015		
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted to available for dividend distribution, beginning	P	154,927,898
Net income during the period closed to Retained Earnings		45,365,152
Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax		
Fair value adjustment of Investment Property resulting to gain		(6,001,421)
Net income actually earned during the period		39,363,731
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS, END	D	104 201 (20
AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND	P	194,291,629

Constantino Guadalquiver & Co. Certified Public Accountants

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INTERNATIONAL

SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Stockholders and Board of Directors Jolliville Holdings Corporation 4th Floor, 20 Lansbergh Place 170 Tomas Morato corner Scout Castor Street Quezon City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing the consolidated financial statements of Jolliville Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2016. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Summary of effective standards and interpretations under Philippine Financial Reporting Standards are the responsibility of the Company's management. This summary is presented for the purpose of complying with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, As Amended (2011) and is not part of the basic financial statements. This summary has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CONSTANTINO GUADALQUIVER & CO. BOA Registration No. 0213, valid until December 31, 2016 SEC Accreditation No. (A.N.) (Firm) 003-FR-3 (Group A), valid until November 10, 2017 BIR A.N. 08-001507-0-2014, valid until January 5, 2018

By:

- Pame

Edwin F. Ramos Partner CPA Certificate No. 0091293 SEC A.N. 0432-AR-2, valid until April 30, 2016 (Group A) TIN 134-885-074-000 BIR A. N. 08-001507-8-2014, valid until January 5, 2018 PTR No. 5359247, issued on January 27, 2016, Makati City

Makati City, Philippines February 24, 2016

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SUMMARY OF EFFECTIVE STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS UNDER PHILIPPINE FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

PHILIPPINE FI	NANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
Framework f	or the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements			
Conceptual characteristi	Framework Phase A: Objectives and qualitative cs			
PFRSs Practic	e Statement Management Commentary			
Philippine Fir	nancial Reporting Standards			
PFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards			\checkmark
	Amendments to PFRS 1 and PAS 27: Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate			\checkmark
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Additional Exemptions for First- time Adopters			\checkmark
	Amendment to PFRS 1: Limited Exemption from Comparative PFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters			\checkmark
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Date for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Government Loans			\checkmark
	Annual Improvements (2009-2011 Cycle): Repeated Application of PFRS 1			\checkmark
	Annual Improvements (2009-2011 Cycle): First-time Adoption of PFRS – Borrowing Cost			\checkmark
	Annual Improvements (2011-2013 Cycle): First-time Adoption of PFRS – Meaning of Effective PFRS	 ✓ 		
PFRS 2	Share-based Payment			√ **
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations			√ **
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Group Cash-settled Share- based Payment Transactions			√ **
	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Definition of Vesting Condition		\checkmark	

*These are effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

**Adopted but no significant impact.

PHILIPPINE FI	NANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 3	Business Combinations			√ **
(Revised)	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination*		\checkmark	
	Annual Improvements (2011-2013 Cycle): Scope Exceptions for joining Arrangements		\checkmark	
PFRS 4	Insurance Contracts			\checkmark
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts			\checkmark
PFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations			√ **
	Annual Improvements (2012-2014 Cycle): Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Changes in Methods of Disposal *		\checkmark	
PFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources			\checkmark
PFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition			√ **
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets			√ **
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities			√ **
	Annual Improvements (2012-2014 Cycle): Financial Instruments: Disclosure – Servicing Contracts*		\checkmark	
	Annual Improvements (2012-2014 Cycle): Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements*		\checkmark	
PFRS 8	Operating Segments	\checkmark		
	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Aggregation of Operating Segments and Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets			√ **
PFRS 9	Financial Instruments*		\checkmark	
	Amendments to PFRS 9: Mandatory Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures		\checkmark	
	Amendments to PFRS 9: Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement*			√ **

PHILIPPINE FI	NANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	\checkmark		
	Amendments for Investment Entities			√ **
	Amendments to PFRS 10, PFRS 12 and PAS 28: Investment Entities - Applying the Consolidation Exception*		\checkmark	
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements and PAS 28: Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate and Joint Venture*		~	
PFRS 11	Joint Arrangements			√ **
	Amendments to PFRS 11, Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations*		\checkmark	
PFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities			√ **
	Amendments for Investment Entities*			√ **
PFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	\checkmark		
	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Short-term Receivables and Payables	\checkmark		
	Annual Improvements (2011-2013 Cycle): Portfolio Exception			√ **
PFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts*		\checkmark	
Philippine Ac	counting Standards			
PAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements	\checkmark		
(Revised)	Amendment to PAS 1: Capital Disclosures	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 32 and PAS 1: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 1: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)	\checkmark		
	Annual Improvements (2009-2011 Cycle): Clarification of the Requirements for Comparative Information	\checkmark		
	Amendment to PAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure Initiative*		\checkmark	
PAS 2	Inventories			√ * *
PAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	\checkmark		
PAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	\checkmark		
PAS 10	Events after the Reporting Period	\checkmark		
PAS 11	Construction Contracts	\checkmark		

PHILIPPINE FIN	IANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 12	Income Taxes	\checkmark		
	Amendment to PAS 12 - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets			√ **
PAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	\checkmark		
	Annual Improvements (2009-2011 Cycle): Classification of Servicing Equipment			\checkmark
	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Revaluation Method – Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation			√ **
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment and PAS 38: Intangible Assets – Classification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization*		\checkmark	
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment and PAS 41: Agriculture – Bearer Plants*		\checkmark	
PAS 17	Leases	\checkmark		
PAS 18	Revenue	\checkmark		
PAS 19	Employee Benefits	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 19: Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures	\checkmark		
PAS 19	Employee Benefits	\checkmark		
(Amended)	Amendments to PAS 19 – Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions		\checkmark	
	Annual Improvements (2012-2014 Cycle): Employee Benefits – Regional Market Issue Regarding Discount Rate*		\checkmark	
PAS 20	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance			√ **
PAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates			√ **
	Amendment: Net Investment in a Foreign Operation			√ **
PAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs			√ **
PAS 24	Related Party Disclosures	\checkmark		
(Revised)	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Key Management Personnel*	\checkmark		
PAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	\checkmark		
PAS 27	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	\checkmark		

^{*}These are effective subsequent to December 31, 2015. **Adopted but no significant impact.

PHILIPPINE FIN	ANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 27	Separate Financial Statements	\checkmark		
(Amended)	Amendments in Investment Entities	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 27: Separate Financial Statements – Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements*		\checkmark	
PAS 28	Investments in Associates			√ **
PAS 28 (Amended)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures			√ **
PAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			\checkmark
PAS 31	Interests in Joint Ventures			\checkmark
PAS 32	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 32 and PAS 1: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation			√ **
	Amendment to PAS 32: Classification of Rights Issues			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities			√ **
	Annual Improvements (2009-2011 Cycle): Presentation – Tax effect of Distribution to Holders of Equity Instruments			\checkmark
PAS 33	Earnings per Share	\checkmark		
PAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting			√ **
	Annual Improvements (2009-2011 Cycle): Interim Financial Reporting and Segment Information for Total Assets and Liabilities			√ **
	Annual Improvements (2012-2014 Cycle): Interim Financial Reporting – Disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the Interim Financial Report'*		\checkmark	
PAS 36	Impairment of Assets	\checkmark		
	Amendments arising from Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Asset*			√ **
PAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	\checkmark		
PAS 38	Intangible Assets			\checkmark
	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 Cycle): Revaluation Method – Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization			~
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment and PAS 38: Intangible Assets- Classification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization*		~	

PHILIPPINE F	INANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 39: Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup Transactions			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 39: The Fair Value Option			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets			√ **
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets – Effective Date and Transition			√ **
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-9 and PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives			√ **
	Amendment to PAS 39: Eligible Hedged Items			√ **
	Amendment to PAS 39: Novations of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting		\checkmark	
PAS 40	Investment Property	\checkmark		
	Amendments to PAS 40: Investment Property*		\checkmark	
PAS 41	Agriculture			\checkmark
Philippine In	terpretations			
IFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities			\checkmark
IFRIC 2	Members' Share in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments			\checkmark
IFRIC 4	Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease	\checkmark		
IFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds			\checkmark
IFRIC 6	Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment			\checkmark
IFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under PAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			\checkmark
IFRIC 8	Scope of PFRS 2			√ **
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives			√ **
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-9 and PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives			√ **
IFRIC 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment			√ **

PHILIPPINE F	INANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
IFRIC 11	PFRS 2- Group and Treasury Share Transactions			√ **
IFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangements			√ **
IFRIC 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes			√ **
IFRIC 14	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction			√ **
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations IFRIC- 14, Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement			√ **
FRIC 15	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations IFRIC- 15, Agreements for Construction of Real Estate*		\checkmark	
IFRIC 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation			√ **
IFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners			√ **
IFRIC 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers			√ **
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments			√ **
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine			\checkmark
IFRIC 21	Levies		\checkmark	
SIC-7	Introduction of the Euro			\checkmark
SIC-10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities			\checkmark
SIC-12	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities			\checkmark
	Amendment to SIC - 12: Scope of SIC 12			\checkmark
SIC-13	Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers			√ **
SIC-15	Operating Leases - Incentives			√ **
SIC-25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders			√ **
SIC-27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease			√ **
SIC-29	Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures			√ **
SIC-31	Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services			√ **
SIC-32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs			√ **

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BAKER TILLY INTERNATIONAL

> INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and Board of Directors Jolliville Holdings Corporation 20 Lansbergh Place 170 Tomas Morato corner Scout Castor Street Quezon City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Jolliville Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2016. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Financial Soundness Indicators is the responsibility of the Company's management. This schedule is presented for purpose of complying with the Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 As Amended (2011), and is not part of the basic financial statements. This schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states in all material respect the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CONSTANTINO GUADALQUIVER & CO. BOA Registration No. 0213, valid until December 31, 2016 SEC Accreditation No. (A.N.) 0003-FR-3, valid until November 10, 2017 (Group A) BIR A.N. 08-001507-0-2014, valid until January 5, 2018

By:

Fama

Edwin F. Ramos Partner CPA Certificate No. 0091293 SEC A.N. 0432-AR-2, valid until April 30, 2016 (Group A) TIN 134-885-074-000 BIR A.N. 08-001507-8-2014, valid until January 5, 2018 PTR No 5359247, issued on January 27, 2016, Makati City

Makati City, Philippines February 24, 2015

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

		DECEMBER 2015	2014
Liquidity Analysis Ratio			
Current Ratio or Working Capital Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	0.64	1.06
Quick Ratio	(Current Assets - Inventory - Prepayments) / Current Liabilities	0.63	1.03
Solvency Ratio	Total Assets / Total Liabilities	1.64	1.87
Financial Leverage Ratios			
Debt Ratio	Total Debt / Total Assets	0.61	0.54
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Total Stockholders' Equity	1.52	1.11
Interest Coverage	Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) / Interest Charges	12.96	7.24
Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets / Total Stockholders' Equity	2.56	2.15
Profitability Ratio			
Gross Profit Margin	Sales - Cost of Goods Sold or Cost of Service / Sales	0.41	0.36
Net Profit Margin	Net Profit / Sales	0.22	0.22
Return on Assets	Net Income / Total Assets	0.07	0.05
Return on Equity	Net Income / Total Stockholders' Equity	0.17	0.11
Price/Earnings Ratio	Price Per Share / Earnings Per Common Share	4.35	10.83

JOLLIVILLE HOLDINGS CORPORATION

Group Corporate Structure

As of December 31, 2015

